PERIODICAL DIV.
OCT 7 1943
RECEIVED

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXV. No. 23932. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1941 Registered at the C.P.O. Postage: China and Japan 1 cent. abroad 30 cents. THIRTY CENTS

Two and a Half Million Men Reported Battling on Outskirts of Leningrad

London, Sept. 18.

WHILE the desperate battle for Leningrad continues with scarcley any change in positions, the Russians claim that the Germans have been driven back nine miles in another sector.

Axis reports state that two and a half million men are locked in the huge battle outside Leningrad and that the Russian troops are meeting the German thrusts with giant tanks and guns ranged along the defence line.

A German communique states that in Ukraine offensive operations east of the Dnieper River are progressing "irresistibly." In fighting around the fortifications of Leningrad great successes are being achieved, according to the announcement which adds that sections of one infantry division alone stormed 119 pillboxes.

There is again a total absence of specific claims regarding fighting in the hard-pressed Leningrad sector.

Crimea May Be Cut Off

In the meantime, attention is being concentrated on the south. Although there is no official news from Russia about the situation in the extreme south it appears from unofficial reports that the Crimea may have been cut off from communication with the mainland.

If this is true and if the Germans intend to attack the Crimea it will be difficult for Russia to send reinforcements into the peninsula. It would also mean that if the Russians desired to send supplies and munitions they would have to be sent by water via Rostov, in which case they would be more vulnerable to attack than if sent by rail.

The Berlin communique also reports air successes against Soviet transports and warships in Crimean waters, off the island Oesel in the Baltic, on Lake Ladoga, in Volchov Estuary and in the White Sea. Three transports totalling 3,000 tons were sunk, a destroyer, two submarines and four E-boats were sunk and 16 other ships severely damaged, according to the claim.

Russian Civilian Army

While the Germans both in the northern and southern zones of the vast battle line are making attempts to break through the defences before winter sets in, the Russians have announced plans for raising a huge civilian army. On or after October 1 every man in Russia between the ages of 16 and 50 must take a course of military training.

It will include instruction in the handling of machine-guns, rifles, mine-layers and hand grenades and construction of defences. Training is to take place outside working hours so that it will not hamper production.

The "Moscow Pravda," commenting on this new plan to mobilize military manpower, declared that the war looks as though it will be protracted. "Lenin said that the side which has the most reserves, the most resources of strength and the most staying power wins wars," the daily observed. "Every man realizes that we have more reserves and more staying power than Germany."

The Soviet mid-day communique broadcast by the Moscow radio states that fighting continued on the whole front last night. Russian planes attacked German troops and aerodromes.—Reuter.

U.S. Makes Loan Of $100,000,000 To Russia

Washington, Sept. 18.

The United States is providing $100,000,000 for Russia to purchase war materials in the United States.

At a press conference yesterday Mr. Jesse Jones, Federal Loan Administrator, said that, at the written request of President Roosevelt, the Defence Supplies Corporation had signed a $100,000,000 contract with the Amtorg Trading Corporation, which is the Russian purchasing agency in the United States, under which Russia could purchase defence supplies in America.

Technically a Contract

Mr. Jones explained that, technically speaking, the transaction was not a loan but a contract for America to purchase minerals from Russia, and Russia could get the money before delivering the goods.

He said that $10.000.000 had already been paid to the Soviet Government, and more in cash would be extended as soon as Russia requested it. The principal materials which Russia had contracted to supply in payment were manganese, chromite, asbestos and platinum.

Russians Need Dollar Exchange

Mr. Jesse Jones made public the following letter from President Roosevelt:

"The Russian Government needs dollar exchange with which to buy war supplies in the U.S.A.; we need many critical and strategic materials produced by Russia, some of which we normally import from that country.

"To assist the Russian Government in paying for war supplies which it wants to buy in the United States and which it can get in limited quantities, and to expedite our own national defence programme, I would like you to arrange through the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, or one of its subsidiaries, for the purchase from the Amtorg Trading Corporation, owned by Russian interests, of manganese, chromite, asbestos, platinum and other articles and materials which we usually import from Russia, up to the value of $100,000 000, for delivery as rapidly as possible with proper allowance for dislocation of transportation and of their productive facilities, and that advances of up to $50,000.000 be made against the purchase price of these critical and strategic materials to be used by the Russians in paying for purchases in this country."

$50,000,000 In Advance

Mr. Jesse Jones informed correspondents that the Defence Supplies Corporation, a Reconstruction Finance Corporation subsidiary, had contracted yesterday with the Amtorg Trading Corporation for the purchase of approximately $100,000,000 worth of Russian manganese, chromite, asbestos and platinum. He also announced that the Defence Supplies Corporation will pay the Russian Agency up to $50,000.000 in advance of the delivery of the raw materials, the proceeds of such advances to be used to pay for supplies for Russia in the United States. He said that $100 000.000 was advanced yesterday under the contract and that the balance will be paid out as needed by the Russians.—Reuter.

British Planes in Action in Russia

London, Sept. 18.

The wing of the Royal Air Force now in Russia, under the strategic command of Russian headquarters, has already been in contact with the Germans, it is learned here.

Of the hundreds of British machines sent, a large number have already arrived.—Reuter.

Japan Protests To Soviet on Floating Mines

Tokyo, Sept. 18.

The Japanese Government presented a strong protest to the Soviet Government regarding floating Soviet mines in the Japan Sea, which sank one Japanese vessel and damaged another, it was announced by the Foreign Office at 6 p.m. today.

The announcement said that more than 10 floating mines were picked up in Japanese territorial waters or the high seas since August 25.

On September 1 a 60-ton Japanese vessel was hit and sunk by one of these mines in the waters south of Ranan in northern Korea with five Korean fishermen lost.

On September 10 one of the floating mines was picked up by a Korean fishing boat, and exploded, killing four fishermen.

Navigation Prohibited

According to investigation carried out later by Japanese officials, it was found that all these mines were of Russian make, with the possibility that many others were still floating somewhere in the Japan Sea, the announcement said.

Japanese authorities in northern Korea prohibited navigation in northern Korea waters at night, and started clearing those waters of mines.

The announcement stated that it was believed that most of the floating mines had been swept away from Vladivostok harbour where the Soviet Government had planted mines in July, as the Russian radio station at that time broadcast an alarm to all vessels in the Japan Sea concerning the danger of floating mines.

Peaceful Quite Wanted

Fearing that unfortunate incidents might be created as a result of these floating mines, the Japanese Government time and again asked the Soviet Government to take necessary measures to meet this dangerous situation in the Japan sea, it was declared.

The Soviet Government however, neglected to take any action and as a result nine Korean fishermen have been killed and one Japanese vessel sunk, while another has been seriously damaged.

In view of this situation the Japanese Government, the announcement continued, presented a strong protest to Moscow requesting the Soviet Government to take every necessary action to prevent a repetition of similar incidents in the interest of maintaining peace and quiet in the Japan Sea, as well as to remove any danger to vessels belonging to third countries navigating there.—Domei.

Nazi Bulletins on Soviet War Held As Unreliable

London, Sept. 18.

The German communique yesterday made a revealing statement although it did not constitute a claim. It said that in the east offensive actions were developing into one operation on a very big scale. This bears out the Russian communique which again spoke of stubborn fighting along the whole front. Both the Russians and Germans are therefore in agreement that a fierce German offensive is matched by stubborn Russian resistance.

Thus, after 86 days of fighting, both sides are still straining for victory, and neither can claim any major or decisive result.

But this bald analysis of position does less than justice to the Soviet defence. In order to appreciate the measure of their success, it is only necessary to quote bulletins of the German High Command after the first fortnight and three weeks of the war.

The road was stated to be open to Moscow, Leningrad and Kiev, while the Russian forces were described as a disorganized rabble without leadership and co-ordination. These were reports of the High Command, not propaganda fairy tales issued by Goebbels's loudspeakers. They are the most damning evidence of the unreliability of German bulletins.

It is clear that desperate fighting is still proceeding. The German effort has undoubtedly been stupendous but it has been matched by Soviet resistance, and losses on both sides have been astronomical. But the Russian is fighting for his hearth and home. The German soldier, if he does think at all, must be asking himself why all this sacrifice. Certainly people in Germany are beginning to murmur and show their anxiety.

The most significant feature of yesterday's news was a claim made in unofficial Soviet quarters to have scored another big success in the Smolensk area at Yartsevo near Yelnya where they won a big battle last week. From the strategical viewpoint, fighting in this central zone is by far the most important.—Reuter.

Reports From Berlin Say Nazi Panzers in Leningrad Park

Berlin, Sept. 18.

GERMAN panzer divisions yesterday were reported to have blasted their way through Leningrad suburbs into a strongly defended park, from where the city's factory chimneys, cathedral and town houses plainly were seen.

The Russians were reported falling back pillbox by pillbox, although fighting bitterly.

(Reports from the front said that Axis forces also had reached the Perekop peninsula, menacing the Sebastonpol naval base.)

Meanwhile, reports from the front said the great pincers movement by which the Germans have been seeking to create a junction between the armies of General Karl Rudolf von Rundstedt, commander of Germany's forces in the south, and General von Bock and cut off a vast area east of Kiev now has been completed.

Non-official but reliable German quarters recalled that General von Bock's panzer brigades were driving south in two main spearheads through Gomel and Briansk, while Gen. von Rundstedt was striking northwest from Kremenchug.

250,000 Russians Said Trapped

If reports of closure of the new iron ring are true it would mean an estimated three of Marshal Semion Timoshenko's armies, totalling about 250,000 men, were trapped in an area almost the size of the state of New Jersey and that Kiev finally had been bottled up.

An authorized German military spokesman last night forecast spectacular new successes in the near future, by Gen. von Rundstedt's southern armies which are storming forward into the eastern Ukraine.

The spokesman added "that when the details of those operations are revealed they will show a tremendous German advance and simultaneously, binding up of a very substantial portion of Marshal Semion Budenny's armies."

Usually well-informed non-official German sources indicated that Gen. von Rundstedt's biggest drive presently is in the direction of Crimea.

Crimea Invasion Starting

According to apparently reliable reports last night, the Germans had succeeded in pushing the Russians back between Crimea and the Ukraine and were beginning an invasion of northern Crimea proper. It was not known whether the entire isthmus was held by the Germans.

According to usually reliable German sources Gen. von Rundstedt had succeeded in firmly securing and extending bridgeheads east of the Dnieper, in the neighbourhood of Dnieperopetrovsk and Zaporzs into a single large bridgehead.

These operations were carried out, according to German sources, in the face of repeated, furious Russian counter-attacks supported by large numbers of tanks which failed, however, to prevent consolidation of the bridgehead.

The Germans were reported beginning to advance from this area toward the great industrial Donetz basin.—United Press.

Leningrad Seems on Fire

Helsinki, Sept. 18.

The entire Leningrad area appeared under steady artillery fire and aerial bombing and apparently was set on fire, flames of which could be visible for more than 30 miles, Finnish sources said today.

Pillars of smoke were reported from Kronstadt, Red naval base, and the Finns claimed that the Kronstadt batteries had not fired in more than 48 hours.

Finnish guerillas claimed that recent movement movements of Russian ships in the sea channels connecting Kronstadt and Leningrad indicated that the Russians were preparing to evacuate the naval base.—United Press.

Malayan Defences Still Being Reinforced

Bangkok, Sept. 18.

Reliable information reaching here revealed that Britain still is continuing to reinforce her defences in Malaya. Reports said that more than 35,000 troops already have been stationed in northern Malaya including Penang, Alorstar and Kotabharu.

Meanwhile, the Thai government's harbour department yesterday disclosed that the west coast of Malaya had been heavily mined by the British, and therefore it had been dangerous to shipping since September 14.—Domei.

Panzers Meet Their Doom in Russia

The Russian caption says that these German tanks were destroyed by direct artillery fire when they attempted to break through the Soviet lines on the road to "S". The picture was radioed from Moscow to New York and reached Shanghai from that city by mail.

Eight Killed, 35 Injured In Nanking Bomb Outrage

Nanking, Sept. 18.

A TIME-BOMB blast interrupted the last day of Nanking's air raid drills yesterday afternoon, killing eight and injuring 35. It was believed that Chungking agents were responsible for planting the infernal machine.

Members of the Air Defence Corps, and other rescue squads turned out to the scene of the explosion, rushing the injured to hospitals.

The Japanese gendarmerie, the Metropolitan Police Force, and the headquarters of the Air Defence organization, launched a wide scale search for the terrorists, arresting a number of suspects.—Domei.

Canton Bombings

Canton, Sept. 18.

Terrorism broke out here yesterday afternoon, which resulted in the imposition of the strictest martial law throughout the city until 10.30 this morning, when it was lifted.

Reports indicate that there were altogether eight incidents, including the bombing of a cinema, which is alleged to have caused the death of 20 people, and another near the Japanese naval headquarters, which however caused no casualties.

The first four bombings are said to have occurred at two-minute in-

S. African Forces Shine in First Clash With Enemy

Cairo, Sept. 18.

South African armoured fighting vehicles as well as British are following two German columns which have been forced to retreat after a reconnoitring expedition some 30 miles over the Egyptian frontier.

As stated in an official communique on Wednesday, the Germans are now right back to their original positions, and British and South African patrols are still in contact with them.

This is the first occasion since the South African army arived in Egypt that South African troops have been officially mentioned as being in contact with Axis forces. They fought in their own armoured vehicles built in South Africa.—Reuter.

Offensive in Gondar Area

Cairo, Sept. 18.

The General headquarters communique yesterday said that the British have resumed offensive activities against Italian remnants in the Gondar area.

In Libya, said the communique, continued shelling by Axis guns was reported in the eastern section of the Tolbruk area after a British raid but the shelling dereased in the south and west sectors.

British and South African mechanized forces were continuing patrol activities in the frontier area, said the communique.—United Press.

R.A.F. Again Attack Libya

Cairo, Sept. 18.

"On the night of September 14/15 and again on the following night, heavy bombers of the Royal Air Force raided Benghazi. On both occasions, fires were started. Bardia was also subjected to night attacks and damage was caused to the harbour," says a communique issued last night.

"Ships lying alongside the Spanish Quay at Tripoli were bombed and several explosions occurred.

"Numerous reconnaissance flights and fighter patrols were carried out over enemy territory, and from these operation all our aircraft returned safely."—Reuter.

Nazis Reported in Marseilles

On the German Frontier, Sept. 18.

Political observers link recent movements of troops from southern Germany to France and the presence of German troops at Bordeaux, in occupied France, and in Marseilles, which is in unoccupied France, with German autumn plans for action in Africa.—Reuter.

Grady Reveals U.S. Aid To Britain

Calcutta, Sept. 18.

"At least 50, possibly 60 per cent. of America's war production is being sent to Great Britain and will help a great deal to win the Battle of the Atlantic," observed Mr. Grady, President Roosevelt's special economic investigator in the Far East, on arrival here today.—Reuter.

Fred Karno Dead

London, Sept. 18.

The famous comedian Fred Karno has died at the age of 75. It was under his auspices that Charlie Chaplin made his first bow in New York in 1910.—Reuter.

Japanese Representa[tions to] S.M.C. Over Anti-Japanese Attacks

The Japanese Consulate-General here on Wednesday made representations to the Shanghai Municipal Council, calling the latter body's attention to the recurrence of terroristic activities recently, according to the "Tairiku Shimpo" last night.

Although concrete details regarding the representations were not yet available, the Japanese language daily claimed the following were drawn to the attention of S.M.C. authorities.

1.—Increasing numbers of Japanese have fallen victims to armed attacks by terrorists, believed to be Chungking paid, who aimed at indiscriminate assassination of Japanese military officers and men, policemen, as well as civilians.

2.—The Shanghai Municipal Police should pay due consideration to measures for countering these terrorist operations.

3.—Revision of the machinery of the Municipal Police on the basis of Japanese considerations, and the consolidation of the position and authority of the Special Deputy Commissioner.

Little Air Activity Over Britain

London, Sept. 18.

A small number of casualties and some damage was caused last night when a few enemy aircraft came inland over Britain, dropping bombs at two places on the south-east coast, states a joint Air Ministry and Ministry of Home security communique.—Reuter.

British, Soviet Troops Enter Capital of Iran

Teheran, Sept. 18.

British and Soviet troops have entered Teheran. According to the British Broadcasting Corporation last night the entry was watched by the B.B.C. representative in Iran, who later broadcast a report for listeners in England.

Moscow has officially announced the entry of Russian troops in Teheran and, according to an Associated Press despatch from the Iranian capital, some of them were dropped by parachute.

Crown Prince Mohammed Reza [Pahl]evi, yesterday took the oath of [loyal]ty to the Iranian constitution in presence of Parliament.

[Th]e Crown Prince thus succeeded [th]e throne which his father, Shah [Riza]ed Reza Pahlevi abdicated.

[Als]o, in a brief, inaugural speech [the C]rown Prince promised to observe [the c]onstitution and to right wrongs [of th]e aggrieved.

[Th]e speech was interpreted by ob[serv]ers to imply restitution of pro[pert]y to those from which it was [appr]opriated by forced sale on orders [of th]e ex-Shah.—United Press.

Approach of Allied Forces

Teheran, Sept. 18.

[Th]e Iranian Prime Minister, Ali [Fur]ughi, announced in Parliament [yest]erday that Allied troops were [adva]ncing toward Teheran although [the] Government had asked them not [to a]pproach the city.

"[W]e hope this will be effective," he [said,] "but even if they do come, mem[bers] should be easy in their minds, [as] they have no hostile intentions. [They] have assured us of this, and we [are] certain that we can rely on that [prom]ise."

[Th]e Prime Minister said he had [been] authorized by the new Shah to [say] that he would rule as a com[plete]ly constitutional monarch. "He [will] observe the law of the constitu[tion] and the rights of the people of [Iran]. He will obey all acts already [pass]ed or in future to be passed by [Par]liament and will do his best to [me]nd the wrongs done to the people, [individual]ly or collectively."

[H]e will try to insure that all hopes [and] wishes of the people will be [rea]lized," the Prime Minister told the [me]mbers.—Reuter.

Bulgarian Legation Leaves

Sofia, Sept. 18.

[T]he Bulgarian Legation was forced [to] leave Teheran because of Anglo-[Ru]ssian pressure, it was announced [offic]ially here yesterday. — United [Pres]s.

British Strength Admitted

London, Sept. 18.

[Th]e German press admits that it [wou]ld be foolish to underestimate the [Brit]ish success in Iran. Great Bri[tain] now controls very important oil [dist]ricts and it must be confessed [that] the whole strategic position of [Engl]and in the Near East is now [muc]h stronger, a German newspaper [sa]id states.—Reuter.

[Hi]llman Says "Now Is [Th]e Time to Win War [While] We Stand Alone"

Indianapolis, Sept. 18.

[M]r. Sidney Hillman, associate gen[eral] director of the Office of Pro[duc]tion Management, addressing the [Uni]ted Rubber Corporation workers [yes]terday, said that "now is the time [to] win the war."

[H]e urged them to "stem this on[sla]ught of merchanized murder and [mec]hanized might."

He also stressed that all aid should be given to Britain and its allies otherwise "we shall stand alone—a small island in a black sea of Hitlerism confronted with the alternative of collaboration with Nazidom.... or to wage a last ditch fight for the survival of the soil of the Americas."—United Press.

N.Z. Air Ace Missing

London, Sept. 18.

New Zealand's first recipient to the Victoria Cross in this war, Sergeant Pilot James A. Ward, is reported missing.—Reuter.

America Convoying Vessels Carrying Lend-Lease Supplies

Washington, Sept. 18.

COLONEL Frank Knox, Secretary of the Navy, yesterday told correspondents that the United States is convoying vessels of all flags carrying lend-lease supplies.

Asked whether the Navy was convoying shipments of war materials destined for Britain to Iceland, Col. Knox replied "the escort of convoys by war vessels is only one of the methods that can be used and are being used in all our defence areas."

Col. Knox also said the Navy thinks that a German raider is operating in the south Pacific along the approaches to the Panama Canal. The raider presumably was using the Galapagos islands as a base.

"We think there is a raider," Col. Knox replied in answer to queries. "One ship disappeared but that's all the news we have."

He said that months ago the Navy searched various Pacific islands for possible raider bases. The Navy, he said, still is conducting searches of islands off South America for possible raider bases.

Many Protective Measures

Regarding convoys, Col. Knox told questioners, "You must recall that since the first World War many more methods than convoys have been developed to protect ships, and we are employing all of them."

Col. Knox declined to reveal whether the Navy was providing protection for merchant ships outside the North Atlantic. He, however, admitted officials were studying the possibility of arming merchantmen but explained that legislation was required to allow such action and that he, personally, was undecided.

Col. Knox admitted that a shortage of guns was one main factor regarding arming of merchantmen. The Navy Secretary said that Naval gun crews could be used if needed.

Col. Knox said that no brushes with German raiders had been reported in recent days.—United Press.

U.S. Ship Escorted to Lisbon

London, Sept. 18.

The Exchange Telegraph agency yesterday reported the American vessel s.s. Excambion arrived in Lisbon yesterday, escorted by a United States Coast Guard vessel the Ingham.

The news agency said the Excambion was the first United States vessel to be escorted to Lisbon by an armed American ship.

The Ingham had been berthed at Lisbon for some time. It sailed Monday from the port and met the Excambion to harbour, then sailed again.—United Press.

Submarine Nets for U.S. Harbours

Washington, Sept. 18.

Col. Frank Knox, Secretary of the Navy, yesterday said the Navy was prepared and it plans to place submarine nets "at the entrances of important harbours in the United States and its possessions where this type of defence is applicable."

The announcement did not specify any particularly harbours but it was assumed they would include Hawaii, Puerto Rico and the Philippines in view of their importance from a military and naval standpoint.—United Press.

Old British Resident Leaving Japan

Tokyo, Sept. 18.

Mr. Edward Cox, 73-year-old Briton, who is one of the oldest foreign residents in Japan, is due to leave for England on September 24, ending his 64 years sojurn in Japan.

Mr. Cox, accompanied by his father and younger brother, Henry, came to Japan in 1877 and has been in Tokyo since as an English teacher.

With the recent death of his brother Henry, who was instructor at Waseda University, Mr. Cox being left alone decided to return home.—Domei.

Censorship of Communications in U.S. Discussed

Washington, Sept. 18.

The Under-Secretary of the Navy, Mr. James V. Forrestal, in response to a resolution introduced by Representative Paul W. Shafer asking the Secretary of the Navy to inform the House whether the Navy is exercising any censorship of the press or radio and, in conjunction with the War Department, is making plans for the censorship of magazines, book printing, the press, radio broadcasts, motion picture and still photography, advised the House Naval Affairs Committee that the Army and Navy were working jointly on a plan to establish close censorship of communications between the United States and the rest of the world.

Mr. Forrestal wrote: "The control of information, the disclosure of which would be inimical to the operations of the fleet, are but one of the many problems which is under constant study by the Navy Department working in close liaison with the War Department. Joint plans have been prepared setting forth the measure which should be taken to obtain such control. Subject to approval by high authority, and supported by such legislation as may be necessary, these plans provide the necessary machinery for censorship of international communications.

"It may be stated without injury to public interest that such plans contain no provision for compulsory censorship of the press, but are limited to the control of communications passing between the United States and foreign countries or overseas possessions, and between ships and shore.—Reuter.

Personnel of Soviet Delegation to Moscow Conference Revealed

London, Sept. 18.

M. Viacheslav Molotov, Soviet Foreign Commissar, will head the Russian delegation to the Tripartite Conference in Moscow to discuss Anglo-American aid to the Soviet armies, the Moscow Wireless announced today.

Other members are Marshal Klementi Voroshilov, now commanding Soviet forces holding up the German offensive: M. Mikoyan, People's Commissar for Foreign Trade: M. Malyshev, Chairman of the Council for Engineering: Admiral Kusnetsov, People's Commissar for the Red Fleet: M. Shakurin, People's Commissar for Aircraft Production, and M. Yakovlev, Colonel-General of Artillery and Director of the Commissariat for Defence.—Reuter.

King Receives Mission Heads

London, Sept. 18.

King George yesterday gave an audience to the heads of the United States and British missions to Moscow, Mr. W. Averell Harriman and Lord Beaverbrook respectively. — United Press.

Dominions Secretary Arrives for Talks

London, Sept. 18.

Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, Dominions Secretary, arrived here yesterday from Canada for consultations with the Dominions Office. He will return shortly to Canada.

The Duke of Kent arrived in the same plane.—United Press.

Karlsruhe Raided for Second Night in Succession

London, Sept. 18.

ROYAL Air Force bombers again attacked objectives at Karlsruhe last night, bombs being seen to burst on the target area, and large fires started, states last night's Air Ministry communique. One bomber is missing from this operation.

Karlsruhe, home of Luftwaffe squadrons on the Rhine, has now been attacked on two nights in succession, following three attacks in August.

The communique also reports that a coastal command plane, on patrol off the Norwegian coast, yesterday bombed an enemy supply ship.

It has now been confirmed that another enemy fighter was destroyed in yesterday's operations over Northern France, making a total of twelve during the day.

Power Plants Bombed

Two squadrons of Blenheim bombers, escorted by a strong formation of fighters, attacked a power plant at Mazingarbe, near Bethune, yesterday afternoon.

It is learned in London that bombs were seen to hit the target and fires were started. German fighters attempted to prevent the attack but failed.

At least six German fighters are known to have been destroyed. One Blenheim bomber and seven British fighters were lost, but one British fighter pilot was later rescued from the sea by the R.A.F. sea rescue service. German fighters attempted to interfere with the rescue operations but were driven off by British fighter patrols, one German being shot down.

Another Big Sweep

Another big force swept across the French coast yesterday evening. The sky was described as being full of Spitfires and Hurricanes, some flying at a great height. Other fighters, however, were only just above sea level. Shortly afterwards, heavy explosions were heard from the French coast.

Details of the raid on a power plant at Mazingarbe reveal that the damage caused was very considerable. The Air Ministry news service states that this plant is an important one, having batteries of ovens for producing synthetic ammonia, synthetic petrol, alcohol, benzol, methanol and ether, together with a thermic power station.

The attack was delivered in two parts in quick succession to each other. The first wave of Blenheim bombers had hardly delivered their bombs before the second wave was ready. Continuous explosions appeared to come from over the entire works—one explosion every few seconds. One large fire was seen to take hold in the centre of the works, where bombs exploded on a large container.

Gas Container Goes Up

Describing this one pilot said: "I saw what appeared to be an outsize in gas containers blow up. The top blew off, and the sides fell away. It was all in flames."

Although the weather was clear on this side of the Channel, there was some cloud over northern France, but not enough to hide the objective. Every bomber was able to make a good run up to the target. Efforts of German fighters to pierce the screen of British fighters and stop the bombers failed, and the bombers observed that the fires were still spreading when they left.

More than 300 British fighters were over enemy-occupied territory at one time yesterday afternoon in a large-scale offensive operation over northern France. They were escorting and acting as vanguard to bombers attacking the power plant.—Reuter.

Shah Forced From the Throne Through Demand of the People

Teheran, Sept. 17, (Delayed).

STRIVING desperately till the last to retain his position, Shah Riza Khan Pahlevi has been forced from the Throne by the surging demand of his own people, who had been brought to the point of revolt by the tyranny of the last 16 years. Only the still lingering fear of a ruthless despot, whose secret police were as efficiently organized as the Gestapo, prevented them from rising against him during the last two weeks.

By Monday only one quarter remained from where he could expect help—senior officers of the army whose positions endow them with rich pickings. The remainder of the army, consisting of conscripted peasants and underpaid young officers, is as hostile to him as the rest of the population.

It is believed that Riza Khan gambled to the last minute on the hope that the army would help him to quell the popular uprising, and that the British and Russians would not intervene. It is reported that the Cabinet saw him on Monday night advising abdication, but was met with a blunt refusal. He then sought the advice of Sir William Bullard, British Minister, through a secret emissary.

Realized Game Was Up

The realization that he could not obtain any help from Britain probably convinced him that the "game was up." Early Tuesday morning he summoned the Premier to the Winter Palace near Teheran, whither he had moved from the summer palace in the mountains to the north, and handed him the deed of abdication. Although every effort was made to keep the abdication secret for fear of disorders, the news quickly spread throughout the capital, and big crowds gathered before loud speakers at midday to hear the official announcement.

One of the first results of Riza Khan's removal from power is the release of some of the great number of political prisoners who crowd the jails throughout the country. One of the first to be released was General Ahmad Nakhjevan, whom the Shah dismissed from the post of Minister of War immediately after "cease fire" had been ordered.

Before throwing him into prison Riza Khan beat him with the flat of the sword and kicked him. He also struck all the most senior army officers who had not already fled from Teheran.

Shah Goes to Isfahan

After interviewing the Premier, the Shah set out by car for Isfahan, about 220 miles to the south. Isfahan is the ancient centre of Persian art and culture, where young men and boys whose sight has not yet been ruined by the closeness of work, still paint some of the world's finest miniatures on camel bone and mother of pearl.

On the road he must have passed British and Indian troops advancing on Teheran. It is not yet known whether he has taken with him any of the vast fortune he amassed from his trade in monopolies and grinding taxation—a fortune he kept in the vaults of his palace. Part has already been sent to America and perhaps England.

Special precautions are being taken by the Persian Government as well as by British and Russian troops in case the tyrannized people should seek revenge on the former Shah's agents. Russian troops had on Tuesday reached the 30th kilometre stone from Teheran, whence they can reach the city in 25 minutes. If Teheran remains quiet they are expected to stay there till Wednesday, when they will enter at the same time as the British.

City Dazed By News

At present there is complete calm in the city. People in the streets seem dazed by the news, although they had lived in hourly expectation of it for the last two weeks. Shortly after the announcement in Parliament, Government pamphlets were circulated in the streets announcing Riza Khan's abdication and giving the text of the abdication deed, which stated: "Because I spent all my energy for the good of the country during these last years it is necessary that younger men who can do more for the country shall take my place. I, therefore, recommend that the Crown Prince shall succeed me. From today, the 25 Shahrivar (Iran uses the solar calendar dating from Mohammed's flight from Mecca), the Iranian nation and arm must obey the new Shah, recognizing him as the real king and must give him the same loyalty as they gave me."

Later, the Government announced that "the Shah left Teheran this morning. The Government is in touch with the British and Russian Governments in order to preserve, as far as possible, the normal life of the country and maintain the same friendly relations with the two governments. There will soon be no more difficulties."

The swearing in of the Crown Prince as the new Shah will take place at 4.30 p.m. on Wednesday in Parliament, when members of the Cabinet, members of Parliament, senior officials, senior army and navy and air force officers, senior judges, religious leaders and university professors will be present.

Oath on the Koran

Members of Parliament will wear morning coats, officials, officers and judges their special uniforms indicating their rank, while religious leaders will wear flowing tunics and cloaks crowned with the traditional turbans.

The Crown Prince will swear the oath on the Koran, according to the formula laid down by the Constitution. The Coronation, which will be a secular ceremony, will take place later, possibly after the war. The new Queen, Fawzieh, 20-year-old sister of King Karouk of Egypt, will not attend the oath ceremony. During the crisis she stayed at Isfahan with her small daughter, but it is not known whether she has yet returned to Teheran.

The Crown Prince, who is now staying at his town villa, will move to the palace as soon as possible after taking the oath.

The Premier stated in Parliament that any damage and injury done to the people or communities in the past regime would as far as possible be subject to compensation. Among the measures expected is the restitution of the hundreds of thousands of acres confiscated or bought at "knock down" prices by the ex-Shah.

Evacuation of Legations

The staff of the Rumanian Legation leaves Teheran on Tuesday by car for Tabriz, whence they will pass through Turkey on the way to Rumania. The German, Hungarian and Bulgarian Legations leave by the same route on Wednesday. The Germans are taking with them 450 women and children, the families of men handed over to the Allied troops. The families originally elected to go with the men, so the British made special arrangements for them to be billeted with their husbands in concentration camps in India, but apparently they have now been ordered by the German Government to return to Germany.

The great number of cars required for the journey is being provided by the Iran Government, which is requisitioning them. The German Minister has given his word that the convoy will not linger on the way.

The Italians, who insisted on travelling in a separate convoy from the Germans, are expected to leave Teheran on Thursday. There are 13 males on the staff of the German Legation. The strengths of other Legations are smaller.

It is not yet known whether Hungarian, Rumanian and Bulgarian subjects will also be repatriated.—Reuter.

China Determined To Recover Four Lost Provinces

Chungking, Sept. 18.

That the Chinese will continue fighting until the North-eastern provinces of Manchuria, comprising the four provinces of Liaoling, Kirin, Heilungkiang and Jehol, are completely recovered, is the keynote of Chinese statements on the occasions of the 10th anniversary of the Mukden incident today.

A statement by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek was given prominence in all morning newspapers, in which he reiterated China's war aims —first, the safe-guarding of China's territorial and administrative integrity, and secondly the upholding of international justice and defeating aggression.

In Chungking women and youth corps units conducted street lectures throughout the day, reassuring the Chinese public that the Chinese Government will not cease its resistance so long as Chinese territory is not completely cleared of Japanese forces.

After a mass meeting, over 10,000 persons participated in a parade through Chungking's main streets, carrying torches and shouting slogans.

China's Life-line

Natives of Manchuria issued a manifesto describing Manchuria as China's life-line, whose recovery must be one essential condition for settlement.

Chinese cultural bodies, including the Chinese People's Foreign Relations Committee, Cultural Mobilization Committee and others, issued a joint appeal to the Powers urging continued assistance to China and reaffirming China's determination to carry on resistance until China's territorial and administrative rights are completely restored.

The "China Times" states that Provincial governments for the four Manchurian Provinces have already been formed and expressed the hope that these provincial authorities will proceed at an early date to Manchuria to organize the populace, form armies, and direct guerilla operations in Manchuria against the Japanese.

The Chinese daily further suggests that the Chinese Government formally designate Manchuria as one of the war areas, appointing a North-east Pacification Commissioner to direct military operations in this area.—Reuter.

Main Interest of U.S. in Far East Said Markets

Tokyo, Sept. 18.

Declaring that one of the main interests of the United States in the Far East revolves around the question of markets for surplus goods, the "Japan Times and Advertiser" in an editorial today urged the United States to refrain from a policy of forcing open markets which belong to the economy of other States, and address itself to the question of domestic reform.

The desire of the United States to find markets with the return of peace for the purpose of disposing a "tremendous avalanche of goods," which would naturally accumulate as a result of the war-time expansion, is one of the chief factors of the trend of the United States policy toward war, the editorial said.

The paper predicted, however, that world markets will be closed regardless of the outcome of the war, since Europe will want to produce for itself, while "in the Far East Japan will assert its manufacturing and trade rights." All this will depend on the outcome of the war, the editorial asserted, emphasizing "consequently the outcome of the war is of grave consequence to the United States aside from political issues.

"On the economic side alone, America wants to be with the winners, and that probably is behind President Roosevelt when he moves closer to intervention," the paper said.

Under the capitalistic system, the United States will be forced to seek wide markets, and "for these markets, America may fight," the "Times" predicted.

"The only alternative would be a complete reorganization away from capitalism and the status quo to the principle of cooperation as advocated by Japan," the "Times" concluded.—Domei.

Horrors of German Concentration Camp

London, Sept. 18.

One prisoner, after a long period in the German concentration camp at Mathausen, near Lintz, was able to write down some details of the life there before dying in his home at Warsaw. Extracts from the grim horrors revealed by this man are given in a report, received in London, quoted by the Labour Press Service.

"In Mathausen there were 6,000 Poles, all political prisoners, German criminals and sex-maniacs, besides Jews and Communists from Spain. Each German was the direct superior of each Pole. They were allowed not only to beat them, but to kill them also if the fancy took them, and without fear of punishment.

"We got up at 4.30 for roll-call, and stood in straight lines at eyes right. During these roll-calls Dantesque scenes often occurred. One old man of 75 had to stand to attention at eyes right, and when his legs refused to be obedient, he received a blow in the face and thanked God if the matter ended there.

"If somebody died in the night, which often happened, his nearest fellow prisoner took him under the arms and placed him in the roll-call ranks, where he had to stand like the others. He would then be put into a coffin and removed to the Mathausen crematorium."—Reuter.

Duff-Cooper Expected In Batavia

Batavia, Sept. 18.

Mr. Alfred Duff-Cooper, special representative of the British Cabinet in the Far East, is expected to arrive here tomorrow morning from Singapore, aboard a military plane.

After lunch Mr. Duff-Cooper will travel to Tjipana, where he will meet the Governor General of the Netherlands East Indies. He will remain there until Saturday morning, when he will return to Batavia, leaving again for Singapore on Sunday morning.—Reuter.

Stabilization of Borders Said Sought by Finland

Stockholm, Sept. 18.

The immediate objectives of the Finnish High Command are to reach stabilization of Finland's "strategic frontiers," according to reliable reports reaching here today from Helsinki.

While the frontiers already have been reached in the Karelian Isthmus, the aim of the military operations to the north of Lake Ladoga, to the line of Svir River and Kanaihyesz, which connects Lake Ladoga with Lake Onega, has not been yet achieved, the reports added.

Only the southern of the two drives between the two lakes so far has been reached.

The northern drive, chiefly a German manœuvre aiming directly at Petrosavodsk, still was a long way from reaching its objective.

Press reports from Helsinki said that many Finnish troops were transferred from the Karelian Isthmus to the front north of Lake Ladoga in order to speed up operations in this sector.—United Press.

*Eight Killed, 35 Injured

(Continued from page 1)

Yasukuni Shrine to pay tribute to those who died in founding Manchoukuo.

This morning's editorial comments were devoted completely to a review of Manchoukuo-Japanese relations during the past decade.

War Minister's Speech

The War Minister Lieut.-Gen. Hideki Tojo in his capacity as President of the Manchurian Affairs Board, in a 10-minute radio speech urged national preparedness to cope with the possible extension of the European hostilities to the Far East.

The War Minister declared that "the actions of third powers vis-a-vis Japan have at last compelled the Japanese to realize increasingly the danger of the international crisis spreading further."

The Foreign Minister, Admiral Teijiro Toyoda also spoke at the dinner but refrained from mentioning the general international situation, confining his brief speech merely to congratulating Manchoukuo on her national achievements since the foundation of the state.

Need for National Unity

General Tojo, recalling the Mukden Incident awakened the Japanese people to the need of closest national unity in traditional Japanese spirit, said "the Incident was a heaven-sent revelation for the Japanese of their mission to create a prosperity sphere in East Asia despite the greatest difficulties."

He said that Japan's confidence of ultimate success to achieve this mission dated back to the outbreak of the Manchurian Incident. He cited Manchoukuo on remarkable national developments since the founding of the state, and also mentioned the cooperative efforts of the Nanking administration.

Admiral Toyoda said the outbreak of the Incident furnished a landmark in world history because it started a chain of events leading to the construction of a worldwide new order.

He said that Manchoukuo's position was now firmly consolidated by recognition by 11 states, and also the despatch of a papal delegation by the Holy See.

Praising Manchoukuo's strides, he said he believed that never before in world history had a nation advanced so rapidly in all phases of national activity in such a brief period of years.—Domei.

Sharp Policy Against Japan Urged

Honolulu, Sept. 18.

The "Honolulu Advertiser" this morning urged a stiff policy by the United States toward Japan.

Entitled, "You can't do business with Tokyo," the editorial recommended a "sharp threat of glittering steel" for the settlement of the Pacific problems.

The editorial said, "Our State Department appears to be courting one of the world's three chief aggressors. ....There is no such thing as appeasing Tokyo, and Washington should have learned that basic lesson long ago....

"If the Russian line collapses tomorrow, all talk of peace and good will in the Pacific will be hushed by Tokyo .....

"Japan has set her course irrevocably. There cannot be any turning back in mid-passage....

"America must not be blinded by the glare from the European holocaust to the extent that it cannot see the equally real danger of Asiatic appeasement.

"As welcome as peace and security in this ocean would be to us in Hawaii, let us not imagine we have it in our grasp at that critical stage."—United Press.

Warspite Said Being Repaired in U.S.

Tokyo, Sept. 18.

The "Asahi" quoting local source in the State of Washington reports that the British battleship "Warspite" which was damaged in a sea battle in the Mediterranean is now in the United States navy yard in Bremerton, Washington, undergoing repairs. —Domei.

Princess Kuni Gives Birth to Girl

Tokyo, Sept. 18.

Princess Tomoko Kuni, consort of Prince Asaakira Kuni, gave birth to her seventh child this morning at the Kuni residence in Shibuya Ward, the Imperial Household Ministry announced in a communique. The newly-born princess is the fifth daughter born to Their Highnesses. —Domei.

American Legion Urges Change in Ban on Troops Use

Milwaukee, Sept. 18.

The American Legion, in convention here, yesterday unanimously and without debate adopted a resolution approving freeing the Army and Navy from any geographical limitations for action.

Convention delegates also unanimously approved a resolution approving repeal of the Neutrality Act.

The resolution expressed approval of the Administration's foreign policy and urged all Americans to join unitedly and whole-heartedly in support of that policy.

The Legion held that "all diverting controversies should be subordinated to the main objective", which is to defeat Chancellor Adolf Hitler.

"We want America strong enough to meet any possible attack before it arrives and turn the enemy back so that our homes may remain intact and our families secure," said the resolution. "If fighting is necessary to defeat attempts against the United States we insist on being prepared to fight outside the United States."—United Press.

Message from Mr. Churchill

Milkwaukee, Sept. 18.

A message of greeting from Mr. Winston Churchill was read to the national convention of the American Legion by Commander Milo Warner. The message says:

"American Legionnaires: I greet you on the occasion of your annual convention. This is the beginning of the third year in which our hard-pressed country has held at bay the powers of evil which are threatening to engulf the whole civilized world. Little more than 20 years have passed since we fought side by side. Now once more we speak to you from the forefront of battle. We thank you for the help you are bringing to our common cause, providing weapons for our forces and bringing much-needed aid to those who toil in our great arsenals.

"Our fighting men, our women and our chilren have suffered and will suffer again grievous losses; but we are upheld in our long struggle by the knowledge that it is not only our future but our childrens' that is at stake, and that in spirit the United States is at our side."—Reuter.

Japan to Celebrate Axis Pact Signing

Tokyo, Sept. 18.

An elaborate five-day programme beginning on September 24 is being prepared to celebrate the first anniversary of the conclusion of the Japanese-German-Italian military pact on September 27, 1940.

The ceremony commemorating the first anniversary of the grant of an Imperial rescript on the occasion of the conclusion of the Tripartite Pact will be held in the Hibiya Public Hall under the auspices of the National Service Association, the East Asia Development Society, and Tokyo City.

A banquet will be given on September 29 under the joint auspices of the Foreign Minister Admiral Teijiro Toyoda, and the German and Italian Ambassadors.

Lecture meetings, movie shows, concerts, and other events are expected to be held in various cities and towns in Japan.—Domei.

German Trade Talks In Turkey Blocked

Ankara, Sept. 18.

Dr. Carl Clodius, chief of the German economic mission to Turkey, yesterday offered to buy Turkish chrome but was told that Turkey could export the metal to Germany only upon the consent of Britain which would have to surrender the present contract for all chrome.

Since the British obviously would refuse, the conversations between Germany and Turkey regarding chrome were blocked, thus closing one of the most delicate chapters of trade talks. —United Press.

Three Dwellings Are Involved in Fire

Three houses in an alleyway off Chemulpo Road were involved yesterday afternoon in a fire resulting in a Chinese being sent to the Yangtszepoo Hospital suffering from injuries received from falling debris. The blaze occupied the attention of the Settlement Fire Brigade for one hour and ten minutes.

The roof and window frame of the first house No. 38/231 Chemulpo Road were badly damaged. The roof and third floor of the adjoining house No. 40 were severely damaged and the ground floor was damaged slightly by water while negligible damage was done to the roof of the next house No. 42. All the premises concerned were Chinese dwelling houses.

A second blaze broke out in a lumber yard at 511 Edinburgh Road resulting in some damage to a wooden partition. A straw hut on Brenan Road was involved in the third fire of the day, the flames being extinguished by the occupants.

Industrial Council Set Up in N.E.I.

Batavia, Sept. 18.

The industrial development of the N.E.I. has entered a new stage with the establishment of an official Industrial Council, whose task it will be to study the question of how far the country's economic interests would be served by the foundation of certain new industries, and whether these should be protected in some way.

The question of whether Government participation in the establishment of new industries is desirable, and whether the Government should guarantee a dividend for the first year will also be considered. The Council will be headed by the Director of the Economic Department of the N.E.I. Government.—Reuter.

From Soviet Files

Moscow, Sept. 17.

For the exemplary execution of the orders of the command in fighting German fascisms and the courage and valour displayed in the defence of Odessa the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of USSR awarded orders and medals of USSR to 43 naval men.—Tass.

* * *

Moscow, Sept. 18.

The council of the Peoples' Commissars of USSR has made the following naval appointments—Arseny Golovko, Vice-Admiral; Valentin Drozd—Vice Admiral; Yurii Rall—Vice-Admiral; Alexei Elistyev—Lieutenant General of coastal service; Sergeant Kabanov—Lieutenant General of coastal service; Sergeant Gorshkov—Rear-Admiral; Alexander Frolov—Rear-Admiral; Boris Khoroshikhin—Rear Admiral; Vadim Chistoserdov—Rear Admiral; Pavol Lakovnikov—Major General of coastal service; Terenty Parafilo—Major-General of coastal service.—Tass.

* * *

Moscow, Sept. 17.

For distinguished service in designing warplanes commissioned by the Red Army Air Force the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of USSR awarded Orders and Medals of USSR to 13 designers and workers of the special technical Bureau.—Tass.

* * *

Moscow, Sept. 17.

According to data of the Peoples' Commissariat of Finance of the USSR by September 11, the population of the USSR donated to the national defence fund 457,100,000 rubles, 800 grams of platinum, 32.1 kilograms of gold, 1,484 kilograms of silver, 1,314,012 rubles worth of foreign currency, 228,300,000 rubles of state loan bonds. —Tass.

Chungking Delegation On Way to Rangoon

A Chungking delegation, headed by Mr. Tseng Yang-fu, former Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, left for Rangoon in order to negotiate with the Burmese Government regarding the transportation of goods on the Burma Route, the issuance of passports to Chinese emigrants in Burma, and other pending questions, reports reaching here from Chungking disclosed.

New U.S. Officers Take Up Duties Immediately

Washington, Sept. 17.

The Navy Department announced today that 1,124 newly-commissioned ensigns of the Naval Reserve had been ordered to active duty, including 433 who completed training yesterday aboard the U.S.S. Prairie State and 691 who graduated from the Reserve Midshipman's School at Northwestern University.—Domei.

Names of Dutch Royal Family Banned by Nazis

London, Sept. 18.

Following Tuesday's German seizure of the Queen of Holland's property, the German radio yesterday announced a further decree forbidding use of the names of living members of the House of Orange-Nassau by commercial concerns for trade-marks or by public or private institutions. The ban also includes the use of pictures of them.—Reuter.

Australian Powdered Eggs for Britain

Sydney, Sept. 18.

British breakfast menus will soon be enhanced by large quantities of powdered eggs exported to her from Australia.

A new factory in Sydney, which will shortly produce these eggs with plant imported from China, has a capacity of 350,000 eggs a week.—Reuter.

Thai Paper Raps Official

Bangkok, Sept. 18.

The "Thai Mai" today said that the Thai Independent Party circulated leaflets charging an unidentified high official of the Government with treisonable acts.

The official, the pamphlets alleged, had revealed the nation's political and economic secrets and weaknesses to an undisclosed foreign power.

The leaflets, however, did not hint that the Premier was in any way connected with the acts and referred to him in terms of the highest respect.—United Press.

Is Isle of Man Legally at War With Axis?

Vichy, Sept. 17.

Is the Isle of Man, the personal property of the King of England, legally at war with the Axis?

This question may be raised at present owing to the special status of this little island, whose population does not exceed 60,000 souls. There are indications that the island was not included in the American declaration of war zones, and could thus be used as a landing point for American war material sent to Great Britain.

Dependent Upon the Crown

Conquered in the 13th century by the English, who chased the Scottish islanders away, the Isle of Man is not part of the British Empire or the United Kingdom. It is linked with the Kingdom of England and is dependent directly upon the Crown, which is represented by a Governor.

By virtue of a constitutional act passed in 1866, laws voted by the Westminster Parliament are applicable to the Isle of Man only if such application is formally specified in the text of the law.

Under these conditions, it may be wondered whether the war declared upon Germany by the British Government in 1939 includes the Isle of Man.

A precedent was set during the first World War when the island remained legally outside the hostilities, the Westminster Parliament having decided that the state of war was not expressly extended to the Isle of Man.—Havas Telemondial.

B.W.A. Musical and Dramatic Section Garden Party

One of the gayest parties of the season was given yesterday afternoon by the Musical and Dramatic Section of the B.W.A., marking the opening of this Section's activities. Mrs. B. W. Talbot, Vice-chairman, kindly loaned her lovely garden at 677, Rue Bourgeat, for the occasion.

Mrs. W. Lyle, Chairman of the Musical and Dramatic Section, received members and their guests. Teas were served on the lawn after which a musical programme was presented.

Mrs. Brochee opened the programme with two songs, which were much appreciated by all present. The Bateman-King School presented two dances, "Greek Shadows" by Joy Blackwood and Sonia Roth, and "The Firefly" by Sonia Roth. Pupils of Mrs. Harvey gave a selection of novelty songs. There were various competitions with prizes, in which all the ladies took part, one of the most popular proving the musical competition.

Mrs. G. E. Marden, Chairman of the B.W.A. offered a vote of thanks on behalf of the Musical and Dramatic Section to Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Talbot for the loan of their garden. Mrs. Lyle, on behalf of all present, thanked Miss King and her pupils for their enjoyable programme.

There was an excellent attendance at the party, nearly seventy members and guests. Perfect weather conditions added to the enjoyment of all present and the afternoon was brought to a successful conclusion with the general singing of "There'll Always be an England" led by Mrs. Marden, and finally "God Save the King."

Fourteen Persons Dead In P.I. Flood

Manila, Sept. 18.

Fourteen persons were reported dead and at least US$500,000 property damage was reported today as the result of a flood in central Luzon.

Pampanga Province was believed to have been the hardest hit due to a broken dyke.

The "Manila Bulletin" reported that official investigators hinted sabotage by disgruntled political elements may have been responsible for the dyke breaking.

The flood forced evacuation of 8,000 tenant farmers along the banks of the Pampanga river. Constabularly officials said that 50 persons were missing, although it was believed many of them probably were safe.

The Philippine army camp of Olivas was under water, necessitating evacuation of troops to higher grounds.

Clear weather late yesterday resulted in flood waters subsiding.—United Press.

Boiler Explodes in Japanese Launch

A second boiler explosion on a launch in a month occurred yesterday morning when the boiler of a Japanese launch exploded at the Roosevelt Terminal causing a certain amount of damage to the engine room. Unlike the former explosion, which resulted in the death of several members of the crew, there were no fatalities yesterday.

U.S. Turns Over Italian Ship to Britain

Washington, Sept. 18.

The United States has allocated the former Italian steamer, Leme, to Britain, it was learned here today. The move foreshadowed a series of transfers involving seized Axis ships. —United Press.

Wiedemann Said on Way to Shanghai

Buenos Aires, Sept. 18.

Captain Fritz Wiedemann, Hitler's close friend and former German consul-general in San Francisco has been granted by the British authorities a safe conduct which will allow him to reach Shanghai unmolested, the local press reported today.

Captain Fritz Wiedemann left Buenos Aires today aboard the Japanese steamer Manila Maru. —Havas Telemondial.

Russia Declares Bulgarian Reply Unsatisfactory

London, Sept. 18.

The Soviet Foreign Commissar, M. Molotov, has informed the Bulgarian Minister that he considers Bulgaria's reply to Russia's recent warning to be unsatisfactory, says Moscow Radio.

Russia had accused Bulgaria of aiding Axis plans for an attack on Odessa, the Crimea and the Caucasus. The Bulgarian Government, in reply, categorically denied adopting a "disloyal attitude" towards Russia.—Reuter.

Dardanelles' Passage Wanted

Ankara, Sept. 18.

Bulgaria, in a formal demarche to Turkey, yesterday requested permission for eight Bulgarian destroyers, a submarine, three E-boats and a torpedo boat to pass through the Dardanelles, it was revealed here last night.

The demarche revived rumours that Bulgaria had purchased some Italian warships.—United Press.

Families Leave Sofia

London, Sept. 18.

A party of Russian women and children comprising the families of Legation officials is reported to have arrived at Istanbul from Sofia.—Reuter.

Nazis Revise Time Table

Ankara, Sept. 18.

The German staff expects "to carry the war to the Caucasian front" in six weeks, according to revised predictions of the Russian campaign which are now being busily spread in Ankara by Axis sources.—Reuter.

Keynes May Be Given Post of Director Of Bank of England

London, Sept. 18.

No chance is being recommended in the offices of the governor and Deputy-Governor of the Bank of England next April. An announcement to this effect was made by the Governor, Mr. Montague Norman, at today's meeting of the General Court of the Bank of England.

Mr. J. M. Keynes is to be proposed next month as successor to Lord Stamp, who was killed in a London air raid, as Director. Mr. Keynes is a well known economist and author of a plan which provided for compulsory saving as a means of preventing inflation and which has been already partially adopted in connection with the existing income tax—Reuter.

De Gaulle Sends Thanks to Terpoorten

Batavia, Sept. 18.

On his return to London, General Charles de Gaulle cabled Major-General Terpoorten, Chief of the General Staff of the N.E.I. Army as follows: "I hear you have accepted membership of the Committee of the Friends of Free France, in agreement with the Government. I wish to thank you profoundly for this proof of your friendship towards Free France, the Guardian of France's Honour.

"I know of your determination to guard the Netherlands East Indies against all aggression, and I am certain that our common enemies will never succeed in compromising the work of civilization carried on by your country and mine in the far east. (Signed) General de Gaulle."—Reuter.

Nanking Ambassador To Italy Appointed

Nanking, Sept. 18.

The Nanking Government announced that Mr. Wu Kai-sheng, Vice-Chairman of the Examiners Commission of the Examination Yuan has been appointed Ambassador to Italy.

Mr. Wu served as Chinese Minister to Switzerland in 1933. With his appointment, Nanking's diplomatic representatives now have been accredited to six countries.—Domei.

Hitler to Continue Talk With Heads Of Allied States

Berne, Sept. 17.

Reliable reports indicate that Herr Hitler has decided to continue the series of conversations with the heads of allied states which commenced when Signor Mussolini visited him some time ago at his field headquarters, the Berlin correspondent of the "Journal de Geneve" informed his paper today.

"Therefore, it is expected that King Boris of Bulgaria will confer with the Fuehrer at his field headquarters, and considerable importance is attached to this visit in Berlin," the correspondent added.

M. Draganov, Bulgarian Minister to Germany, left Berlin last Tuesday and is expected to be absent for some time.

Trouble From Turkey

The correspondent also stated that Baron Franz von Papen, German Ambassador to Turkey, arrived in Berlin on Tuesday. The date of his return to Ankara is being kept secret by the Wilhelmstrasse, but it is rumoured that he will discuss with German leaders the question of the passage of Axis fleets through the Dardanelles Straits.

"Berlin is expecting great difficulties as far as Turkey is concerned and it is rumoured that Italy is contemplating the sale or loan of her entire fleet to Bulgaria in order to enable it to pass through the Straits under the Bulgarian flag, as the Montreux Convention forbids ships owned by belligerent powers to sail through them," the correspondent concluded.—Havas Telemondial.

Nazis Threaten More Reprisals Against Hostages

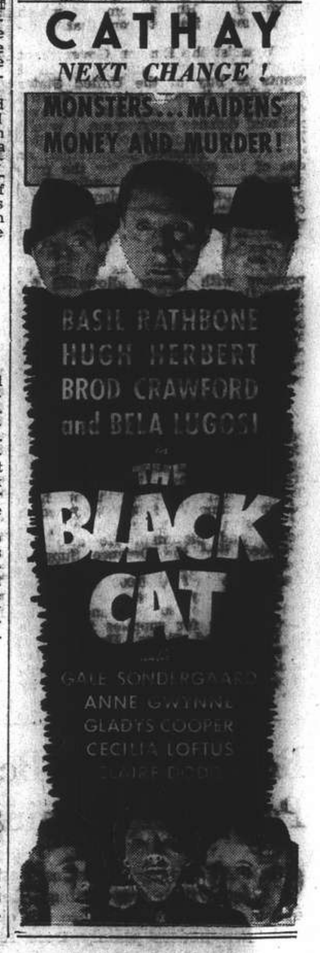
Vichy, Sept. 18.

Germans published a notice threatening to take hostages from "all categories of the Parisian population" if attacks continue against Nazi military men, said reports from Paris yesterday.

The announcement, by occupation authorities, was made in the Paris press and by placards. It followed up the execution of ten hostages on Tuesday in reprisal for terroristic attacks on German officers and soldiers.

"If the attacks continue the occupation authorities will take reprisals in ever increasing numbers and hostages will not exclusively be chosen from among communists but from all categories of the Parisian population," said the announcement.

Meanwhile, more executions were expected because a German officer died who had been shot in a subway the day before.—United Press.



INSURANCE ADVICE . . . Given on Request
BRUCE S JENKINS
FEDERAL INC., U.S.A.
Telephone 17272 113 Kiukiang Road

PARK HOTEL SKY TERRACE
14th FLOOR
PRESENTS
To-night during Dinner Dance
Opening Performance of
Miss OLYMPIA ELNIK
in Classic and Character Dances
Miss FRANCISCA
Spanish Dancer
LARGO TRIO
Acrobatic Team
For Table Reservations Telephone 91010

Council Sanctions Change in Electricity Surcharges

APPROVAL has been accorded by the Shanghai Municipal Council to a plan under which the revenue of the Shanghai Power Company will be increased to provide for the increased revenue required by the company to meet its liabilities and expenses by cancellation of the existing three surcharges, namely the exchange surcharge, the fuel surcharge and the surcharge approved in May, 1941, which is also based on exchange, and the substitution therefor on the basic tariffs of all classes of electricity service, of a fuel adjustment charge and a surcharge based on exchange which will also be applied to the schedule of miscellaneous charges for services other than electricity, e.g. rentals for the hire of equipment.

The fuel adjustment charge and the revised exchange surcharge will be applied to accounts in respect of consumption periods ending on and after October 1, 1941, and will have the effect shown below. As nearly as can be achieved every consumer will pay in accordance with the actual cost of the electricity which he consumes.

Difficulties of Franchise

The necessity for this revision of charges was appreciated in May last when the additional surcharge based on exchange was approved as a temporary expedient pending examination of the matter. For some time past considerable difficulty has been experienced in deciding questions involving the earning rights of the company owing to the difficulty of defining rights under several of the financial clauses in the company's franchise under existing unsettled conditions. These clauses which involve complicated questions as to the effect of currency depreciation could only be defined in a manner satisfactory to both the company and the Council by an almost certainly expensive and protracted arbitration which it was considered most desirable to avoid at the present time. It was accordingly agreed by the company and the Council that an attempt be made to determine what revenues the company may reasonably be permitted to earn irrespective of, and without prejudice to, the rights of either party under the franchise. An informal committee was appointed for this purpose comprising, Mr. T. S. Powell, Member of the Council and its Public Utilities Committee, Mr. E. F. Hardman, C.A., representatives and officials of the company and officials of the Council.

The Committee came to the conclusion after thorough examination and study of the matter that the company should reasonably be permitted to earn:—

(a) Interest on its debentures and loans.
(b) Dividends on its preferred stocks.
(c) A reasonable allowance for depreciation which was assessed at U.S.$300,000 per annum for the time being.
(d) Operating expenses reasonably incurred.
(e) A surplus for reserves or contingencies amounting to Shanghai $2,000,000 per annum.
(f) Arrears of dividends in respect of cumulative second preference stock to be recouped over a period of five years.

Basic Rate Unaltered

With regard to the method of obtaining the required revenue the Committee advocated that with one exception no alteration be made in the existing basic rate structure. This view was taken because it was considered that, if for no other reason, considerable caution should be exercised before making adjustments in basic tariffs in the wholly abnormal circumstances now prevailing. Owing to the close relation of fuel consumption with kilowatt hour sales it was considered that the extra cost over that provided for in the basic rates could best be recovered by the application of a fuel adjustment charge to all rates for the supply of electricity, and that the remaining revenue should be obtained by a uniform surcharge on basic rates to be added to the whole of the company's tariffs, including the schedule of miscellaneous charges for services other than electricity.

The fuel adjustment charge conforms as closely as possible to that which has always been applicable to bulk supply consumers. It is pertinent here to note that while a fuel surcharge has been applied to the basic rates for general power, heating, cooking and water heating, since May, 1940, only a small proportion of the cost of the fuel consumed has been recovered in the charges for lighting.

The revised exchange surcharge recommended is based on a surcharge of 200 per cent. on the basic rates and charges at exchange of US$5=Shanghai $100, and is to vary monthly in accordance with the fluctuations of the average effective rate of exchange for the monthly period previous to that in which recovery is being made. The base rate of 200 per cent. at exchange of US$5=Shanghai $100 will be adjusted should it result in providing more or less than the permitted earnings.

One Exception

The one exception referred to above is the basic flat rate of twelve tael cents per k.w.h. for residential lighting, which the Committee considered should be reduced to eleven tael cents per k.w.h. which was the figure in force prior to February 1, 1932. This reduction was suggested because the 1932 adjustment resulted partly from the higher cost of coal, which in case of bulk supply consumers was recovered by means of the fuel adjustment clause in their contracts. The reduction in the basic rate for residential lighting will ensure that these consumers will suffer no discrimination by reason of the one tael cent increase imposed in 1932 and they will be placed on the same relative basis as bulk supply consumers as regards cost of fuel.

This plan was recommended for approval subject to conditions which will ensure that, in addition to acceptance of the plan being without prejudice to the fundamental rights and obligations of the company and the Council under the franchise, should it be found as a result of clarification of the terms of the franchise at some later date that the company has received greater benefits under the plan than those to which it is entitled under the franchise, the whole of such excess will be refunded in such manner as the Council, in consultation with the company, may determine. A further condition provides that the company shall waive all rights to recover at a subsequent date any deficiency that may result from operation of the plan as compared with the revenue the Company may prove to be entitled as a result of clarification of the terms of the franchise. The plan is also subject to reconsideration at any time at the request of either the company or the Council.

The plan recommended by the committee has been accepted by the company, endorsed by the Public Utilities Committee and approved by the Council.

The effect of this plan is shown hereunder:—

COMPARISON OF PRESENT AND FUTURE MONTHLY COSTS OF SERVICE TO VARIOUS TYPES OF CONSUMERS BASED ON EXCHANGE RATES AND COST OF FUEL APPLICABLE TO SEPTEMBER, 1941.

	Normal Small Residence	Normal Large Residence	Normal Shop	Small Factory	Medium Bulk Supply 100 kw. 80 % lf.	Large Bulk Supply 1500 kw. 75 % lf.
Basic Rates	$ 3.40	$27.02	$20.40	$155.60	$1,110.06	$14,591.30
Present Surcharges and/or Fuel Adjustment ..	8.31	100.93	49.88	700.02	9,497.54	171,209.68
Total Present Cost Computed at U.S. Exchange at 5 & fuel cost of Tls. 7.06 per million B.T.Us.	$11.71	$127.95	$ 70.28	$855.62	$10,607.60	$185,720.98
Basic Rates (Residential Lighting reduced to Tls. 0.11 per k.w.h.) ..	$ 3.08	$ 25.90	$18.48	$154.00	$ 1,110.06	$ 22,501.30
Fuel Adjustment and Revised Exchange Surcharge	9.99	134.32	59.98	749.34	10,509.89	204,431.97
Total Future Cost based on U.S. exchange at 5 & fuel cost of Tls. 7.06 per million B.T.US.	$13.07	$160.22	$78.46	$903.34	$11,619.95	$226,933.27

Council Appoints Committee to Study Tax Plans

Sixteen residents of the International Settlement have been nominated by the Shanghai Municipal Council to form an Advisory Committee on new forms of taxation, it was announced by the S.M.C. yesterday. All sixteen have consented to serve as members of the Special Advisory Committee.

The nomination of the sixteen residents followed the provision included in Clause 1 (6) of Resolution IV passed at the Special Meeting of Ratepayers held on April 17, providing that the Shanghai Municipal Council, before imposing a new tax, must consult with an Advisory Committee selected from among residents of the International Settlement.

The Committee will advise the Council regarding the advisability on the proposed S.M.C. tax on local business houses, which would yield the Council Treasury an additional $6,000,000. This proposed tax, should it meet with the approval of the nominated Committee, will probably come into effect in January, 1942.

Meanwhile, the complete list of those nominated follows:—

The Rev. C. L. Boynton and Messrs. James Nichols and B. H. Watson (American); Messrs. W. Mellor, W. J. Monk and H. C. B. Way (British); Messrs. Hwang Tung, Pan San-hsin and Shao Shu-hwa (Chinese); Messrs. M. Amano, S. Katsuda and G. Kishinami (Japanese); Mr. C. J. Knipschildt (Danish); Dr. P. Witting (German); Mr. A. Camporelli (Italian); Mr. F. Hoehnke (Norwegian); and Mr. J. M. Tavares (Portuguese).

Labour Front Here Still Disturbed

With 3,200 workers still on strike the local labour situation continue to be disturbed yesterday with the single improvement seen in the return to work yesterday of a number of employees of the Tuh Fong Knitting Factory which ceased operations recently when the workmen laying down their tools to enforce a demand for higher wages. The doors of the factory have been reopened following the return of a number of operatives and the engagement of scores of new hands to carry on.

Conditions reverted to normal yesterday in the Settlement tramway company following the resumption of work on the part of a number of operatives who staged a "walk-out" the day before.

It was learned that "strike" conditions remained unchanged yesterday in a number of local plants and factories whose activities have been curtailed or inconvenienced by strikes of the operatives.

No settlement also was in sight to the strike of 200 employees of twenty photo engraving establishments in the Settlement and the French Concession for better working conditions

S.M.C. Invites Protests On Road Building Plans

The Shanghai Municipal Council yesterday gave notice that subject to protests, if any, being heard and over-ruled, it is proposed to abandon the planned extensions of the portions of Jukao Road, between Juikin and Chaofoong Roads and Juikin Road, between Hailar and Jukao Roads.

Protests against such abandonments should be submitted to the Secretary and Commissioner General, Room 150, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road, before September 29, 1941.

Penguin Books

A book of cartoons—"Europe at War, A History in Sixty Cartoons with a Narrative Text" by Low is something well worth having—and at sixpence, the price of a Penguin book. A Penguin Special is "World Shipping" a Note Book on Seaways and Sea Trade and a Maritime Geography of Routes, Ports, Rivers, Canals and Cargoes by A. C. Hardy—with many Laurence Dunn illustrations. Another Special is "Aircraft Recognition" by R. A. Saville-Sneath, illustrated with official silhouettes and photographs. Another well illustrated Penguin, in three volumes, is "Oil Paint and Grease Paint" the autobiography of Laura Knight. Novels include H. G. Wells's "Kipps" and three "mystery and crime," "Murder of My Patient" by M. G. Eberhart, "He Laughed at Murder" by Richard Keverne, and "Fall Over Cliff" by Josephine Bell.

American on the War

The Oxford University Press publishes at the price of sixpence a series of pamphlets "America Faces the War." The pamphlets are written by distinguished Americans and deal with problems raised by the war. No. 9 in this series is "1917 and 1941" by Frederick B. Artz, who tries to discover why, in 1941, the American people seem to be less aware of the danger of a German victory than they were in 1917. Mr. Artz was born in Dayton, Ohio, educated at Oberlin and Harvard, served with the American Army in France 1917-19, and is now head of the history department at Oberlin College. The pamphlet was written in the summer of 1940 and revised early in 1941.

Sir Frederick Eggleston

Newly appointed Australian Minister to China, who is due to arrive in Chungking shortly.

World Aggression Started by Mukden Incident, Says Press

Without holding any meetings to express their grievances owing to the changed situation and curtailing all amusement programmes, Chinese in Shanghai yesterday commemorated one of the great national humiliation days in their history, the tenth anniversary of the Manchurian Incident or the September 18 Incident. A three-minute silence at noon was urged by the Chinese press, which editorially recalled the incident, asserting that by creating the incident Japan and not Hitler actually started the European conflict and expressing that China would win just as all nations of the anti-aggression bloc.

The incident does not only mark the beginning of Japanese aggression in Japan but also that of other aggressions in the entire world, says the "Chinese American Daily News." Japan went unpunished after invading China's four north-eastern provinces and therefore Italy and Germany followed her lead until the world conflagration was started, it is said. In view of this, the writer does not agree with the reported American proposal that as a prerequisite to peace negotiations in Washington, Japan should first withdraw from her Axis partnership. To ask Japan to withdraw from the Axis partnership will not stop wars in the world, for Japan herself started the aggression nine years before she joined the Axis powers, it is argued.

Appeasement Warning

The paper expresses regret that Washington failed to "chastise" Japan then and says that if the appeasement policy is still maintained then the United States will lose her honour as an anti-aggression power. The paper does not agree either to the reported proposal that as a basis for negotiations in Washington, Japan should drop her southward or northward plans. Will the United States negotiate with Hitler if the latter stops his aggression in the Atlantic only? the paper asks.

The valuable results of four years' resistance by China which have enabled her to build a foundation for victory are stressed by the "Shun Pao." After undergoing painful experiences during the past ten years, the Chinese have now begun to realize that they are not only able to save themselves but also to stabilize the situation in the Pacific by becoming a member of the anti-aggression bloc. Following the formation of the ABCD front, China is full of hopes that her victory will be a common victory for the entire anti-aggression bloc, the paper says.

"V" Movement for China

Chinese students in Shanghai started to arouse the interest of the public in the movement of the "V" for anti-aggression bloc's victory yesterday. With a special kind of durable paper they made blue letters "V" in which the Chinese national flag was inlaid. They will sell these emblems of victory until October 10 and their aim is to sell 10,000 of them. Various Chinese public bodies here were reported to have issued statements but none of them gained any wide publicity in view of the changed situation. Press censors took away many words from General Chiang Kai-shek's broadcast speech published by the "National Herald" in which the generalissimo reaffirmed his attitude of continuing the war of resistance until not a single Japanese soldier remains on Chinese soil.

The new régime's press in Shanghai was conciliatory in tone yesterday, refraining from mentioning the Chinese determination to recover their lost territory. "To commemorate the September 18 Incident, we must stop the war of resistance in order to make peace," is one of the slogans published in the new régime's press. New phrases frequently used by the Japanese such as the "new order in East Asia," and "pan-Asianism" was used in the slogans. And the "Sin Shun Pao" even said editorially that during the past 30 years, Manchuria in reality has been a colony of both China and Japan and that Manchoukuo is a symbol of co-operation between the two countries.

Suspect Arrested in Japanese Shooting

A sequel to the attempted assassination on Wednesday evening of three Japanese civilians was seen yesterday when the Municipal Police arrested a Chinese suspected of being concerned in the shooting of two of the Japanese, Mr. Toshichi Kimura and Mr. Sosaka Suzuki, who were wounded in the abdomen and back respectively and are being treated at the Foo Ming Hospital. The suspect when detained for questioning was suffering from a wound on his arm.

It was learned yesterday that the Japanese victims of Wednesday's shooting were progressing satisfactorily and that they had sustained only slight wounds. The outrage is believed to have been perpetrated by terrorists.

Anniversary of Manchurian Affair Passes Quietly

Observing the occasion as a day of profound humiliation, the Chinese populace here yesterday celebrated the tenth anniversary of the Manchurian incident by not attending places of amusement and the holding of what was described as a "spiritual commemoration". Local cinemas and amusement centres catering to the Chinese were closed.

At noon a short silence was observed in memory of the officers, soldiers and civilians whose death accompanied the loss to China of the Three Eastern Provinces. Owing to existing local conditions the Chinese here refrained from holding any formal ceremony in observance of the occasion.

Numerous Chinese students commemorated the day by initiating a Chinese "V" movement and sold thousands of pieces of coloured cardboard tags with the Chinese flag in the middle of the letter "V". According to informed Chinese quarters the sale of the tags at ten cents each will continue until October 10. Meanwhile a number of Chinese organizations including the Youth Lien Nyi Association and Students' Union were reported to have sent circulars to many prominent Chinese here urging them to be unshakened in their belief in final victory and assuring them that the struggle for freedom will be carried on to the bitter end.

Japanese Visit Shrine

The day also was appropriately observed by the Japanese community in Shanghai and silent prayers were offered by the civilian population at the Shanghai Shrine for the soldiers who had made the supreme sacrifice. The ceremony at the Shrine was held at 8.20 p.m. the very hour when the first shot was fired, which started the hostilities. The day was marked also by the hoisting of the Rising Sun flag.

Throughout the day extra precautions were taken by the police of the three areas here to prevent any untoward incident, but as usual on anniversary days, the day passed quietly except for the murder of a Chinese which was devoid of any political reason.

Chinese Merchant Killed by Gunmen

Providing the major crime story of the day several Chinese gunmen yesterday morning fired three shots at Kung Kya-kwung, assistant manager of a thermos flask factory, at the entrance to Lane 315 Yates Road. Wounded twice in the chest the victim met almost instant death. The third shot lodged in a wall of a house near the lane. The assailants who escaped were believed to be armed robbers fleeing from the scene of a crime.

The victim was in his private rickshaw when the shots rang out. The gunmen immediately took to flight and escaped before the arrival on the scene of pedestrians on Yates Road. The wounded man was rushed to hospital in an emergency ambulance of the Fire Brigade, but was certified dead on arrival.

Rumours that the deceased was the victim of a political crime were discounted by the police, who stated that the gunmen were armed robbers operating at the scene of the crime at the time. Whether they had singled out Mr. Kung as their victim and were on the look-out for him or had accidentally met him while escaping from the scene of a crime is not known.

Non-Confidence Vote In Indian Minister

Calcutta, Sept. 18.

What appeared to be an impending Parliamentary crisis in Bengal has been temporarily averted. Following recent demands for the resignations of the Premiers of Bengal, Assam and Punjab from the Viceroy's National Defence Council, which was made by the Executive Council of the All-India Muslim League, Mr. Fazul Huq, Premier of Bengal, obeyed the League's mandate and resigned not only from the Defence Council but also resigned from the League's Executive Council. This action was followed by demonstrations and counter-demonstrations in Bengal.

Six motions of non-confidence were passed in the Legislature against the Finance Minister, Mr. Suhrawady, before the House adjourned until September 18.

Supporters of the Premier and other party leaders have sent letters to the Governor expressing want of confidence in the Finance Minister. The Governor called a conference of party leaders to consider the situation and has told them that he will prorogue the Assembly, when it meets on September 18, in accordance with his previous decision.

The Assembly will be summoned again in November, when fresh non-confidence motions will have to be brought, as those to which notice has been given will have lapsed.—Reuter.

Japanese Navy [illegible] Promoted

Tokyo, Sept. 18.

The Navy Ministry announced at ceremonies held this morning at the Palace that three promotions have been made, first, Vice-Admiral Soyemu Toyoda as full Admiral, as well as his appointment as Commander of the Kure Naval Base; second, Vice-Admiral Masaharu Hibino to Supreme War Councillor; and thirdly, Vice-Admiral Seichi Iwamuru to chief of the Bureau of Naval Construction.

Meanwhile, the War Ministry made public the appointment of Lieut.-General Kengo Noda as military attache to the Japanese Embassy in China, replacing Lieut.-General Yuitsu Tsuchihashi.—Domei.

The King Visits Munitions Factory

His Majesty recently paid a visit to a factory of the Ministry of Supply which formerly manufactured perambulators, baby chairs and cots, and he was interested in the workers now producing munitions. He is seen in the picture having part of the machinery explained to him by a girl worker.

Ivanow Believed Victim of Political Under-Currents

WHILE superficially the life of the local Russian community has been pursuing its former placid course, police and other enquiries have brought to light internal political rifts and a recent intensification here of the activities of a political body with headquarters in North China. It is not improbable, according to informed quarters, that Mr. N. A. Ivanow, the second Chairman of the Russian Emigrants' Committee here to be assassinated within just over a year, was the victim of the political under-currents which recently perturbed the Russian community in Shanghai. Meanwhile reports have been rife that efforts have been made to mobilize young "White Russians" here in an anti-communist campaign and several cases have been reported of Russians who have escaped from Tsingtao to avoid mobilization.

Considerable significance has been attached by a number of local Russians regarding the possible change in the status of the "Russian Emigrants" Committee of which the late Mr. Metzler, who was killed a year ago, and Mr. Ivanow were successively the chairmen. The belief has been gaining ground that vigorous attempts have been made to affiliate the local association with a Japanese-sponsored organization in Tientsin.

The Tientsin body known as the "Anti Communist Committee" has developed from a purely local organization started several years ago to a powerful association with ramifications in various outports, including Chefoo, Tsingtao and other places.

Shanghai Offers Sanctuary

The linking of the local body with the northern group has been looked upon with disfavour by a majority of Russians here, as numerous Russians have in the past two years evacuated North China to escape from the sinister influence of the organization there. Escape from the north has become more difficult recently, and Shanghai has been looked upon as the sanctuary where a Russian could earn a livelihood without political complications and affiliations.

Several cases have been reported of attempts made to register White Russians residing in Hongkew for what is believed to be a course of military training. No pressure has been brought to bear, however, on Russian residents of the Settlement South of the Creek and the French Concession, for obvious reasons.

Credence has been lent to stories of compulsory registration for military service of young Russians in Tsingtao and other outports by recent arrivals here from the outports concerned. The reports indicated that the further north a Russian youth should venture, the greater would be his danger of being forcibly enlisted for military training.

In Tsingtao, it was learned, all Russians eligible for military training have been forcibly registered and some already have been despatched to Tientsin to undergo a course of training before being sent out for actual service somewhere in the north.

Describing conditions in northern ports and summer resorts a local Russian yesterday disclosed that several Russians here who went to Tsingtao at the beginning of the summer are now virtually detained, being unable to return, having passed themselves off as Tsingtao residents when they left Shanghai to avoid payment of the required fee for their residence. They are now facing the predicament of having to convince the authorities concerned in the resort that they were actually residents of Shanghai visiting the resort and as such are exempted from compulsory registration.

Undersirable Coup d'Etat

The conversion of the local Russian body into an affiliate of the North China body would be regarded as a most undesirable political coup d'état which would automatically place the thousands of Russians residing here under the "protection" of an association which has not only arrogated to itself judicial and other rights, but has been allowed to collect taxes, impose fines, etc., on all members of the Russian community.

In the north registration with the Committee better known as the "White House" has not been avoided, but has been sought by all Russians since it affords the security of a passport, permit to travel and freedom from "persecution."

The northern association, it was learned, has made numerous abortive attempts to secure a firm foothold in Shanghai, but owing to the complications arising out of the different legal and other local conditions, has made little headway. Russians living in the Settlement and French Concession have been secure in the knowledge that no force or pressure could be exerted to compel them to pay allegiance to any political group.

Their equanimity was disturbed recently by the publication of an announcement that severe punishment would be meted out to those who refuse to accept banknotes issued by a subsidiary bank of the new Nanking Government, while Russians here were notified in an inconspicuous but significant notification that re-registration of "White Russians" here was impending.

It was reliably learned that the entrance of Soviet Russia into the European war on the side of the Axis following the ruthless invasion of Soviet territory by the Nazis has resulted in an intensification of the campaign of the northern Russian group, which has aligned itself against all "friends of the communists."

More Jews Leave Kobe For Shanghai

Tokyo, Sept. 18.

Two hundred Jewish evacuees from Europe who have been living in Kobe for the past half year left for Shanghai yesterday aboard the Taiyo Maru.

Seventy other evacuees, mostly children and persons who are ill, will leave for Shanghai at the earliest opportunity, it was learned.—United Press.

Dr. Juan Marin Gives Lecture on Foot-Binding

"Foot-binding is a manifestation of fetishism of the foot peculiar to a certain epoch in China," stated Dr. Juan Marin, Chargé d'Affaires, of the Chilean Legation, speaking before the opening meeting of the autumn session, of the British Universities' Society of China, held in the Henry Lester Institute of Medical Research, on Wednesday afternoon.

He devoted some time to the elucidation of the many allegations of the origin of foot-binding in China. One author dated its origin back to 1,100 B.C., when an Empress suffering from congenital Club foot persuaded her consort to order the deformation of the feet of all her subjects so that she would not appear inferior to them. Another wrote that in or about 600 B.C., an Emperor caused one of his concubines with bound feet to dance before the court, on a six foot gilded lily studded with jewels and precious stones. Various other alleged sources were mentioned.

Cause of Tuberculosis

He then elaborated on the process of foot-binding as described by various writers, e.g. Dr. Jas. L. Maxwell, Morache, H. C. Patrick, etc., illustrating these points with pictures and X-rays of bound feet. "Each bound foot costs a barrel of tears," so says a proverb, and to this has been attributed the prevalence of tuberculosis among Chinese women.

From literary and historical sources, it can thus be asserted that bound feet during eras of their prevalence, became thus the fetish of erotic and social life. Fan Hsien, a Manchurian writer, described five groups and 18 different types of bound feet, adding that "you will be able to judge the fatness, suavity by their form, but their elegance can only be seen through the mind's eye." It has been asserted by Dr. Lin Yu-tang, and rightly too, that foot-binding is "without doubt, the highest sophistication of the sensual imagination of the Chinese."

Psycho-analytical Background

A psycho-analytical study of this custom was then presented by the speaker, giving first an outline of the Freudian precepts of sado-masochism and fundamental ideas of that school of thought on the subject of fetishism. In a recent publication, "Freudian Essays," the speaker had already presented a study on the fetishism of the feet, which was highly recommended by Freud just a few months before his death. Quoting from various sources, he outlined some of the salient features of this perversion as manifested in Europe, and showed that the foot was one of the most important objects of this trait.

Among the Chinese, according to Matignon, there is a particular erotic deviation to the foot. Chinese women were more bashful about showing their feet even to their own husbands in the privacy of their own rooms. The latter also do not show their admiration and emotions in the same open way that Continental men do.

Psycho-analysis can aid, without doubt, the study of the origin of foot-binding in China, and the recent disappearance of this cruel custom is due to its incompatibility to modern life. When this nation awoke from her long lethargy and incorporated herself into modern life, foot-binding received its "death knell."

Capture of German Priest Confirmed

Peiping, Sept. 17.

The capture of the Rev. William Pfiaum, German priest in Chosi, concerning which rumours were published some time ago has now been confirmed.

Father Pfiaum is a native of Lembach, Germany, and is 28 years old. He arrived in China in 1939 and after studying the language at the Franciscan Language School, left here last year to join his associates in the Vicariate of Shochow. He was on his way from his mission in Tsiaoerhling to Hual Jen on August 27 when he was surprised by a group of Reds and led away.—Havas Telemondial.

Lamotte-Picquet in Japan for Repairs

Saigon, Sept. 18.

Formally denying reports emanating from Chungking, the Government-General declared yesterday that the voyage of the cruiser Lamotte-Picquet (7,249 tons) to Japan was not connected with a Franco-Japanese agreement.

The cruiser left Saigon recently for Osaka for repairs and drydocking as facilities are lacking in Indo-China.

The Lamotte-Picquet, the flagship of the French fleet in Indo-China waters, played a decisive part in the main naval engagement during the war between Indo-China and Thailand.—Reuter.

A Simple Aid To Health And Beauty

True beauty is not the result of skilful application of cosmetics, it is the symbol of vibrant health which is only possible when the bodily functions are working regularly and normally. The most important essential to health is internal cleanliness, to ensure which an occasional dose of Pinkettes is usually all that is needed.

When you are constipated, poisons from the accumulated waste matter contaminate the blood stream, with the result that you feel listless, have no appetite, are irritable and your skin is often marred by pimples and boils. Pinkettes dispel constipation, tone up the liver, aid digestion, clear up pimples and other blemishes, quickly restore happy, healthy well being. Try a dose tonight. All chemists sell them.

PINKETTES

the dainty little laxatives.

FOR SALE

Excellent investment property bounded by roads on all sides. Area: Mow 3.717 with 52 shops and 1 hong. Central District. Foreign title deed. Good return.

BRANDT & RODGERS, LTD.

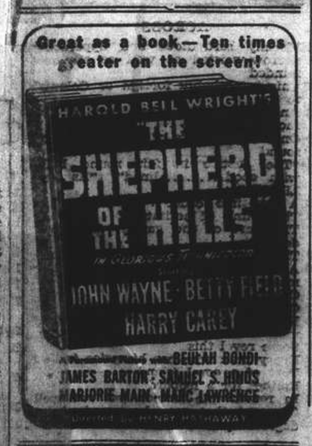
(Incorporated in Hongkong)

Sales Department

Telephone 11169 391 Kiangse Road

Order Department Tel. 30087

Great as a book.—Ten times greater on the screen!



LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Letters for this column should be addressed to THE EDITOR, NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, 17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI. *To ensure secrecy, mark correspondence "Letters to The Editor."*

Cathedral Compound:

A Proposal to Move

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS."

SIR,—The present generation of Cathedral subscribers and Trustees should take note of your article in yesterday's issue under the heading, "Control of Shanghai's oldest Temple in Bitter Dispute," and especially the last paragraph, before tinkering about with bits of the property to raise momentary funds.

LAND IS SOLD

Gradually the original site of the temple shrank until only a portion was left on Bubbling Well Road and a portion facing Kiaochow Road at its back.

Even this did not remain too long, for a few years ago, in order to meet financial obligations, the monks were forced to sell some more of their land and retain for themselves only a small portion of that once great temple.

My suggestion in reply to INTERESTED's letter in Sunday's issue and his remark "Is there no other way," would be to sell the whole of the property, dismantle the existing Cathedral, and rebuild with all the old materials on a site which is obtainable within the Settlement limits further out in the Western district.

The site in mind has an area of 59 mow of well-developed, cultured, natural land, of which three mow could probably be purchased upon which to rebuild the Cathedral, and the balance of 56 mow left as perpetual open surroundings.

After the costs of rebuilding and modernizing the edifice, heating, lighting systems etc., had all been paid for, the net balance would result in a credit of several million dollars, or double figures in thousands of pounds sterling, which if invested at 5 per cent. would set all the financial worries at rest.

DUTY.

Shanghai, Sept. 17.

The Cathedral's Position

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS."

SIR,—The problem before those interested in the Cathedral and the Cathedral School appears to be:

(a) To provide funds for the maintenance of the Cathedral.
(b) To provide funds to build a school for boys.

In regard to (a):—

A long time ago a lease was made covering the piece of land on Honan Road which it is proposed to sell. Tht lease falls in on December 31 1944.

There seems to be an idea abroad that it is better to sell this strip on Honan Road because of the difficulty the Trustees would experience in collecting rents from Chinese tenants. Although it is impossible to raise rents of Chinese tenants in the same proportion as the rents of foreign tenants have been raised, yet Chinese tenants do pay their rents.

The present assessed rental of the shops erected on the strip of land on Honan Road is $46,668 per annum and the paid rental is over $50,000 per annum as compared with the $2,000 now received by the Cathedral. If the prospective purchaser sees the Honan Road site as a good investment, we must assume that it is equally good for the Cathedral and they might as well retain it.

The Cathedral has been able to carry on for the past many years and I feel sure will be able to keep out of financial trouble until 1945 when the rentals from the Honan Road property will be available.

In regard to (b):—

The Cathedral School premises in Kiukiang Road are now being used as a hospital which pays $60,000 per annum as rent and the lease expires shortly. The Trustees may consider it advisable to renew this lease, but presumably at an increased rental.

There is about 28 750 square feet of space which could be used as offices. The present rate for office space in that district for a three-storied building is $6 per square foot per annum without heat and the estimated income would be $172,500 per annum. Cut this by 30 per cent. to allow for empty offices and we have a figure of $120,750 per annum.

The Trustees have full powers to raise funds on the security of the Cathedral Lot and buildings. The assessed value of the Lot is over $4,000,000 and, with the buildings, gives ample security for the amount of $900,000 which it is proposed to raise to purchase the equity in the Cathedral School. But this does not allow for alterations, painting etc. if the hospital leaves the premises, and $100 000 would probably be required, making a total of $1,000,000, which would have to be raised. This could probably be arranged as a mortgage or an overdraft with the Cathedral bankers at 8 per cent. per annum, or $80,000.

The position would be as follows:—

Rent of Cathedral School	$120,750
Less Interest	80,000
Surplus (Gross)	$ 40,750
1945 position:—	
Rents of Cathedral School	$120,750
Rent of Honan Road Shops	50,000
	$170,750
Less Interest	80,000
Surplus (Gross)	$ 90,750

Accumulated surplus could be used to pay off the mortgage.

The above estimates are on the conservative side for the following reasons.

It may be possible to increase the rents on Honan Road.

Office space in the Central District is difficult to obtain and it is not likely that any part of the space would be vacant and this would give an additional $51,750 per annum.

I hope I have shown that the Cathedral is in a strong position and that it is quite unnecessary for any part of the Cathedral Lot to be sold.

SUBSCRIBER.

Shanghai, Sept. 17.

"V" in Japan:

And What a Nazi Said

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS."

SIR,—I was very much amused by your report on the objections raised in Kobe by the Japanese authorities against the display of the letter V by my compatriots there.

Most people will know that this popular reaction is mainly due to the arrogance of the Nazis in the Far East, and in Japan particularly, who do not stop repeating that the letter V stands for a German victory over the whole world, including Japan, and not for that little girl called Viktoria, like the "Noon Bulletin" pretends.

Few people, however, will know that the Japanese were particularly irritated by an incident which happened "somewhere" in Japan, when a high Nazi official at a large meeting of his Axis friends voiced his contempt for the crowd around him by referring to them in a loud voice as "Das Gelbe Vieh." The last word is pronounced "V," the whole expression meaning: "That yellow cattle!"

A Japanese nearby, who happened to overhear this remark and also to understand German, duly reported this V-ile remark to his authorities and you can well imagine the "smoothing over" talks that followed up at high quarters. The Nazis are known to be marvellous apologizers.

Herewith I enclose the harmless V-label in question.

The double V (W) on the left stands for the name of our Queen, Wilhelmina, and the W's on the top of the three pillars for "Weerbaar" (war-prepared), "Werkzaam" (active) and "Waakzaam" (vigilant), the three pillars of our world empire. On the right you find ". . . —"

HOLLANDER.

Shanghai, Sept. 18.

Shanghai's Gasoline:

Suggestions to Oil Companies

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS."

SIR,—It is of considerable interest to me to learn what restrictions, if any, are being placed by the oil companies in Shanghai, to impede the nefarious practice of hoarding gasoline, by Shanghai parasites, who daily are seen filling up large drums, and draining the various gasoline stations of legitimate supplies to consumers.

I have just returned from Tsingtao, where the same practice was followed prior to the embargo. Hoarders are now selling petrol at that port for F.R.B. $8 per gallon. (N. C. $17). I consequently view with apprehension and contempt, this latest Shanghai contemplated "gasoline ramp," since to the best of my knowledge no restrictions have been placed on hoarders.

Should the various oil companies be at a loss to put a stop to this hoarding, might I suggest the following solutions:—

1. Gasoline only to be sold to car owners. Filling of drums and cans at filling stations to be strictly prohibited.
2. If the quantities sold are to be restricted, then the resources of all oil companies to be "pooled" and ration cards issued to all legitimate consumers. This is the only way to conserve supplies, and discourage hoarding.

A little more action and less of this sickening complacency, is what is required to remove the stigma of "Hoarder's Paradise" which is the reputation this city has earned.

ETHYL.

Shanghai, Sept. 17.

Shanghai Rentals:

A Good Landlord

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS."

SIR,—With so many evil landlords being exposed in the columns of your paper, possibly a change might be of interest to your readers.

We have lived in our present house, under our present landlord, for many years. During that time he has never raised our rent. When the value of the Chinese dollar greatly depreciated, we suggested to him that we pay a higher rental, but unlike the ordinary landlord of whom we read, he refused to accept an increase; and this in spite of the fact that he lives outside China, so his receipts are seriously affected by the adverse exchange. When the dollar declined still more, he suggested that we pay the rates, which he had paid up to that time. We were, of course, only too glad to agree to this. But this is the only increase we have had. I recall that on one occasion some years ago, when times were hard, he wrote telling us to take the August rent towards sending the family away for a holiday. He is not a rich man, and has a large family to support and educate. But he is a Christian! It is a grand thing to be a Christian, and it's a grand thing to have a Christian landlord in Shanghai today.

We rent in all four properties in Shanghai, from three different landlords, all Christians. We have had the utmost fairness from them all: I might even say generosity. We have rented from people who are not Christians, of various nationalities, and our experiences have tallied with those described in your paper. But it is a pleasure to be able to tell a very different story with regard to those landlords who are genuine Christians; and remember there are false, as well as true, Christians. "By their fruits ye shall know them."

FAIRPLAY.

Shanghai, Sept. 18.

Japanese Have Rude Shock in Singapore

Singapore, Sept. 18.

The Japanese evacuees who sail tomorrow aboard the Hakone Maru for Japan today suffered a rude shock when they learned that nearly all the goods that they had bought in the last few days had to be left behind because they failed to comply with export licence regulations.

Anticipating a shortage in Japan of good clothing, household goods, sugar, butter, sewing machines gramophones and hundreds of other useful articles, the Japanese went on a buying spree.

They bought heavily because they thought that through purchasses they would be able to get something valuable for their money, which they cannot export or take with them to Japan because of the freezing regulations.

They were warned today by the Customs, however, that they would have to leave the majority of their purchases behind since they failed to obtain special export licences.

The Customs officials emphasized that export control applies equally to nationalities leaving Malaya and that it was not a measure aimed at the Japanese only.—United Press.

U.S. Navy to Employ 17 Merchant Vessels

New York, Sept. 18.

The United States Navy had arranged to use 17 merchantment as supply ships to naval bases outside continental United States, according to an announcement last night by Rear-Admiral Adolphus Andrews, Commandant of the Third Naval District.

Several, he added, had been put into service, and the remainder would be ready shortly. All ships would be manned with civilian crews.—Reuter.

The Jungle Law

History of the Radiolocator

Washington.

THE first "radiolocator" was invented over twenty-one years ago to determine the location of "atmospheric electrical discharges" (lightning is such a discharge) and not to detect enemy bombers. This is disclosed in a British patent (No. 129,336) granted on July 17, 1919, to Robert Alexander Watson Watt, who was recently announced by British authorities as the inventor of the radiolocator now being used by the R. A. F. to detect enemy bombers at night, long before they reach England's shores, states the "New York Times."

At the time Mr. Watt obtained his first patent, he was a meteorologist with the British Meteorological Office, which corresponds to the United States Weather Bureau. In the years that followed he obtained fourteen other British patents. Copies of the fifteen patents are on file here in the Patent Office. They relate to radio direction and position-finding apparatus, and devices designed for use in such systems. It thus appears that research work on the secret radiolocator now being used by the British began at least twenty-one years ago.

Directional Aerials Used

In the 1919 patent, the radiolocator included two directional aerials and an "exploring coil." The aerials were rotated and their position, when the exploring coil gave the strongest signal, indicated the location of the atmospheric electrical discharges by the radio waves which they created. In the words of the patent this device is useful for meteorological purposes such as the location of atmospheric electrical discharges.

Mr. Watt continued with his research, for a number of patents in his name were taken out for various improved radio direction finders, more sensitive and accurate, designed to eliminate errors and interference.

System for Gunnery Control

One of the patents (No. 268,691) granted in 1927 covers a radio system designed for gunnery control and the sending of compass and master-clock indications. Another patent (No. 416,126) was designed to eliminate "night-error." When a radio signal is transmitted it may travel over two waves, the ground wave which goes directly to the receiver, and the "echo" wave, which travels into the stratosphere from whence it is reflected to the earth. Thus, two signals, one of which comes in slightly later than the other, are picked up by the receiver. As this phenomenon occurs mostly at night, it is called "night error."

Since bombers generally make their raids during the night, night error elimination would probably be a feature of any modern radiolocator.

Joined Research Board

By the time Mr. Watt received this patent he had become associated with the Radio Research Station of the British Department of Scientific and Industrial Research. In a recent report issued by our own National Resources and Planning Board on industrial research, this body was cited as an outstanding example of government encouragement and support of research for the benefit of industry. The British are probably thanking its founders for their foresight in setting up such a research organization right after the first World War. For the part it has played through Mr. Watt the development of the radiolocator alone has more than justified cost of its upkeep.

Wireless Direction, Position Finding

On April 2, 1935, Mr. Watt received his eleventh patent (No. 426,328) which related to wireless direction and position finding. To a radio operator on the ground it makes viewing screen so that the position of an airplane in flight by short radio waves radiating or sent from the aircraft. A point of light generated on the fluorescent screen of a television-like receiving tube, moves across a map of the area to indicate continuously the course of the craft. Movement of the spot of light is controlled by radio waves picked up from the plane. The map is mounted directly on the viewing screen so that the position and course of the plane can be followed directly.

For Use on Aeroplanes or Ships

The patent also shows how this particular radiolocator may be mounted on aeroplanes or ships. On an airplane it would give the pilot his position above ground and would permit landing of the plane in fog. In this case, a map of the landing area is on the viewing screen before the pilot. The point of light on the map of the airfield tells the pilot his location over the field.

On a ship such a device would make visible the location of nearby ships at night or in a fog, or shore stations from the radio signals which they broadcast.

Further Patents

In 1936 three patents were granted to Mr. Watt. One makes the electron beam which generates a spot of light on the screen more sensitive to deflection so that it is moved readily by the weakest in coming signals. Another patent is for a device which indicates whether the beam is moving properly; while the third patent increases the electrons in the beam so that it can be moved more rapidly and yet produce a brilliant and highly visible indicating spot of light on the screen.

British Keep Secret

That any of these fifteen patents issued to Mr. Watt discloses the secret version of the radiolocator now being used by the British is unlikely. The authorities would never let the details of a valued military device such as this come to light in a public document, copies of which are available to any one. However, Mr. Watt's fifteen patents indicate that a tremendous amount of research and groundwork, extending over a long period of years, went into the development of this instrument. Oddly enough, none of Mr. Watt's inventions was patented in the United States.

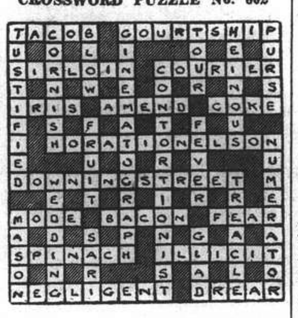
England, however, is not the only country whose inventors have been working on radiolocators. In 1939, Ernst Gerhardt of Berlin received a patent here (No. 2,177,061) for a radiolocator which sweeps the skies with short beams so that they intersect. Where the beams cut through one another an interference pattern or radio curtain is set up. An aeroplane caught in this "curtain" indicates its position by radio waves reflected from the body of the craft to a receiving station on the ground. This patent is assigned to Germany's great radio firm, the Telefunken Gesellschaft fur Drahtlose Telegraphie. An application for a patent was filed in Germany as early as 1935.

American Develops Finder

United States inventors have also been busy. Recently the War Department announced that it had developed a radiolocator and issued a call for volunteers to operate a chain of them which it declared would be erected on the coastline.

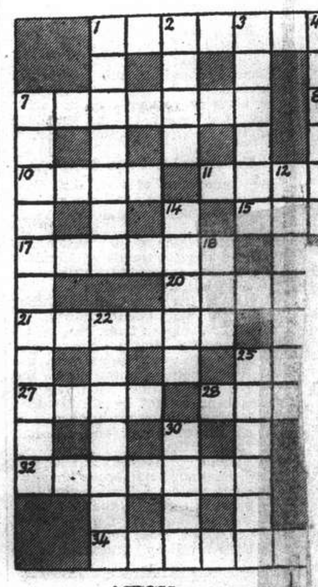
Earlier in the year a patent (No. 2,231,929) was granted to Joseph Lyman of Huntington, N. Y., for a "Tri-dimensional Radio Direction Indicator." Mounted on the ground or in the nose of an aeroplane, it is claimed to reveal the location and presence of enemy aircraft by sweeping the sky with short radio beams, then picking up rays reflected by the planes which are spotted by the beams. This patent was assigned to the Sperry Gyroscope Company of Brooklyn.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 602



CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 603

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph")



ACROSS

1 Morally scrupulous and apparently narrow-waisted as well as narrow-minded
7 This is probably foreign or Colonial to us
8 An official who takes part in the race
10 On this the seats of honour may be found
11 "The Justice in fair round belly with good.....lined" ("As You Like It")
13 A war-time leader
15 The sound of hesitation?
17 The part of the garden for the 2 down
19 The farmer may call these beasts
20 A rearrangement of this is needed to make it clear
21 Colour
23 On your this is in your interest
25 No great blow from either point of view
27 Some revel this
28 Every man who has his price is this
29 Part of a coral island
32 Epithet for a leopard
33 In remarkable fashion yet not well
34 Garment that may be acquired by degrees by a "Diana"

DOWN

1 Fish that makes a woman useful in a house
2 "Red tact" (anag.)
3 Obviously not the part of the barracks where the mess is
4 Be completely sorry in a sad way
5 The man for whom one across was a common epithet
6 This weapon would make a noise if heartless
16 Packages containing beer
18 Tree
19 Vehicle
22 No, one has not to take cargo from this vessel to make it
24 "To a crab" (anag.)
25 Part of the body that is not upset about the end
26 An article in Punch is, of course, part of Punch
30 Trudge
31 An altered bust

Huge Sum Provided for New Ordinance Works

Washington, Sept. 18.

The War Department has provided over $80,000,000 for construction and first year's production of new ordnance works in Oklahoma. The works will produce smokeless powder and other explosives and will employ 5,000 people.

The "New York Post" reveals that a factory for the construction of bombers is being built in Michigan. It is planned to turn out planes at the rate of one every hour.—Reuter.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF SEPTEMBER 19, 1871

The Emperor has acceded to a request from the Governor of Chekiang that a memorial temple may be erected to Mahsin-je the late viceroy of Nanking. Ma was Governor of Chekiang before his promotion to the Southern Capital, and did much to restore that province to order, in the days following the suppression of the rebellion; he also repaired the sea-wall. A memorial temple is accordingly to be erected to him in the neighbourhood, and he is placed in the National Pantheon and will receive spring and autumn sacrifices.

TO-DAY'S RADIO

395m. **XMHD** 760kc.

THE NEWS OF THE WORLD

CONCISE
CLEAR
CANDID

XMHD broadcasts news in English daily at 12.45 and 9 p.m. and news in Chinese daily at 12.30 and 9.15 p.m.

MAILS COMING AND GOING
EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS
WEATHER REPORTS
LOCAL EVENTS OF THE DAY

At other hours, the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association broadcasts in English and Chinese language programme of music and talks.

FRENCH BROADCASTING STATION

FFZ

193 Avenue Joffre, Shanghai
TELEPHONE 80567

Medium wave: *214m., 1400kc.*
Short wave: *24.80m., 12.09mc.*

Daily broadcast in four languages.

Time table

12.00 Classical music.
1.00 News in French.
1.15 Assorted music.
5.30 Chinese lesson for foreigners.
5.50 French lesson for Chinese students.
6.10 Chinese music.
6.15 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect).
6.30 Chinese music.
6.35 News in Chinese (Mandarin).
6.50 Light music.
7.20 Music by Russian composers.
7.30 News in Russian.
7.45 Music by Russian composers.
7.50 Semi-classical music.
8.30 News in French.
8.45 Light music.
9.00 News in English.
9.30 Concert:
Ballet Music.
Strawinsky: Sacrement or Spring; P. Dukas: The Peri: D. Schostakowitsch: The golden age; A. Mossoloff: The steel foundry.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

XGDN

"The Voice of Democracy" in Shanghai
Wave length 208m. Frequency 1440kc.
P. O. Box 433. Shanghai
Telephone 16987

To-day's Programme

7.30-12.10 Chinese Programme with News Broadcasts at 7.45 and 11.00. Chinese lesson from 8.15 to 8.45
12.10 Indian Programme
12.30 Selections from Operettas
12.45 News in English
1.00 News in Chinese
1.15 News in French
1.30 News in German
1.45 News in Russian
2.00 News in Czechoslovak
2.30 Dance Music for the Connoisseur
3.30 Woman and Home
4.30 Chinese Programme including
5.20 News
5.35 Professor Wei Chung-loh's Classical Programme
6.00 News
6.15 Commentary
7.00 Concert from Lower Basin Street
7.30 Autumn Evening Melodies
8.00 Relay from the B.B.C.
8.30 Noel Abbott's Programme
9.00 News in English
9.20 "Weekly Commentary" by Alfred Morley
9.30 Frank Barry's Bee Quiz
10.00 Nights at the Ballet
10.30 Movie Memories
11.00 Late Night Final
11.10 Dance Music
11.40 Moviegoers' News Summary
11.50-12.00 News in Chinese
(Programme details and Short Wave schedules in Radio Flash.)

BBC

The main items in the London programme which can be heard on GSV in the 16 metre band and later on GSF in the 19 and GSD in the 25 metre bands are:—

p.m.
8.00 NEWS, War Commentary and Listening Post.
8.30 The Blue Peter. A magazine programme for the Merchant Navy.
9.15 Music of Oscar Strauss, played by the B.B.C. Theatre Orchestra and Chorus.
10.00 News and News Commentary.
11.00 Makers of History. William Plimsoll.
11.15 Civilians' War. A Sailors Home.
11.50 War Correspondent in the Making.
Midnight. World Affairs. Talk by H. Wickham Steed.
.45 French programme on GSG 16 metre band.

The clear wide-eyed look is so smart to-day and what eyes will not respond to daily attention and care with EYE-MO, the scientific preparation approved by eye specialists.

A drop or two each morning and night and you will have the EYE Appeal so much in vogue.

AUCTIONS

L. MOORE & Co., LTD.

Established in Shanghai 1874 *Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances*

FIRE LOSS ASSESSORS AND AUCTIONEERS

STORAGE TERMS ON APPLICATION *Branch Office:* TOPLIS & HARDING

88 MUSEUM ROAD, SHANGHAI.

In Rear Salesroom—Now On View

To-day, Friday, September 19, 1941, at 9.30 a.m.

Books, magazines, brass and porcelain ware, carpets, leather suit case, records, E.P. ware, Gent's leather overcoats, ladies' fur coats, Gent's and ladies' clothing, suites, dresses, shoes, hats, and sundries.

IN CARGO SALESROOM

To-day, Friday, September 19, 1941, at 2 p.m.

General Merchandise and Sundries

comprising:—

"Klaxon" Horns, "Dunlop" Solid Rubber Tyres, Rickshaw Out Tyres, Inner Tubes and Wheel Rims, Old Motor Car Tyres, "Riemann" Electric Horns, 1/10 H.P. Motor "G.E.", "Aptus" Square Top Bath, W.C. Bowls, Lavatory Basins, Hand Knitting Machines, Cinema Machine, "Pathe" Cinema Camera, "R.C.A." and "Samson" Amplifiers, Gramophone Needles, Trunk Handles, Old Hinges, Door Handles, Copying Press, Iron Stand, Machinery Parts, Old Canvas Hoses, Rubber, Iron Pins, Plate Glasses, Duck and Goose Feather, "Texaco" Motor Oil, Tobacco Leaf and Stems, Stencil Paper, Travelling Baskets, Dental Equipments, Hock Glasses, Plates, Globe Lamps, Shades and Bulbs, "Woodworth" and Chewing Tobacco, Bottles, Aquaperia Water, Clay Jars, Magic Pak Powder, Antro Liquid, Wooden Hat Blocking Woods, Records, Rubber Bathing Caps, Flap Jacks, Sun Shades, Pencil Sharpeners, Straw Hats, Brushes, Tooth Paste and Brushes, Razors, Sun Glasses, Rubber Nips, Electric Goods, Combs, Glass Ware, Glass Shelves, Fishing Net, Hand Bags, Motor Car Signals, Cigar and Card Boxes, Match Boxes, Book ends, Hand Mirrors, Imitation Pearls, Crystal Ware, Laundry Soap, "Howe" Platform Scale, Wyandotte Cleaning Powder, Huron Alkali Cleaner, Salted Cat Hides, etc., and

1 "Pegson" Magneto—Operated Power Rammer with Carriage
2 Iron Drums Black Dye
1 Case Grooved Emery Filleting (Damaged)

NOW ON VIEW

In Main Salesroom—Now On View

On Saturday, September 20, 1941, commencing at 9.30 a.m.

Tientsin and Axminster carpets, rugs, upholstered double spring couches and arm chairs, spring day beds, quilts, silk materials, studio couches, electric gramophone, golf clubs, table fans, oil paintings, pictures, bathroom and baby scales, "Music Master" 5-tube radio, electric dry shaver, music box, electric clocks, child's pram, modern style dining room and bedroom furniture, blackwood side tables, teapoys, flower stands, books, magazines, bookcases, steel and wooden desks, desk chairs, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, silver ware cabinets, glass and porcelain ware, ornaments, E.P. ware, cutlery, samovar, lamps, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, chairs, stools, bedsteads, mattresses, cupboards, wicker furniture, carpet sweeper, etc., also

1 12-Bore Double barrel hammerless sporting gun by R. Robinson of Hull in case
1 "Frigidaire" Refrigerator 110-220 volts, 1 American guitar in case
1 10-Tube combination radio-gramophone with twin loudspeaker 220 volts
10 Canaries with 3 bird cages, 1 Real leather covered sitting room suite 5 pcs.

Noël, Murray & Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)

AUCTIONEERS AND APPRAISERS

Will Sell by Public Auction Under Instructions From The Concerned

IN OUR SALESROOM (160 CANTON ROAD)

To-day, Friday, September 19, 1941, at 9.30 a.m.

Superior Household and Office Furniture, Davenport Bed, Carpets, "E. Leitz Wetzlar" Misroscope, Sewing Machines, Large Show Cases, Chinese Gold and Red Lacquered Screens and Ornaments, Crockery, etc.

NOW ON VIEW

HUGH MARTIN, *Managing Director.*

BEETLE VIRUS

The Effective Exterminator

Read this testimonial from Salisbury

"I think your BEETLE VIRUS is a wonderful thing. I have tried several powders, etc., but none so successful as yours. I cannot speak too highly of it"

V $8.50 at all dispensaries

Agents

WATSON'S

A Good Variety of Printing

The Printing Department of the "North-China Daily News" produces the following variety of commercial printing:

Articles of Association	Three Colour Reproductions
Share Warrants	Book Binding
Dividend Warrants	Catalogues
Share Certificates	Stationery
Cheques	Loose Leaf Ledgers
Account Books	Freight Tariffs
Reports and Accounts	Trade Circulars
Minutes of Annual Meetings	Private Codes, etc.

THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
PRINTING DEPARTMENT

17 The Bund, Shanghai, China. Telephone 11055, Extension 5

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the new columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

TEHERAN PURGED

An immediate blessing brought to Iran by the intervention of Great Britain and Russia, for the purpose of eliminating Axis activities in that country, has been the abdication of Shah Riza Kahn Pahlevi, and the ending of a ruthless tyranny which has extended over the last sixteen years. His son, who succeeds him, promises to rule constitutionally. During his rule, the ex-Shah who rose from a sergeant to govern his country, amassed a huge fortune by his trade in monopolies and grinding taxation, maintaining a police system as efficient as the Gestapo and stamping out all forms of opposition to his rapacious exploitation of the nation. He had been wise enough to permit his senior officers in the Army to have their share of the rich pickings, but they were unable to help him retain power, because the rank and file was as hostile to the ex-Shah as was the rest of the population. What happened was that the intervention of Great Britain and Russia, for an entirely different purpose from bringing about a revolution, provided the Cabinet with an opportunity of telling the ex-Shah that he would have to go.

There is evidence that at the last moment he sought British assistance which appears to have been denied him, and rightly so, and when he realized that there was no further hope for him, he abdicated and so probably saved his life. There is every reason to believe that if the country had risen against him, as there was a grave danger it would, he would most likely have met his end either by assassination, or by execution. In the meantime the staffs of enemy Legations are being expelled from Iran. The Rumanian representatives left on Tuesday; the German, Hungarian, and Bulgarian Legations were to have left on Wednesday. The Italians are to go also and it is interesting to note that they insisted on travelling in a separate convoy from the Germans, probably preferring their room to their company, indicating a sentiment with which there would doubtless be plenty of sympathy, even though it may prove embarrassing to the Italian Government. Another interesting fact is that the German Minister has given his word that the convoy will not linger on the way out of Iran, which may or may not mean anything. If indeed he does dally, as he may be expected to, there will be means of hurrying him along.

The cleaning-up of the nest of intrigue which existed at Teheran will considerably strengthen the Russo-British position in Asia Minor, a fact which is admitted by the Germans themselves, and afford the best possible means of protecting the oilfields in the Caucasus and Iran upon which Hitler casts so covetous an eye. In addition to that the time should not be far distant when the railway running from the head of the Persian Gulf to the Caspian Sea should be usable as an alternative route for the despatch of war materials and other supplies to Russia. The distances may be big and the capacity of the railway none too great, but the supply of additional rolling stock should not prove an insuperable difficulty. Furthermore the general position of Great Britain and Russia now is that they are in a splendid position to extend assistance to Turkey, should the future development of Hitler's plans demand an attack upon that country.

But in Iran, as in Iraq and Syria, Great Britain has shown that her advent within their borders has meant the extension of freedom and not the shackling on of the bonds of slavery. The contrast between what Britain is doing and what the Nazis have done in Europe is a striking one. It has meant that the Syrians, Iraqians and the Iranians are being fed as they were not before. Germany starves the nations she has conquered, even those whose borders she has entered fraudulently. Not only starvation, but spoliation faces them in the most disgraceful forms of robbery it is possible for a so-called civilized nation to indulge in. It is believed that the temporary occupation of Iran will prove to be a prominent turning point in the history of that country. The removal of a tyranny, and the substitution therefor of a constitutional Government gives promise that the people will be freed once and for all from the exactions under which they suffered, and pave the way for increased prosperity and greater contentment.

RETALIATION WANTED

Mr. Winston Churchill's threat last April that if Cairo, or Athens were bombed similar treatment would be meted out to Rome had its effect, so far as Athens was concerned. The enemy appear to have disregarded it in connection with the Egyptian capital which was raided on Tuesday by, it is reported, Italian planes. The report as to identity comes from German sources, and may only be a case of "Please teacher, it wasn't me." On the other hand they have bombed and badly damaged many of London's sacred places, and been bombed in Berlin in retaliation, and if they were mixed up in it, it would be no occasion for surprise. No act could possibly have been more stupid, for Cairo with its 260 mosques and nearly as many *zawias*, or chapels, together with the relics of Hosain and Hasan, grandsons of the Prophet, is one of the holy places of Moslem, and the bombing is likely to increase the Moslem hatred of the dictatorships, and further to inflame the Arabs against them

It is reported that the London newspapers are demanding that the British command should fulfil Mr. Churchill's promise that Rome shall be bombed in retaliation, and with that desire there will be very general agreement. The "Daily Mirror" insists that the British Government should stick by its words. With that it is impossible to disagree for it would be lamentable folly to break this promise. Great Britain should honour its commitments even with the enemy. According to the "Daily Telegraph," plans for a thorough bombing of Rome have been drafted to be put into operation at a given moment, and suggests that the raid on Cairo provides a suitable occasion for carrying them out. It may very well be that military considerations for the moment might render it inopportune to take such an action, but, when an opportunity does occur, there should be no hesitation in giving Rome a taste of its own medicine. And that, not only for the purpose of retaliation, but as a psychological weapon amongst the Moslems who, unable to strike back themselves, would welcome the fact that this onslaught on their holy places had been avenged.

From that point of view the Italians, who appear to have learned nothing from their experience in northern Africa regarding the susceptibilities of the Moslem world, have afforded the Allies an excellent opportunity of showing it who really are their friends, and from the point of view of propaganda, this opening which the Italians' crass stupidity has afforded the Allies should be swiftly availed of. There are those who will plead that Rome, as one of the cradles of Christendom, should be saved such destruction, but it is possible to attack secular Rome without running much risk of damaging the Vatican City. There should be no difficulty in attacking the rest of Rome, and of handing Mussolini a severe lesson as to what he may expect in the future if he pursues his foolish course. There need be only one raid for the time being, just to show him that he "can't do that there 'ere," while further retaliation might be resorted to, if he fails to draw the moral it is desired he should. If nothing is to be regarded as sacred by the enemy in this war, then nothing of theirs should be regarded as inviolate by the Allies.

There will doubtless be some sentimentalists who will deplore the use of this particular argument, but the fact has to be fully appreciated that this war will not be won by turning the other cheek. It will be won by exchanging blow for blow, and that little in addition which means victory. There is nothing chivalrous or courteous about this struggle, which is total. Refraining from bombing Cologne and endangering its cathedral did not prevent the damage to Westminster Abbey, and St. Paul's, and hundreds of historic churches throughout Britain. Nor will failure to retaliate for Cairo save the other Moslem holy places. What is more, it is about time that Mussolini was smoked out from his hiding place behind the skirts of the Papacy. Lay Rome is as much a military objective as is Whitehall, and sentimental regard for the monuments of the old Roman civilization, and the fear of endangering the seat of Holy Church should not give Mussolini that immunity which even his master Hitler is denied.

Voluntary War Contribution Fund

The results which have been published this week in connection with the Voluntary War Contribution Fund show that the standard set of £10,000 each month to be sent home to purchase aeroplanes is being maintained. It is apparent, however, that the difference in exchange, since the fund was inaugurated and now, means that an increasing number of Chinese dollars is being required each month. In this connection it may be remarked that judging from the last lists published the customary monthly remittance would not have been possible, had it not been for the donation of $100,000 which came from Mr. and Mrs. Moller, Sr. It is apparent that in the coming months greater efforts than ever before will be necessary to ensure that the level which the British community in China set for itself shall be maintained. It would indeed be most regrettable if there ever were a failure to send home what has now come to be the recognized sum. Doubtless, if that were to happen, those in Britain would understand the circumstances, but it is urged most strongly that this ought never to occur and that greater sacrifices should be made, if necessary, to prevent it. After all it is the enormous sacrifice of the people at home which is doing so much to win this war, and Britons in China should not be behindhand in giving every cent they possibly can to reinforce their splendid efforts.

Planning A New World

The more responsible schemes drawn up for the foundation of a new world upon the ruins to which the Nazis have brought the old, the better. That is why the Allied League of Nations, or more formally, the "London international assembly formed under the auspices of the international committee of the League of Nations Union," is welcome. According to the brief despatch announcing the formation of this new body, the membership will consist of all those countries now actively at war with Germany, with the addition of China and the United States; the latter being at war in nearly everything but name. The new body is, of course, unofficial. There is little that it can do to further the energetic prosecution of the war at this stage, and what it might attempt in this direction might easily clash with the powers who have the task well in hand. Nevertheless, as a body for the interchange of opinion on the nature of international relations when the war is won, the Allied League should produce good results. It should be able to elaborate from one point of view upon the eight point Atlantic Charter drawn up between Mr. Winston Churchill and President Roosevelt during their recent historic meeting. This charter was never intended to lay down hard and fast rules by which nations should be guided in the years of peace to come. It was intended, however, to provide a framework to be filled in as circumstances transpire and necessities arise. It will be the task of unofficial bodies such as this new Allied League to prepare schemes for this filling in, to contribute to the vast amount of data which must necessarily be collected and examined, and ultimately to offer suggestions as to the best way in which to proceed. There are, of course, official bodies which are engaged in the same study, but the problem has so many facets and presents so many difficulties that these official bodies should welcome advice from any responsible quarter. The advantage of organizations such as this new Allied League is that, through their very internationalism, they will not be tainted by crankiness. Their advice will be worth serious examination since it will embody the considered opinions of men who are sufficiently well informed of the possibilities to deliver informal judgments. It is the world's misfortune that Utopia is not yet just round the corner, especially so when the passions which have been set ablaze by this war are taken into the reckoning. The aggressors must be punished and punished most severely, but punishment must not be confused with vengeance; wrongs must be righted, but not everything that has been destroyed in this war is necessarily good—the objective should not be a return to the *status quo ante*. The aim of the future should be construction first and foremost, and reconstruction should be of secondary importance. These are admittedly the counsels of perfection, and doubtless they will not be realised for many a long decade. That, however, is no reason why they should not be set up as a mark to aim at. If the achievement falls short, it may nevertheless prove a step in the right direction. And the more people there are who can point out the right direction, the less likelihood will there be of error. For "in the multitude of counsellors there is safety."

STRAY NOTES

Sept. 17.—With the summer rapidly ending I am again putting out peanuts for the Titmice, just to remind them that when winter comes they may "stop me and have one" whenever they feel inclined: and this led me to think of an ornithologist in England who has been making some new experiments with Titmice, trying to prove—as I have so often tried—that small birds have something more than the "instinct plus memory" allocated to them by the scientific "behaviourists." This experimenter started out by giving the birds peanuts on strings, just as I do: then he began to hide them in various wire-mesh containers: the Tits followed them up immediately....which seems to suggest that there is something more than *instinct* and *memory*, since nuts were never there before. Then he began to make things difficult! The first gadget helped *memory* by putting the nuts (in a separate container) inside an old distributor; the bird finding the hole in the outside container bunged up, had to fly to the top of the box where it could see the nuts inside....but he must pull a string to bring them up to a position where they were "trapped" so that he could eat them. The Titmouse pulled the string and got his nuts. Next he made a gadget where the bird, using *memory* would pull a string only to find that the container, not being trapped, would fall down again immediately he let go of the string to start eating. Easy! After one or two minutes the Tit pulled, then put his foot on the string and went on feeding: small birds are very handy with their feet, as the Irishman once said. Next came the great test: a trick box, made of a matchbox fixed to an upright, with a little tray below it: the outside cover of the box had a little hole in front, while the inside drawer, pulled slightly up to give a sight of the nuts, had to be pushed *downwards* to allow a nut to slip out into the receiving tray. Right-ho! Up comes Sir T. Tittamus....has two or three looks at this gadget....beats the top of the drawer with his bill....gets nut and flies away: next comes Lady Tittamus; sees husband do trick but cannot follow the *reasoning*. So she just goes for that gadget with her bill, wrecks it and gets the whole of the contents for herself. *Isn't that like a woman?*—E.S.W.

On every formal visit a child ought to be of the party, by way of provision for discourse. In the present case it took up ten minutes to determine whether the boy were most like his father or his mother, and in what particular he resembled either; for of course everybody differed, and everybody was astonished at the opinion of the others.—*Jane Austen.*

INDIANS IN TRAINING

Turbaned Indians are at work side by side with English men and women at a British Technical Training Centre. They are the young Indian trainees who have come to England to learn to be key workers in India's industrial war effort. Their companions at the benches are Britons, who are changing over from peacetime trades to war industry. A bearded Sikh stands beside a tow-headed Englishman who was formerly a baker's assistant. A tall Moslem from Northern India is next to a group of English girls in green overalls, who have left home or office for armament making, states the "Christian Science Monitor."

It is a strange experience for this Moslem whose womenfolk at home probably live in strict seclusion, and the women he has hitherto seen at work have been rough coolies or sweepers.

There are about 25 Indians in a shift and they are scattered about the big workshops. Those who are bare-headed are scarcely noticeable, for they wear the same practical overalls as the Englishmen and are working with the same movement. If one speaks to them, however, they reply more eagerly, for their new life in England is a great adventure and they are entering into it with zest. The staff of the Training Centre praise their keenness, quickness, and good manners.

They have no difficulty in understanding English, which they can also read and write. Most of them have had a high school education and some have been to college. They come from modest middleclass families which, in the past, would have hoped to see their most intelligent sons in clerical jobs.

With the industrialization which is coming to India, however, there are new opportunities in engineering for educated young men. They are quite a different type from the old-fashioned, unskilled Indian worker. The trainees have already been in workshops, in India, and most of them will probably be instructors when they return. The Government of India is planning to train 15,000 young men a year for industry, as part of the war effort.

How They Live

During the latter part of their six-month stay in England, the trainees will be billeted in British working-class families, but for the first month they have been living in a hostel, so that the transition from Indian life should not be too sudden. They are under the care of an Indian superintendent, Mr. K. S. Mahmud, who rules with kindly strictness. At the hostel there is Indian cooking, but the trainees are prepared to eat English food, for they take a progressive attitude toward social customs. In fact, they were visiting the Training Centre Canteen within the first ten days.

For general domestic work at the hostel there are English servants, and this is probably the first time that many of these young Indians have seen Englishwomen doing housework, including the sweepers' work, which is done by inferior castses in India.

In their spare time the Indians walk about the country town in which they are living, and look with admiration at its well-built houses and gardens full of flowers. They go to the cinema, though it does not interest them as much as their own Indian films at home, and they make up their own teams for outdoor games, ground hockey being their favourite.

One day Mr. L. S. Amery, Secretary of State for India, came to see them at work and lunched with them at the hostel. The Indians thoroughly enjoyed the ceremony. They went to work in clean, new overalls, and for the lunch put on their best clothes. Some were in English suits, and others in Indian dress, long black coats buttoned up to the neck and wide trousers. One man wore bright, flowered silk.

Mr. Amery suggested that their stay in England might make them more aware of India. They were of different religions and from different parts of the country, but, he hoped their life among strangers might make them feel that in spite of all their variety they had a unity as Indians. It might help them to put India above sectional and religious differences.

IN PARENTHESIS

Food For Thought

THE Gent—Cutie, you can have anything you want. Shall I read you the menu?

The Gal—No, just read it to the waiter.

* * *

A Shot

A GIRL doesn't mind a man who offers her gingerale, as long as he does it with the proper spirit.

* * *

Shockingly Frigid

HE—Honey, aren't my kisses like something electric?

She—Yes, an electric refrigerator.

* * *

Story of a Great Man

PROGRESS of a great man: (1) Quits shining his own shoes. (2) Quits writing his own letters. (3) Quits writing his own speeches.—Atlanta Two Bells.

* * *

Catty

HE—As far as her devotion to me goes, my girl is tried and true.

She—I'll say. Being true to you must be trying.

* * *

Jackpot

THE boss approached the shipping clerk and asked, Ha, I hear you're in the flower of your youth. The clerk grinned and said, Sure I'm a poppy. Have a cigar!

* * *

Coward

DARN that boy from Yale. He promised to stop kissing me last night.

Well, why be so mad at him?

He kept his word.

* * *

Sure

THE girl in the roadster turned to her escort and said, Honey, you can squeeze in this parking place. And the escort grinned, Can I kiss, too?

* * *

Peep-Peep

I'VE read that there's nothing lower than a man who peeps through transoms.

Oh, yes, there is. A man who peeps through keyholes!

* * *

Writer's Cramp

BETTY over there hopes to make a lot of money as a writer.

Wants to appear in print, eh?

No, in mink.

* * *

Off Again

SHE—Now that we're married, can my mother visit us off and on?

He—Of course. Off your money and on the days I'm out of town.

* * *

No Sale

MIMI recounts the conversation in a hat shoppe when the saleslady cooed, but, madam, this is the smartest hat in the place. And the customer quipped, yes, I know, But I want a change. That is my hat.

* * *

Lost and Found

THAT blonde isn't Bill's fiancee any more, and I've got to write the poor guy a letter of condolence.

That's tough. What happened?

He married her.

* * *

So Much Simpler

SHE went into a shop to choose a present for her husband. She had the salesman ransack the department, pulling everything out for possible approval.

I want to give him a surprise, she said, what would you advise?

The salesman said, wearily, If I were you I should jump out from behind the door and shout 'Boo!'

* * *

Clean Up the Kitchen

TRAVELLER (entering hotel): Can I have something to eat?

Proprietor: Yes; what would you like?

Traveller: What have you got?

Proprietor: Oh, we've got everything.

Traveller: All right; I'll have a bit of everything.

Proprietor (shouting into kitchen): One stoo!

* * *

On His Rights

COMING home on his first leave, the young Scottish soldier was getting a lecture from his father because he hadn't written home often enough.

You promised tae write every week, didna' ye? said the old man sternly.

Yes, father.

An' even when I wrote tae ye, enclosing a stamp for a reply, ye didna' write?

No, father; I hadna' the time.

Then, snapped father, whit did ye dae wi' the stamp?—Answers.

Kailan Mining Administration
has frequent sailings from
SHANGHAI to CHINWANGTAO DIRECT
Reservation for passenger accommodation may be made at the
KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION
SHIPPING OFFICE, 3rd Floor
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building, 12 The Bund.
entrance Foochow Road. Telephone 11070
or through the principal Travel Bureaux.

COOK'S
FOR SHIPPING AND FORWARDING
Customs formalities attended to at Shanghai and at destination
PACKING—INSURANCE—STORAGE
CUSTOMS CLEARANCE
OF INWARD PARCELS OR CONSIGNMENTS
PASSENGER'S BAGGAGE
collected from residence and placed on board any outgoing steamer.
Thos. Cook & Son, Ltd.
FORWARDING AGENTS—LICENSED CUSTOMS BROKERS
119 Nanking Road Tel. 15335 (Extn. No. 9)

"Public Preference our Best Reference"
International Funeral Directors
207 Kiaochow Road Telephone 34220
Artistic Memorials Floral Tributes
R. O. SCOTT, Managing Director

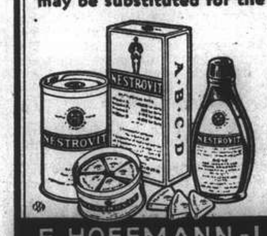
FORD TAXIS TELEPHONE 30189

R. G. BEWEIS 593 Frelupt Tel. 78296
KILLERS
of Bugs, Cockroaches, Rats and Mice
BE WISE AND GO TO
"BEWISE"

American Asiatic Underwriters
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
17 THE BUND TELEPHONE 11144

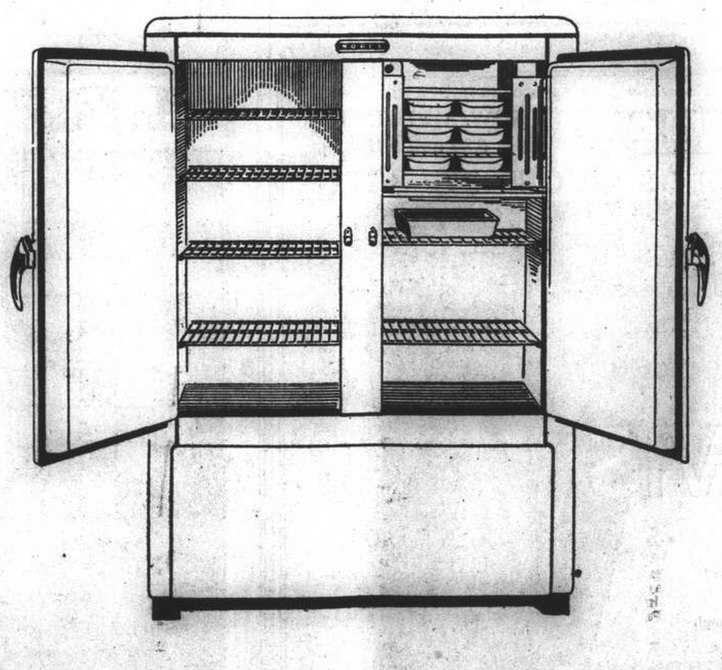
Saridon STOPS ANY PAIN IN LESS THAN 10 MINUTES AND IS PERFECTLY SAFE AND HARMLESS

He's a NESTROVIT Baby

of perfect health and tom-buoyant vitality!
There is no better way of supplying the baby with the necessary vitamins than by supplementing his diet with Nestrovit Emulsion. Baby requires a liberal supply of the four vitamins contained in Nestrovit and should be given Nestrovit Emulsion at an early stage, especially in the case of bottle-fed infants. Nestrovit Emulsion mixes readily with the feed, is willingly taken and is economical in use. One teaspoonful of Netrovit Emulsion daily is an average dose for a baby of 6 months to 4 years. Later on when baby has reached the age of 4 years Nestrovit tablets may be substituted for the Emulsion.

Packings: Nestrovit Emulsion in bottles of 125 c.c. and Nestrovit tablets in tins of 20 and 60 obtainable at all chemists.
NESTROVIT
VITAMINS
A+B1+C+D
Nestrovit is very reasonable in price.
F. HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE & CO., LTD.
BASLE, SWITZERLAND
MAKERS OF MEDICINES OF RARE QUALITY

'DETTOL' TRADE MARK
THE MODERN ANTISEPTIC
This highly efficient killer of germs is non-poisonous and non-staining. Keep it handy. Use it in time.

RECKITT & SONS
(Pharmaceutical Dept.)
Hull & London, Eng.
Imperial Chemical Industries (China) Ltd.
133 Szechuen Road, Shanghai

NORGE

Lowest cost per cubic foot for food storage.
See these new Norge extra capacity refrigerators. They provide unexcelled refrigeration with plenty of storage space for larger quantities of foodstuffs. Adjustable shelves (regulated down to ½ inch spacings if you so desire) provide utmost flexibility for large and small utensils, milk containers, melons, roasts and poultry.
Economical to Operate.
Economical to Own.
Visit our showroom:
ELECTRIC & MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (China) LTD.
878 Bubbling Well Road Telephone 36865

THE SPORTS PAGE

Lusitano and Hongkew G.C. in Mercury Cup Final Tomorrow

TOMORROW will see the Hongkew Golf Club make their third bid for the Mercury Cup—the blue riband of local lawn bowls supremacy—when they will attempt to wrest the trophy from the hands of the Clube Lusitano in an all-Portuguese final at the greens of the Barbarians Bowling Club, starting at 3.30 p.m. Twice before have the H.G.C. bowlers entered the final, only to be knocked out in their critical match; if they are defeated again this year, they will probably earn the phrase "always a finalist, never a champion."

Unlike the Hongkew Golf Club, the Clube Lusitano captured the Mercury Cup the very first time that they made the final. This happened last season when they eliminated the Yangtszepoo Bowling Club in the deciding encounter. And judging from the performances of the Lusitano stalwarts this year, both in the League and the earlier Mercury Cup tussles, they mean to continue with the good work tomorrow.

The "Mug" Winners

Up to the present, three clubs have had a virtual monopoly of the Mercury Cup, these being the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club, the Yangtszepoo Bowling Club and the Shanghai Recreation Club. Twice, however, other clubs managed to get a "look-in": in 1937, the Police Recreation Club had their name engraved on the trophy, and last year, the Clube Lusitano joined the ranks of the "giants."

The winners of "mug," since the competition was instituted in 1923, are as follows, figures in brackets indicating the number of triumphs:—

1923—Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club.
1924—Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club.
1925—Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club.
1926—Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club.
1927—Yangtszepoo Bowling Club.
1928—Yangtszepoo Bowling Club.
1929—Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club.
1930—Yangtszepoo Bowling Club.
1931—Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club.
1932—Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club.
1933—Yangtszepoo Bowling Club.
1934—Shanghai Recreation Club.
1935—Shanghai Recreation Club.
1936—Yangtszepoo Bowling Club (5).
1937—Police Recreation Club (1).
1938—Shanghai Law Bowls Club (8).
1939—Shanghai Recreation Club (3).
1940—Clube Lusitano (1).

H.G.C.—Now or Never

An interesting aspect of these records is that the Mercury Cup has been in five different hands during the last five years. The only two senior clubs which have not won the trophy yet are the Junior Golf Club and the Hongkew Golf Club—but the latter will be given their chance tomorrow. A victory for the H.G.C. will be a fitting reward for their enthusiasm as this is the first season that they have entered two teams in league play.

But the task of the challengers will be a hard one. They will be facing a club, whose Reds team have swept all before them in the league. Moreover, the Lusitanians eliminated the highly-respected Recs from the Mercury Cup contest in the first round.

Outcome in Laps of Gods

On the other hand, the Hongkew golfers have shown no mean form themselves. They had to mobilize all their strategy to take the measure of the powerful Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club in the semi-finals, winning by 94-82 after close battles on all four rinks. Whether they will meet with equal success against a more difficult proposition in the Clube Lusitano, is a question that remains in the lap of the Gods.

One thing seems certain, however, and that is an obstinate battle will be fought by both sides. Both clubs are known to play at their best when participating in critical matches—and tomorrow's Mercury Cup final should be no exception.

Sunday's League Fixtures

The capacity lawn bowls activity of the past two week-ends will be continued this week as, in addition to the decisive "cup final" tomorrow, a full league schedule of eight fixtures will be played off on Sunday. The programme is as follows, home team being listed first:—

First Division

Hongkew Golf Club v. S.L.B.C. Reds.
Shanghai Recreation Club v. Junior Golf Club.
Lusitano Greens v. Lusitano Reds.
S.L.B.C. Blues v. Yangtszepoo Bowling Club.

Second Division

S.L.B.C. v. Hongkew Golf Club.
Junior Golf Club v. Shanghai Recreation Club.
Clube Lusitano v. Barbarians Bowling Club.
Yangtszepoo Bowling Club v. Country Club.

C.L. Reds and Greens to Meet

It will be seen from the above that the league-leading Clube Lusitano Reds will be fraternizing their less fortunate colleagues, the Greens. With their perfect record of seven victories at stake, it is not likely that the Reds, out of a misguided sense of brotherly love, will be "going easy" on the Greens. Though the leaders are fairly well entrenched at the top of the standings they cannot yet afford to be philantropical with their points.

This Sunday will probably see the long standing deadlock for the runner-up position broken at last. The Recs have had to share the second berth in recent weeks, first with the S.L.B.C. Blues and at present with the Yangtszepoo Bowling Club. But if matches provide no upsets on Sunday, the Recs should be able to claim this position all to themselves.

S.L.B.C. Blues May Win

Against the lowly Junior Golf Club, the champions of last year should have a much easier engagement than the Yangtszepoo aggregation. The latter will be tackling the S.L.B.C. Blues, and if they can do better than avert a defeat, they should have nothing to complain about. Present form, however, indicates that the S.L.B.C. bowlers should emerge victorious, thus regaining their third place in the standings.

The fourth senior encounter of the week-end will be the match between the Hongkew Golf Club and the S.L.B.C. Reds. Here is a fixture which is a toss-up; the Hongkew Golf Club, by virtue of their superior performance in the Mercury Cup should be able to triumph, but will they? Their temperamental form is well-known, and with a bit of pressure, the Reds may be able to capture the honours of the day.

Outside of the first division encounters, there will be an important engagement among the junior teams as the leadership in that section will be at stake this Sunday. At the present moment the S.L.B.C. team occupy the top rung with the Hongkew Golf Club hot behind them. These two teams are now brought together in the leading junior match of the week-end. Which way the tussle will go is difficult to say as both clubs have shown equally steady form throughout the season. Even their records are almost identical: both have played seven matches and both have won five. The only difference is that the H.G.C. have dropped half a point more than the S.L.B.C. bowlers.

Etoile de Lyons Wins Irish St. Leger

Curragh, Sept. 18.

The Irish St. Leger of 13½ miles was won yesterday by Mr. H. Hertigan's Etoile de Lyons, by Coup de Lyons out of Rose of Jericho, which easily turned the table on Mr. John Dillon's Sol Oriens, the Hyperion colt out of Jen Silvermist which won the Irish Derby when today's winner was third.

The Maharaiah of Kashmir's Rao Raja, by Dastur out of Indira, was third.

There were six runners, and the winner was ridden by Joe Canty, who finished five lengths to the good, with the same space between second and third.

Sol Oriens was a 6-4 on favourite, while the winner was 2-1 against and Rao Raja 50-1.—Reuters.

Lawn Bowls Teams

Shanghai Recreation Club

FIRST DIVISION

Shanghai Recreation Club (v. Junior Golf Club, Recs greens, Sunday, 3.30 p.m.):—G. V. Jensen (skip), W. T. Manley, W. Hall, A. L. Roberts; F. O. Madar (skip), G. N. Manley, J. M. C. Lopes, T. G. d'Almeida; G. B. Stormes (skip), C. Thompson, R. E. Manley, T. Murray.

SECOND DIVISION

Shanghai Recreation Club (v. Junior Golf Club, J.G.C. greens, Sunday, 3.30 p.m.):—G. Madar (skip), H. R. Hotchkiss, A. E. Colins, E. Gifford; B. A. Shirazee (skip), J. R. McDonald, J. J. Aldeguer, J. A. Tibble; V. L. Xavier (skip), N. C. Breman, W. Moore, T. C. Avery.

Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club

FIRST DIVISION

S.L.B.C. Reds (v. H.G.C., H.G.C. greens, Sunday, 3.30 p.m.):—W. J. Monk (skip), W. J. Ward, D. A. MacFarlane, H. S. Bartley; W. A. Turnbull (skip), F. Owen, W. J. McDermott, J. J. Evans; W. H. Train (skip), A. S. Russell, E. Jacobs, J. Stevensen. Meet at S.L.B.C. at 3 p.m. If unable to play please notify F. Jacobs.

S.L.B.C. Blues (v. Yangtszepoo Bowling Club, S.L.B.C. greens, Sunday, 3.30 p.m.):—E. R. Harmer (skip), J. Munro, H. S. Bell, J. P. Stalker; C. Richards (skip), F. S. Wood, A. Braid, F. F. Wallwork; J. E. Harvey (skip), T. J. Goodman, A. T. Barrett, F. McLennan. If unable to play please notify E. R. Harmer.

SECOND DIVISION

S.L.B.C. (v. Hongkew Golf Club, at S.L.B.C. greens, Sunday, 3.30 p.m.):—T. Sayle (skip), S. G. Mills, H. B. Lobb, D. F. Harbottle; C. Pratt (skip), J. A. Steddart, H. N. Davies, A. J. Whittaker; J. Frost (skip), D. B. Scrimgeour, A. V. Tait, A. F. Hawkins. If unable to play please notify S. C. Mills.

Barbarians Bowling Club

Barbarians Bowling Club (v. Clube Lusitano, Lusitano greens, Sunday, 3.30 p.m.):—L. Bell (skip), J. Crighton, W. Coleman, V. Mason; H. Finnigan (skip), W. Dow, N. Bell, W. Pike; J. Bowie (skip), G. Prude, P. Krupoveloff, D. Phillips. Reserves: T. Dow, R. Black, S. Hallivell, Marden; bus will leave Barbarians Bowling Club at 2.40 p.m., calling at Bubbling Well Station at 2.45 p.m. and picking up en route as usual.

Clube Lusitano

MERCURY CUP

Clube Lusitano (v. Hongkew Golf Club, Barbarians Bowling Club greens, Saturday, 3.30 p.m.):—A. M. Souza (skip), H. J. Pereirmacao, E. A. S. C. de Souza, F. M. F. Gutierrez; F. A. Souza (skip), J. P. de Campos, O. H. Edgren, A. A. Leitao; H. A. Ozorio (skip), C. J. Passos, J. Sene, J. M. Gutierrez; S. del Rivero (skip), F. Machado, Dr. D. M. P. Gutierres, B. F. Marques. Reserves: A. C. Sequeira, J. E. Medina.

FIRST DIVISION

Lusitano Reds (v. Lusitano Greens, Lusitano greens, Sunday, 3.30 p.m.):—A. M. Souza (skip), S. del Rivero, F. Machado, F. M. F. Gutierrez; F. A. Souza (skip), J. P. de Campos, O. H. Edgren, A. A. Leitao; H. A. Ozorio (skip), C. J. Passos, B. F. Marques, J. M. Gutierrez.

Lusitano Greens (v. Lusitano Reds, Lusitano greens, Sunday, 3.30 p.m.):—H. J. Pereirmacao (skip), A. J. de Roza, J. M. d'Almeida, S. F. Xavier; Dr. D. M. P. Gutierres (skip), J. Sene, F. M. Gonsalves; J. A. Rivero; J. F. Lopes (skip), F. A. S. C. de Sousa, J. E. Medino, A. C. Sequeira.

SECOND DIVISION

Club Lusitano (v. Barbarians Bowling Club, Barbarians Bowling Club greens, Sunday, 3.30 p.m.):—F. X. Gutierrez (skip), M. F. R. Leitao, C. A. Danenberg, J. P. G. Roliz; A. M. Sequeira (skip), H. Costa, H. S. Remedios, A. A. Bantista; M. A. Sequeira (skip), H. A. S. de Sousa, D. M. Gutterres, L. M. Gonsalves.

The Start of a Thirty-Mile Bicycle Marathon

The picture shows a big field taking off for the thirty-mile marathon of the National Amateur Bicycle Champions at Pasadena, California. The race saw Marin Thompson (sixth from right) of Chicago, finish second, after winning a three-mile sprint. He won the senior crown with a total of 17 points.

Golf Starting Times

Hungjao Golf Club

SATURDAY

1.35 Morrison, Bowker/Simpson, Part.
2.05 Huxter, Glass
2.20 West, Thomas, Riggs, Cumming
2.25 Willson, Smith, Anderson, Wolsiffer
2.30 K. M. Cumming/S. Wright, & Co.
2.35 Kearton, Bates, MacEwen, & Co.
2.40 Hadland, & Co.
2.45 Cheetham, Arnold, M. Kidd, Bond
2.50 Raworth, MacDonald, Fisher
2.55 Hines, Partner
3.00 Campbell, Scott, Beveridge
3.05 M. Little, Wood, Glass, Newman
3.10 Hayim, Hlassford, Silby, Forbes
3.15 Mrs. Burton, Mrs. Germ
3.30 Reynells, Laffonds/Captain's Time

SUNDAY

8.28 Willson, Davies/Andrews, Watts
8.44 Smith, Gordon/Laffond, Hayim
8.52 Krueger, Piercy/Robinson, Haley
9.04 Hadland, Partner/Jeffery, Ball
9.12 Reynell, Gordon/Huxter, Partner
9.24 Terrace, Glass/Kearton, Partner
9.32 Cheetham, Sherwin/Perry, Gambl.
9.44 Captain's Time/Morrison, McBain
9.52 Maitland, Riggs/Maitland, Howell
10.05 Pharis, Dunn/Hill, Davies
10.15 Boniface, Mays/Burton, Germ
11.10 Campbell, Alexander

Shaughai Golf Club

SATURDAY

1.16 MacFarlane, McCants/Bell, Jones
1.28 Snow, Walker/Isherwood, Cowherd
1.36 Vice President/Captain
1.48 Grubb, Wilkinson/Cameron, McM.
1.56 Openshaw, Kench/President
2.08 Jourdin, Pharis/De Jong, Lamoo
2.24 Sanhiere, Hubbard, Jr./Mats., Iseri
3.04 Horiuchi, Teraoka/Seki, Uyama
3.12 Shimoda, Takagi

SUNDAY

9.12 Jourdin, Guest/Isherwood, De Jong
9.24 Huggett, Cameron/Bell, Brown
9.32 Stilliard, Grosfils/Clark, Cowherd
9.44 Rigden, Gibbings/President
9.52 Pearson, Adamson/Vice President
10.04 Captain/Hubbard, Jr., Dwyer
10.12 Sanhiere, Cumming/Ball, Walker
10.24 Matsunaga, Iseri/MacFarlane, McC.
10.32 McCutcheon, Burnett/Open., Nelson
10.44 Walker, MacLean/Wentworth, Ross

Recreation Ground Golf Course

SUNDAY

6.32 Kobayashi, Ishikawa/Clements Tay.
6.56 Matsui, Fukabo/Arai, Itoh
7.16 Momma, Tsuruda/Yamagiwa, Hirota
7.48 White, Braun/Cannon, Lumsdaine
8.12 Drezdil, Collaco/Akano, Arakawa
8.40 Gelewsky, Scarpa
8.48 Royster, Bradbeer/Gunn, Davies
9.00 Saint Pol, Saint Pol
9.04 Grew, Richardson/Broad, Sennitt
9.16 Berthet, Palmer/Klausner, Perriam
9.28 Committee/Davidson, Evans
9.40 Sakamoto, Cordo/Case, Case
9.48 Isherwood, Isherwood
9.56 Brick, Sylester/Beattie, Patsons
10.16 Wilson, Wright/Bartley, Pace
10.40 Sonnleitner, Norris/Carter, Edels.
11.16 Goodwin, Trouanovsky
11.20 Young, Marcal

Arnvig Beats Fong To Enter Final

P. Arnvig entered the final bracket of the Junior Singles Tennis Championship yesterday afternoon when after leading B. Fong by two sets to one and 2-0 in the fourth set, he was conceded the game as the Chinese could not carry on having pulled a muscle.

After a rather poor and erratic start in which he dropped the first set 3-6, Arnvig hit his stride in the second when he outplayed his opponent to win convicingly by 6-2. He also took the third side by a decisive margin, 6-1.

Buccaneers, "Y" Cubs in Senior Tussle Today

Two first division games of the Men's Softball League are on the books for today when the league-leading Buccaneers take on the scrappy "Y" Cubs at the Race Course while the Chamber of Commerce aggregation will swing bats with the Columbia Country Club at the latter's diamond.

In the first encounter, the Bucs, on top of the ladder, are strong favourites to beat the "Y" boys who are in the fourth berth of standings. These two outfits clashed not long ago, on which occasion the Pirates drubbed the Cubs by a count of 9-2. But the Cubs have improved since that last battle. It may be recalled that they tumbled the mighty Race Club by a count of 5-4 in a mild upset on Monday. "Dud" Squires or Tom Butler will be on the mound for the Buccaneers while "Girlie" Kazimiroff will likely hurl for the "Y."

The other contest at the C.C.C. is generally conceded to the Columbians who hold the runner-up position in the softball race. Their opponents, the Chamber of Commerce team, are one rung from the bottom of the league ladder. These two squads have also met before. In their previous encounter, the Chamber-men fell before the Triple-C team by a score of 4-0.

But today's meeting may not be such a walk-away for the Columbians as they have been playing ragged ball lately if their performance on Monday against the S.F.X. may be taken as a criterion. On that occasion, when they missed their regular players badly, the C.C.C. took the contest only after struggling through a wild and wooly game which eventually wound up with the fabulous count of 16-14. Be that as it may, the Triple-C boys should beat the Chamber of Commerce aggregation today.

Jeanette MacDonald and Gene Raymond are experimental horticulturists. The pair spend all their spare time when not before the cameras on "Smilin' Through" raising their own plants from seeds and developing new strains.

British-American Boxing Tournament Being Planned

London, Sept. 18.

A "Battle of the Atlantic" boxing tournament, between British and American boxers, in aid of war charities, with the Americans being flown to England by ferry plane, is the ambitious project on which promoter Sydney Hulls is now working.

Some months ago a similar scheme for an Anglo-American tournament, only this time in America, was put forward but it received the cold shoulder from Government circles, and, as most of the British boxers were in the fighting services, the idea was dropped.

Reports Not Very Optimistic

Mr. Hulls says he has official approval for three American boxers to be flown across the Atlantic by ferry plane, provided they are the right men. It would appear, however, that he was not anticipating the numerous difficulties in the way when he expressed the optimistic opinion that American boxers would queue up for the chance to take part.

General Phelan, of the New York State Athletic Boxing Commission, to whom Hulls cabled his idea and terms, has been sounding out the situation in the United States and his report is not very optimistic.

Hampered By Commitments

He had approached half a dozen likely men but, though they were willing, their enthusiasm was hampered by commitments in America. Other possible contenders are now in the Army and could not make the trip. The position at the time of writing is that the few men available are, according to General Phelan, hardly good enough for the scheme outlined by Mr. Hulls.

Mr. Hulls has received one offer direct, however, and that is from K.O. Morgan, one of the leading featherweights in the United States. Morgan, who was in England three years ago and beat Benny Lynch over twelve rounds at Glasgow, cabled "It suits me; thumbs up."

That is certainly a good start, despite the pessimistic view taken by General Phelan, and it is hoped that other Americans of good calibre will be able to snatch the time to help swell the funds in aid of those gallant men on the mine-sweepers.—Reuter.

Cricket Teams

Shanghai Cricket Club

S.C.C. v. S.R.C.—Wood Trophy. S.C.C. Ground, Saturday 20th, 1.45 p.m. Sunday, 21st 11.00 a.m. September 1941, close of play 6.45 p.m. each day.

S.C.C.:—A. C. Sinclair (Capt.), W. V. K. Chadwick, A. V. T. Dean, E. R. Duckitt, G. B. Elliot, J. C. Jenkins, F. Marshall, H. E. Orr, J. W. Pote-Hunt, P. V. Simpson, L. F. Stokes. Umpire: P. J. Hart. Scorers: F. J. Sanger (Saturday) and H. W. Brown (Sunday).

Cards Win Twice to Reduce Dodgers' Lead to One Game

New York, Sept. 17.

PERFORMING like the "gas house gang" of old, the St. Louis Cards moved up to within one game of the Dodgers today when they downed Boston's Braves twice, while Brooklyn was sneaking over a single win on the Pittsburgh Pirates.

Lanky Estel Crabtree, St. Louis garden tender, played a mighty role in the double win by connecting with two timely homers.

The Cardinals are still two games behind Brooklyn in the win column but both clubs have lost an equal number of games.

Brooklyn won their games in the ninth inning when they went on a five-run splurge after trailing by a 4 to 1 count. Augie Galan started the rally with a double, after which Harold "Red Reese" and Bill Herman singled. Pete Reiser drew down a triple that cleared the base-paths and yielded three runs.

Reiser Trapped Off Third Base

Harry Lavagetto smashed out a high bounder and Reiser, seeking to reach home, found himself trapped off third base. Lavagetto, during the play, reached second.

Dolph Camilli drew a free pass to first base, and with two men on base, Lewis Riggs rapped out a sharp single that scored both Lavagetto and Camilli.

Bill Southworth's Cards chopped down Brooklyns lead when they beat the Boston Braves twice. The two leading clubs take on the same foes tomorrow. Remaining on the schedule are ten games for the Dodgers and twelve for St. Louis in the hectic pennant chase.

Cards Win Opener

The Cards took the opener, 6 to 1, coming from behind to knot the score in the seventh frame and then pushed over five runs in the eighth.

Estel Crabtree started the scoring with a homer in the seventh. The next inning all of the St. Louis runs were of the unearned variety.

Crabtree was the hero of the night-cap, which the Cards won 3 to 2, when he clouted out his second homer of the day in the ninth inning.

Reds Beat Phillies Twice

Hubert Lanier was on the mound for the winners and held the Braves to five hits and hurled shutout ball every inning but the seventh.

The Cincinnati Reds, trailing the Dodgers by 13½ games took two straight from the Philadelphia Phillies, the opener 1 to 0 and the night tap 3 to 2.

Johny Vander Meer was the whole show in the opener. He held the Phillies to three hits and registered 11 strikeouts. With today's game the Cincinnati speed ball artist has 195 strikeouts to his record.

The lone run was scored in the fourth when Ernie Lombardi who doubled, advanced to third on Harry Craft's single and came in on Bob Mattick's sacrifice fly.

In the second game Gene Thompson went the route for the Reds and allowed six hits. Cincinnati scored the deciding run in the ninth when pitcher Ike Pearson hit bill Werber, with the bases loaded, to force in a score.

Craft Hit in the Head

In the sixth inning outfielder Craft was hit in the head by Pearson, He was taken to the hospital but the extent of his injury was not immediately determined.

At Chicago the Cubs beat out the New York Giants 7 to 3. Vern Olsen did the hurling for the winners and allowed 10 hits.

The Cubs scored in the first, third, sixth, seventh and eighth innings. Most of the scores were of the unearned variety. In the first frame three walks, an error and a wild pitch accounted for two runs.

In the almost forgotten American circuit the pennant cinchers—Joe McCarthy's New York Yankees—turned in their 97th win of the year by downing the Chicago White Sox 5 to 3.

Chandler Allows Five Hits Only

Spurgeon Chandler did the hurling for New York and turned his foes back with five hits. Tom Henrich connected with a homer with two mates aboard in the eighth. It was his 31st circuit drive of the year. In the third inning Jimmy Kuhel of the Chisox turned in his 12th homer of the season.

Boston's Red Sox ran their winning streak up to nine games by nosing out the Cleveland Indians 3 to 2. Joe Dobson was the winning hurler and held the Indians to six safeties.

Dominic DiMaggio won the game for Boston by connecting with a single which brought in two runs in the last of the ninth inning.

At Washington the Senators beat the St. Louis Browns 9 to 8 in a ten inning battle. Jim Vernon, Senator outfielder, batted in the winning run with a single. Detroits Tigers went into a tie for fourth place by defeating the Philadelphia Athletics 3 to 2. The Tigers were held to four hits but received the help of three Philadelphia errors.

American League

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	3	5	1
New York	5	8	3
Batteries: E. Smith and G. Dickey; Chandler and W. Dickey, Silvestri.			
Detroit	3	4	0
Philadelphia	2	7	3
Batteries: Benton and Tebbetts; Marchildon, Vaughn and Wagner.			
Cleveland	2	6	1
Boston	3	10	1
Batteries: Bagry and Hegan; Dobson and Pytlak.			
St. Louis	8	11	2
Washington	9	20	3
Batteries: Auker, Newlin, McKain and Ferrell; Wynn, Anderson, Zuber and Early, Evans.			

National League

Boston	1	8	2
St. Louis (first game)	6	7	1
Batteries: Earley, Johnson and Masi; Pollet and Mancuso.			
Boston	2	5	0
St. Louis (second game)	3	6	0
Batteries: Tobin and Berres; Lanier and Mancuso.			
Philadelphia	0	3	2
Cincinnati (first game)	1	8	0
Batteries: Melton and Livingston; Vander Meer and Lombardi.			
Philadelphia	2	6	0
Cincinnati (second game)	3	10	0
Batteries: Beck, Pearson and Warren; Thompson and West.			
New York	3	10	2
Chicago	7	10	1
Batteries: Koslo, Lohrman and Danning; V. Olsen and McCullough.			
Brooklyn	6	15	2
Pittsburgh	4	9	0

Batteries: C. Davis, Hamlin and Owen, Franks; Heintzelman, Sewel and Lopez.
Both Leagues complete.—United Press.

LEAGUE STANDINGS

American League

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	97	49	.664
Boston	79	66	.545
Chicago	73	74	.497
Cleveland	70	74	.486
Detroit	71	75	.486
St. Louis	65	78	.455
Washington	63	80	.441
Philadelphia	62	84	.431

National League

Brooklyn	93	51	.646
St. Louis	91	51	.641
Cincinnati	79	64	.552
Pittsburgh	77	66	.538
New York	64	75	.460
Chicago	66	78	.458
Boston	59	84	.413
Philadelphia	40	100	.286

—United Press.

Canidrome Results

1—300 yd. flat.—1, Queen O'Sheba; 2, Swallow.
Also ran:—Wee Dell, Boxing Fan, Wild Wind, Dah Chong.
5 lengths.—Time, 18.04.
Win, $10.40. Forecast 6-5 Div. $29.30.
Place, 1st $7.50; 2nd $7.10.

2—300 yd. flat.—1, Mr. Hattagee; 2, Husky Query.
Also ran:—One Another, Scotch Buddy, Frisky, Bambino, Colonel, Jasper.
6 lengths.—Time, 18.08.
Win, $33.60. Forecast 6-5 Div. $100.60.
Place, 1st $14.70; 2nd $10.80.
Double Event 1/2 6-6 Div. $31.30.

3—300 yd. flat.—1, Jorrock's Alone; 2, Rusty Birch.
Also ran:—Hunter's Wish, Fresh Brew, Daleson, Be Snappy.
1 length.—Time, 18.13.
Win, $26.10. Forecast 6-5 Div. $126.70.
Place, 1st $10.40; 2nd $8.
Double Event 2/3 6-6 Div. $51.70.

4—440 yd. flat.—1, Our Fortune; 2, Constant Vow.
Also ran:—Hunter's Whip, Oregon Dake, Dauntless Question, Coy Nick.
1½ length.—Time, 27.31.
Win, $24.30. Forecast 1-3 Div. $178.20.
Place, 1st $11.30; 2nd $15.40.
Double Event 3/4 6-1 Div. $77.30.

5—500 yd. flat.—1, Lady Ruby; 2, Joyous Colleen.
Also ran:—Mixed Guard, Frozen Rum, Golden Adagio, Odin.
Short head.—Time, 30.97.
Win, $14. Forecast 4-1 Div. $56.20.
Place, 1st $7.10; 2nd $9.10.
Double Event 4/5 1-4 Div. $48.40.

6—500 yd. flat.—1, Talgai Junior; 2, El Caballero.
Also ran:—Moody Mask, Constant Vera, Belle O'Siccawei, Royal Navy.
1 length.—Time, 30.42.
Win, $13.90. Forecast 2-3 Div. $47.30.
Place, 1st $6.40; 2nd $9.
Double Event 5/6 4-2 Div. $13.60.

7—500 yd. flat.—1, Grand Sort; 2, Stolen Quibble.
Also ran:—Mac Queen, Old Coin, Miss Pitts, Sans Cesse.
2 lengths.—Time, 30.12.
Win, $25.50. Forecast 6-1 Div. $140.40.
Place, 1st $12.70; 2nd $16.40.
Double Event 6/7 2-6 Div. $24.30.

8—500 yd. flat.—1, Cordon Blen; 2, Reno Bride.
Also ran:—First Again, Another Day, Albatross, True Pride.
A head.—Time, 30.13.
Win, $44.80. Forecast 4-6 Div. $253.
Place, 1st $15.20; 2nd $13.40.
Double Event 7/8 6-4 Div. $92.60.

DOUMER TEL. 70-

To-day and To-morrow, 2.30, 5, 7, 9.15
75 cts., $1, $1.30 (Reserved)
Tyrone Power—Linda Darnell
"DAY-TIME WIFE"
Of the Wiles Used to Win Back the Husband from his Secretary

HINDS & BARR
Turf Accountants & Commission Agents
100 Central Arcade Tel. 15154-15155

CANIDROME RESULTS

Thursday, September 18, 1941.

Race	Placed-Dogs		$5.00 Win F'cast Pool	Course D/Events $2
1	6	5	29.30	
2	6	5	100.60	31.30
3	6	5	126.70	51.70
4	1	3	178.20	77.30
5	4	1	56.20	48.40
6	2	3	47.30	13.60
7	6	1	140.40	24.30
8	4	6	253.00	92.60

Last Night's Highest Dividends:—

$5 Win Forecast Race No. 8 dog No. 4-6 Div. $253.00.

$2 Course Double Events Races 7/8 dog No. 6-4 Div. $92.60.

A cosy and original place
"PEPPI"
at the Piano
742 BURKILL ROAD
BLUE PETER BAR
Corner Bubbling Well and Carter Road, back of Roxy Theatre

PARC DES SPORTS
AUDITORIUM
PAGALAY
TO-DAY AT 8.00

AIR-COOLED AND AIR-CONDITIONED
CATHAY TELEPHONE 73757
NOW SHOWING! at 3, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
NOW IN ITS SECOND BIG WEEK!
"Sometimes there's a terrible penalty for telling the truth . . ."
BETTE DAVIS is better than in "The Letter" in her new triumph
The Great LIE
GEO. BRENT
MARY ASTOR
Lucile Watson · Hattie McDaniel
Come Early! Feature Starts Promptly on Time
SALE OF RESERVED SEATS FOR ALL A.T.I. THEATRES at the CATHAY, GRAND, NANKING or Downtown at SAM LAZARO BROS!

GRAND TELEPHONE 12223
AIR-COOLED AND AIR-CONDITIONED
OPENS TO-DAY! At 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
IT'S MUSICAL! IT'S COMICAL! IT'S ROMANTIC!
It's everything you've wanted to make you kiss the blues goodbye!
DON AMECHE and MARY MARTIN in Paramount's
"KISS THE BOYS GOODBYE"
(BUT THEY ALWAYS COME BACK FOR MORE)
SONGS! "Sand In My Shoes" "I'll Never Let A Day Pass By" "Find Yourself A Melody" "Kiss The Boys Goodbye" "My Star"
OSCAR LEVANT · CONNIE BOSWELL · RAYMOND WALBURN · VIRGINIA DALE · BARBARA ALLEN
ELIZABETH PATTERSON · JEROME COWAN and ROCHESTER
ALSO: "Popeye, the Sailor" Cartoon

—AIR-COOLED AND AIR-CONDITIONED—
NANKING TELEPHONE 84131
NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
FUNNY ENOUGH TO MAKE A TOP SERGEANT LAUGH!
BOB HOPE
DOROTHY LAMOUR
in
"CAUGHT IN THE DRAFT"
with Lynne Overman · Eddie Bracken
Produced by B. G. DeSylva
Directed by DAVID BUTLER · A Paramount Picture
ADDED: PARAMOUNT NEWS—STONE AGE CARTOON
$1.50, $2.50, $3.50 $1.50, $2.50, $3.50, $4.50
RESERVATIONS: FOR A.T.I. THEATRES CAN ONLY BE HELD TILL 2 HOURS BEFORE the SHOW STARTS

Training of Airmen in Canada Told in Broadcast Here

THE training of airmen at one of the 104 schools operating in Canada under the immense British Commonwealth Air Training Scheme, was the interesting subject discussed over XGDN on Thursday evening by a representative of "Canada Speaks," a broadcast sponsored by the Canadian Association of Shanghai. The talk follows :—

In this broadcast, the eighth of a fortnightly series sponsored by the Canadian Association of Shanghai, I am going to tell you something about the training of airmen at one of the 104 training schools which are being operated in Canada under the immense British Commonwealth Air Training Scheme.

First let's look at the Commonwealth air pupil's progress through the eyes of a flying instructor at an Elementary Flying Training School somewhere in Canada. For when he matriculates into that school he has passed from "link" trainer to real aeroplanes. It is there he will first hear the "Instructor's Lament:"

"Though the skies be clear, I fear much evil,
"For thou, my pupil, art with me"

Strong Planes Used

Not that the instructor means it. Like all of them, he is genuinely interested in his pupils, and convinced that his own are the school's best.

It is at the elementary school that the pupil pilot gets his first 50 hours of flying. The aeroplanes used are comparatively slow, but they must have the sheer strength of a mammoth bridge, and the dependability of an ox team to cope with the demands of elementary training. Coupled with this, they must have to a certain extent the flying characteristics of the faster types the pupils will fly when they move on to the next stage of their training.

The first, and hardest, stage in training a pupil is getting him away on his first solo flight. Anywhere from eight to 12 hours of dual instruction is required before the green material can take the aircraft off, wend its uncertain way around the aerodrome, and wish it back on to the ground without breaking anything. And it's in the first twelve hours that most of the hair-raising episodes occur.

Finally, after living through a period that would make the trials of Job seem like a pleasant holiday, the instructor climbs out and the pupil taxis out, alone for the first time.

No Chances Taken

The instructor usually stands on the aerodrome, watching the pupil with comments either caustic or prayerful. "Hold it off, hold it off, easy now, chhhhhh—ah, he's down, he's stopped. There is a Santa Claus".

But the situation isn't as bad as it sounds. The R.C.A.F. takes no chances—and when a pupil is sent solo, he's been well instructed and there's little doubt in his instructors' minds that he'll be all right. After the first solo flight, the pupil is usually more confident in his own ability and he progresses much more rapidly.

Every pupil is given instruction in aerial acrobatics, or aerobatics as they are called. This instruction is to enable the pilot to retain control of the aircraft in any and every position into which he may get during an engagement. The first few hours of dual instruction on aerobatics usually produce some manoeuvres well worth seeing. Before long, however, the budding birdman is as much at home upside down as he is in normal flight.

Not every pupil who comes in to an elementary school is found to be capable of flying. A small percentage of each intake must be "washed out" as pilots and sent to other schools for other duties. Just what makes a pilot has been puzzling instructors, doctors, and pilots for 30 years now. But with the rigid system of selection the R.C.A.F. employs, "washouts" are few. And after all, not everyone can be taught to swim.

Navigation is Important

Pupils come and pupils go, but instructors go on for ever. A good many of them instructed during the last war, but to look at them you'd never think they were that old. Combining the patience of an ox with the insight of a phychologist, a voice like an orator and a vocabulary more than colourful, you will never find one who'll admit he liked the job. But just try and keep them on the ground.

Now a word about training in navigation, obviously an essential part of an airman's knowledge.

Veteran pilots of Canada's northland once called the railways the "Iron Compass," because they followed the tracks from point to point when they were making cross-country flights. But today, aerial navigation is a different story, especially on Royal Canadian Air Force stations where the Empire's military pilots are being trained. Navigation, especially for fighter pilots, is a complicated study, and in importance rates next to the actual act of flying.

The big bombers and flying boats carry a crew member who is a specialist in navigation. His is the job of guiding the aircraft and its lethal load through the night and clouds to its objective, and home again after its deadly work is done. The fighter pilot, however, has no one but himself to depend on. His work calls upon him to take off, climb to terrific altitudes, often through clouds and overcast, and engage in a furious aerial free-for-all that leaves little time for watching the country underneath him. When the battle breaks off, he has to find himself and get to an aerodrome before his slender fuel supply is exhausted. Therefore map-reading is his great need as far as navigation goes.

Trip Is Described

At R.C.A.F. service schools, where future fighter pilots are being instructed, veteran airliners bought from United States airlines are often used to take ten or twelve student pilots at once, and give them practice at map reading. So let's take a trip in one of the "Fling Classrooms" with a typical class of pilots.

First a word about the aeroplane itself. Twin-engined, radio equipped and with a reputation for dependability, the big machine is the elder sister to the four-engined Flying Battleships America is sending to Britain. Luxurious interiors contrast strangely with the utilitarian simplicity to be found in most warcraft.

Well, let's go. As the great grey bulk moves out to the aerodrome, the students are settling themselves, in the unwonted luxury of upholstered, reclining seats. Computers, maps, logbooks, compasses and other navigation equipment are forgotten for the moment as the pilot tests his engines preparatory to the take-off. Finally the majestic old giant waddles down the runway, floats smoothly into the air. Immense wheels tuck up into the wings, and the pupils settle down to the job in hand.

For the first part of the flight the pilot, himself a navigation instructor as well, usually flies "a course to nowhere" just to accustom the pupils to the speed with which they are travelling. They in turn watch the country below them, picking out on their maps the objects over which they pass. After they have had some practice at this they plot courses to various points, and hand them to the pilot. He flies the pupils' courses, meanwhile keeping a sceptical eye on his own map.

Difficult Exercises

Usually the pupil navigators can guide the aircraft to within a short distance of their destination, but every now and then someone hands the pilots the course to the South Polar Ice Cap instead of the course to Montreal. Then it's up to the instructor to point out the error and show the pupil what he's done wrong.

After two trips in the big machine, the pupils are given a short check in their own trainer aircraft, and if they are thought capable they are sent on their first solo cross-country. The First trip in usually over a distance of about 100 or 125 miles, such as Ottawa to Trenton, or Borden to Trenton. Then if this goes well, they are given exercises of increasing difficulty.

Every now and then a pupil will be found to possess weird and strange ideas about map-reading. For instance there was the lad whose instructor took him on a map-reading exercise along the Ottawa River. The lad grew more and more perturbed as he failed to recognize the country by reading his map. Finally in despair the instructor flew him over Montreal, thinking "Surely he can recognize it."

"What's that city down there," the instructor asked. Feverishly the pupil scanned the map. Then he looked at the city. Then the map again. Finally came the despairing answer. "I'm sorry sir, b-b-but there's no place that big around here!"

Duke of Kent Praises Canada's War Efforts

London, Sept. 18.

The Duke of Kent has returned from his five-week tour of Canada, amazed at the growth of the Empire air-training plan. In the course of his visit, he covered about 15,000 miles by air.

Broadcasting his impressions of the air-training plan last night, the Duke said: "I do not think people in this country have any idea of the magnitude of the plan nor of the very rapid expansion which has taken place. Two years ago, it was a plan; today it is a vital war industry, which combines the advantages of mass-production with the most skilful selection and individual training."

The Duke said he had seen Canada's busy factories and shipyards, her naval establishments on both the Pacific and Atlantic and her great military camps.

Magnificent Spirit

"The magnificent spirit and resolution of the whole Canadian people has impressed me deeply," he declared. "It may be because I have been in the New World for the past few weeks that I am able to separate my thoughts, temporarily at least, from the tragic events of the present and to look forward to the day when the whole world will once more be pursuing the paths of peace.

"I believe that out of this conflict there is surely being born a friendship and union of those people who cherish freedom for freedom's sake. This understanding, founded, as it is, on common spiritual convictions, will be the means not only of preserving the hard-won privileges of liberty but of re-dedicating these simple fundamentals of life, honesty and fair-dealing between men and nations, upon which any new and better order must be founded."—Reuter.

Stern Warning Against Terroristic Outrages Issued in Paris

Paris, Sept. 17.

"If terroristic outrages continue to be perpetrated here, the occupation authorities will order the execution by firing squads of an increasing number of hostages, who will no longer be chosen from among the ranks of Communists only but from all categories of the population of Paris."

The above warning was pasted on the walls of the city by the occupation authorities, while a similar statement signed by the German 'Feldkommandatur' here was published by the Paris press this morning, following the execution yesterday morning of ten hostages.—Havas Telemondial.

Communists Sentenced

St. Cloud, Sept. 17.

The military tribunal here today sentenced to five and six years hard labour respectively two men found guilty of being in possession of Communist pamphlets.—Havas Telemondial.

Strikes in Canadian War Plants Illegal

Ottawa, Sept. 18.

By an Order-in-Council, strikes in Canadian war industries have been made illegal.

Mr. Mclarty, the Labour Minister, in announcing the order at a press conference yesterday, said that any employee who strikes contrary to the new regulation would be liable to a $500 fine or a maximum of 12 months' imprisonment.—Reuter.

Former German Finance Minister Found Hanged

Berlin, Sept. 18.

Usually reliable sources here yesterday said that the former German Finance Minister, Dr. Rudolf Helferding, was found hanged in his prison cell somewhere in occupied France.

Dr. Helferding had resided in France since the beginning of the Nazi regime. Following the armistice he was caught and arrested.—United Press.

New Mexican Minister Sees Emperor

Tokyo, Sept. 18.

The New Mexican Minister to Japan, Major General Jose Louis Amezcua, today presented his credentials to the emperor, the Japanese news agency Domei reported.—United Press.

After Divine Service at Historic Sea Meeting

President Roosevelt and Mr. Winston Churchill are pictured in an intimate and informal chat on the deck of H.M.S. Prince of Wales after divine service on August 10. Standing at the right are General George Marshall, U.S. Army, and General Sir John Dill, Chief of the British Imperial General Staff.

All-Out Aid to Russia Needed To Smash Germany's Plans

THE necessity of maintaining and intensifying the strength of the Red Armies by Great Britain and the Democracies as a whole, was the crux of the talk given by Mr. John Harford over XGDN on Wednesday. Mr. Harford declared that this was necessary when one considers the possibilities of "sudden" Nazi tactics.

The broadcast follows:—

In this war we are prepared by now—or we should be—for unexpected developments. I think we may safely say that those 'in the know' on the Democratic side, those whose job it is to anticipate developments and make preparations accordingly, are not taken by surprise and are becoming increasingly capable of dealing with new situations.

Ordinary observers like you and I may be somewhat bewildered by an alternation of good and bad news though we too are becoming more aware of the pattern of the war and of the fact that it is not necessarily distorted in one direction or the other by either good or bad news.

At the moment events seem to be proceeding in a reasonably straightforward and understandable way, but there are plenty of possible new developments.

Theories Used Dangerously

We must remember that this "sudden diplomacy" as the late Professor Mowat called it, is an ingrained principle of German policy. One expects these tactics to be used in war, but the Germans have used them always in peace or wartime and the method which is now being followed by all Dictator countries of being aggressive and demanding one moment, but friendly, too friendly the next, is just another way of carrying out these "sudden" tactics.

Germany has been described by a German, Friedrich Sieburg; as, "a destiny not a way of life. What distinguishes us" he writes "from other nations in the bounds we set to the instinct of self preservation." There is, in fact, an element of suicidal mania in the race. That element which is becoming quite familiar as a spur to aggression in nations. A dangerous element since it is the fruit of isolation and is only to be overcome by the civilizing influences of international intercourse; influences which these nations resist, in intercourse which they invariably seek to exploit to their own advantage.

The two main expressions of German policy are, the use of force or the threat of force as an instrument of negotiation and the elevation of the State into a position of precedence over all individuals, religions and philosophies. These are not new, they were not invented by Hitler or the Nazi party, but as Hitler and the Nazi party are completely without scruples or morality these dangerous theories have been put to even more dangerous uses than at any previous time in the history of Europe.

Hitler of course, following the tactics I have described earlier will use the threat of force or an offer of peace with equal facility and as far as the offer of peace is concerned with complete lack of sincerity, but the democratic world is becoming "wise" to his mechinations.

Hitler Smashed in Russia

Look for the moment at what is happening in Russia. There is no evidence to show that the Germans have made any serious dent in Russian resistance. On the contrary it is becoming increasingly plain that the Germans will not succeed, cannot succeed in doing what they set out to do which was to smash the Red Army before the Autumn of this year. Already they have lost so much time and suffered such severe losses in men and material that one could reasonably doubt the possibility of them resuming their offensive against Great Britain this year even if they were to win a victory over the Russians at this eleventh hour. But such a quick victory can hardly be regarded any longer as a practical possibility so it seems that what Hitler is attempting is to take Leningrad at all costs and immediately and then try and gain by political means a victory he has been unable to win by military success. That is to say, by timing his next peace offer to coincide with the fall of Leningrad.

But as I said the democracies are getting wise to Hitler and these typically German methods and already Anthony Eden, the British Foreign Secretary, has taken advantage of a premature flight of the German peace-kite from Rome a little while ago, to make it unmistakably plain that the British Government is not prepared under any circumstances to negotiate with Hitler at any time on any subject. "There is no room on the earth's surface" said Eden "for Hitler's way of life and ours."

The Germans have many tasks in hand and a ceaseless battle on the thousand mile Russian front which is draining their men and materials and claiming a greater part of their attention than they can afford to give.

Nazis Military Might

But however great that task may be the German Army and Air Force is still a formidable machine.

However, while the intensity of the struggle in Russia continues, the Germans are not able to pay enough attention to what is, when all is said and done, the greatest latent threat to Hitler's ambitions for world domination; that is the progress of American rearmament and the growth and increasing capacity of American war industries.

The Battle of the North Atlantic goes more favourably for the Democracies and the Battle of the South Atlantic remains only a future threat. Buth as far as the South Atlantic is concerned the threat is one of which we should take notice for we may be sure that preparations are being made, by conspiracy in South America, by secret moves in France, Spain and Portugal, and by preparation of military bases on the Coast of Africa and on the Islands west of the coasts of Africa and Europe.

Red Strength Needs Aid

The Red Armies are strong, but that strength must be maintained and the immediate and vital interest of Great Britain and of the Democracies as a whole is to do everything possible to maintain and intensify the strength of the Red Armies. It is all the more urgent when one considers the possibilities that still exist of "sudden" tactics by the Germans.

Optimism is out of the question as it always is when dealing with a madman until you have him in a straight jacket; reassurance we may properly feel at the undoubted failure of Hitler to proceed according to plan; Hitler we may say with Mr. Wickham Steed "has not yet lost the war though he is further than ever from winning it."

Thirty-one Killed In Swedish Naval Disaster

Stockholm, Sept. 18.

Thirty-one men were known to have been killed and eleven injured when explosions and fires sank three Swedish destroyers in the Marsgarn naval base on Tuesday.

However, flaming oil covered the harbour water, making rescue work extremely difficult and it was feared the casualty list will be higher.

The destroyers sunk were the Goeteburg of 1,040 tons; the Klas Horn, of 1,020 tons and the Klas Ulga of 1,020 tons.

Half of the 600 members of the vessels' crews were on leave when disaster struck, and thus escaped.

Explosion on Goeteburg

It was believed that careless handling of torpedoes or a boiler room explosion, may have caused the tragedy. The explosion occurred on the Goeteburg, which broke in half and sank rapidly, spreading fire to the other two destroyers and causing them to explode.

A United Press correspondent arrived on the scene at the same time as 15 ambulances and the 300 crew members who had been on leave. The crews gathered at the naval yard gate, anxiously awaiting news of their comrades. They also later aided in rescue operations.

Admiral Aerensverd, commander of the flotilla which included the blasted destroyers, directed rescue work from his flag ship.—United Press.

Senate Sends Tax Bill To White House

Washington, Sept. 18.

The Senate yesterday completed Congressional action and sent to the White House for presidential signature, the huge US$3,553,400,000 tax bill, largest in United States history.

The bill increases present levies on individuals and corporations and on many every day articles, such as playing cards and automobiles.

Current and new taxes were estimated to yield approximately US$13,000,000,000 and the treasury still will have at least an US$8,000,000,000 deficit next year.—United Press.

Confidence in Singapore Voiced By Officials

Singapore, Sept. 18.

A most encouraging picture of the general defensive position of the area of which Singapore is the strategic centre was given at a joint press conference yesterday by Air Chief Marshal Sir Robert Brooke-Popham, Commander-in-Chief of the Far East, and Vice-Admiral Sir Geoffrey Layton, Commander-in-Chief of the China station.

Sir Robert Brooke-Popham said that they were not afraid of a blockade threat. They had ample reserves of food and ammunition. He did not think any blockade was tenable for as long as six months, but even within that time they would be fully able to break it—even without the assistance of the American Navy.

When questioned concerning his recent visit to the Netherlands East Indies, Sir Robert said that from what he had seen he was perfectly satisfied that the N.E.I. would put up a perfectly good show if called on to do so—they were not going about treading on people's corns but if attacked, the N.E.I. were fully determined to give a good account of themselves.

Countries Joined

When asked if there had been any staff talks with the N.E.I., or any tacit arrangements with that country, Sir Robert Brooke-Popham said he had nothing to add to what he had stated in a previous interview, namely, that in the huge arc from Burma to Australia what happened in any part of this area affected the rest in it. "You cannot separate any of these countries."

Asked if Malaya would immediately move to the assistance of the N.E.I. if the latter were attacked, Sir Robert Brooke-Popham said that he would act on instructions from Whitehall, whose decisions would be accelerated as the result of Mr. Duff Cooper's labours.

Thailand Relations Better

Questioned regarding Thailand, Sir Robert said that the relations with that country were better. They had come to realize he declared, that "we are their friends, and they look to us for advice, witness their sending two officers to look at our defence plans and see the working of our fighter squadrons. "I should not have thought such a thing possible a few months ago."

In reply to another question Sir Robert agreed that Thailand had begun to show an independent attitude towards Japan. They are realising, he said, that they should not become too much dependent economically or financially on Japan.

Vice-Admiral Sir Geoffrey Layton, told a questioner that the radio report that a raider was at large in the Pacific, and that a number of ships had fallen victims to this raider, was untrue.—Reuter.

Nazi Activities In U.S. Revealed In Spy Trial

New York, Sept. 18.

A German-born United States Government informer, William Sebold giving evidence yesterday before the Federal Court in the trial of members of an alleged Nazi spy-ring, said five months before the occupation of Iceland was announced, a German agent had told him that 30,000 American soldiers and 4,000 officers would be sent to Greenland and Iceland.

Sebold also stated that the Federal Bureau of Investigation had intercepted most of the money sent to the United States for German spies. As a result, spies often complained of poor pay.

William Friedeman, Federal Bureau of Investigation agent, testified that on June 25 he overheard Duquesne, in a conversation with Sebold, say that he intended to blow up the General Electric plant at Schneclady, New York. "He said he had looked over the plant a year before, and believed it could best be done with a bomb made from lead pipe and using a slow-burning fuse which would not make a noise."

Film Shown in Court

The F.B.I. displayed in court a 200-feet film secretly made showing Duquesne conversing at Sebold's office, with time and date verified by a calendar and clock in the background. The film showed Duquesne producing an envelope from a sock containing pictures of an aeroplane, guns and a ship. In the film Duquesne was seen frequently waving his hands, which indicated, according to Friedeman, that Duquesne was telling Sebold how to prepare tiny incendiaries for setting dock fires.

The Duguesne mentioned is Frederick Oubert Duquesne, one of the accused men. He is a native of Cape Colony, South Africa, and a naturalized American. He is described as an "internationally known writer and lecturer."—Reuter.

Marked Reaction in Moslem Countries Over Axis Raid on Cairo

Cairo, Sept. 18.

In a formal statement on the early Tuesday morning raid on Cairo, the Air-Raid Precautions Minister declared last night that the Axis raid on the city had produced a deep effect on Egyptians and throughout Moslem countries, where Cairo is regarded as a sacred city, bearing the burning torch of Islam.

"I personally believe that Cairo's monuments and sacred religious tombs are the historical fortune of every man who knows the meaning of civilization," he said, "but unfortunately this belief has been disregarded and not shared by some civilized men."

The statement also expressed the Government's admiration for the calm and coolness displayed by the people of Cairo.—Reuter.

Lend-Lease Bill Extended To Haiti by America

Washington, Sept. 18.

An agreement between the United States and Haiti providing for the dispatch of lease and lend goods to Haiti has been signed in Washington.—Reuter.

Biggest U.S. Bill Passed by Senate

Washington, Sept. 18.

Final approval was given by the Senate yesterday to the biggest tax bill in the history of the United States.

The measure, which provides for the stupendous sum of $3,500,000,000, was approved by the House of Representatives the day before without a vote.—Reuter.

Kansas City Blacked Out by Strike

Kansas City, Sept. 18.

This mid-west metropolis and its environs with a population of over 500,000 people was blacked out for four hours last night when union workers, in an unannounced strike, pulled switches in power plants, then walked out. The black-out began three minutes before midnight.

All city functions dependent on electric current were halted and a water shortage also was threatened.

Governor Forrest Donell ordered a battalion of the home guard mobilized. A strike leader was jailed and service partially was restored.

The strike culminated a dispute over union charges that an independent union was actually dominated by the company.

The National Defence Mediation board withdrew from the dispute because the matter still was before the Federal Circuit Court of Appeals and the National Labbur Relations Board.

Strike breakers later moved into the main power plant and began operating it.—United Press.

Stalin Appoints Three New Vice-Admirals

Moscow, Sept. 18.

M. Joseph Stalin yesterday appointed three new Vice-Admirals, and four Rear-Admirals, while the Supreme Soviet Council announced decoration of 156 officers and men of the Navy and 143 officers and men of the naval air arm "for bravery and exemplary fulfillment of their fighting tasks."

"Izvestia" summed up recent victories of the Baltic Fleet, which according to incomplete data sank two German destroyers, 43 transports and barges loaded with fuel for tanks.—United Press.

Canard on U.S. Request To Pope Denied

Rome, Sept. 18.

Mr. Myron Taylor, President Roosevelt's personal representative to the Vatican, yesterday authorized the United Press categorically to deny a report the President had requested the Pope to declare that the war struggle against Nazilism is a just war and that the Pope had replied "no."—United Press.

British Sub Overdue

London, Sept. 18.

It is officially announced that the British submarine P-32 is overdue and must be considered lost.—Reuter.

GOLDEN GATE THEATRE
745 AV. POCH TEL. 74456
3 SHOWS TO-DAY!
At 2.30, 5.30, 9.15 p.m.
Admission: $1, $1.50, $2.

Special Morning Matinee
At 10.30, Sunday.
Jeanette MacDonald Ramon Novarro
in "The Cat and The Fiddle"
Admission: 70 cts. Any Seat

Announcement

Daily 4.30—7 p.m.

TEA DANCE

ADI'S BAND — NO DANCE HOSTESSES

at the

RESTAURANT Hobby NIGHTCLUB

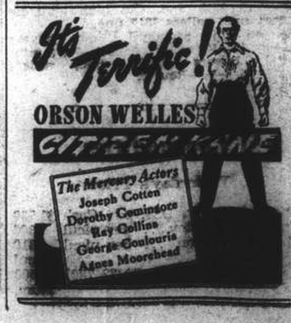
7 Carter Road, corner Bubbling Well
Telephone 36645

GOLDEN MEDICINAL GRIFFIN TEAS

THE BEST AND SAFEST
"PICK-ME-UP"
is
GOLDEN GRIFFIN REJUVENATION TEA.
Sold in two sizes:—
$2 and $4 at all chemists.

CAPITOL
142 Museum Road Tel. 17100
3 SHOWS TO-DAY!
At 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
"STRIKE UP THE BAND"
Starring
Mickey ROONEY — Judy GARLAND
—$1, $1.50, $2.—
OPENS SUNDAY!
"North West Mounted Police"
in Technicolor!

AIR COOLED! AIR CONDITIONED!
UPTOWN
TEL. 38484
Now Showing at 3, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
THEY GAMBLE THEIR LIVES.... FOR A PRETTY GIRL, A STOUT SHIP AND THE JOY OF A ROUSING FIGHT
VICTOR MATURE — LOUISE PLATT
IN
"CAPTAIN CAUTION"



WASH RUGS
It takes a lot of water to WASH a rug.
It takes a lot of heat to dry them.
If not 100% dry, rugs will rot on your floor or in storage
Nichols Rug Washing Plant
Tel. 52043

—AIR-COOLED AND AIR-CONDITIONED—
ROXY TEL. 50727
— OPENS TO-DAY! —
at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
MYSTERY THRILLS IN A LOVE NEST!

Meet Lord Peter Wimsey, detective! He doesn't use a gun! He doesn't talk out of the corner of his mouth! But this slick society sleuth brings you a brand-new kind of chiller-thriller... when he starts on his honeymoon . . . and steps smack into a baffling murder mystery! Laugh for laugh . . . sock for sock . . . it's the grandest screen entertainment in months!

ROBERT Montgomery

IN A METRO · GOLDWYN · MAYER PICTURE
HAUNTED HONEYMOON
WITH CONSTANCE Cummings
and
LESLIE BANKS · SIR SEYMOUR HICKS · ROBERT NEWTON

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1941

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 5/32d.		$ 76.04
U.S. $100 @ 5 9/32		$1,893.49
Guilders	9⅞	$100
Rupees	17½	100
Pesos	10 9/16	100
Hongkong	$21	100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3¼d.	$ 73.84
U.S. $100 @ 5 7/16	$1,839.08
London—demand, $1=	3¼d.
4 months' sight credits	3 5/16d.
4 months' sight docts	3 5/16d.
6 months' sight credits	3 5/16d.
6 months' sight docts	3 11/32d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S. $5 7/16
4 months' sight credits	U.S. $5 7/16
4 months' sight docts	U.S. $5½

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03½ U.S. $1=59.43d.

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders ....Selling 9⅞

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,860.465 £1=$73.846
Selling U.S.$100=$1,893.491 £1=$76.039

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling basis @ 6d per H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling Rate @ 9¾ per H.H.$100
Local $ (Fapi) buying @ 205 per H.H.$100

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

SELLING Cash			BUYING Sept.
£ T.T.	3 5/32	4 m/s. l.c.	3 9/32
U.S.$ T.T.	5 9/32	4 m/s. l.c.	5⅜
Rs. T.T.	17½	15 d/s.	18

SILVER QUOTATIONS

	Ready	For'd
London pence per std. oz.	23½	23 7/16
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34¾	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	63.00.3	—
Bombay offtake 100 bars.		

U.S.$/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

New York closing rate for Sept. 17 4.03½
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close 4.02 *
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close 4.02 *
*—Nominal.

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, Sept. 17.

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:

N. Y.	333¼-332¾	London	1/5 15/16
Shanghai	19 N.	2 mths	
Hongkong	85¼	,, sellers	1/5 15/16
		,, buyers	1/6

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Shanghai	3 3/8d.
Madrid	40.00	Bombay.	1/6
Berne	17.30	Hongkong	1/3 1/8
Bel. Congo	176½	Singapore	2/4 3/16

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Spain	9.25 N.	Brazil	5.05
Paris	2.31	Shanghai	5.40/55*
S'zerland	23.32	Hongkong	25.33
Sweden	23.85	Hungary	19.85
Montreal	89.310	Manila	49.85 N.
London	4.03¼		
Buenos Aires, Paper	29.78		
,, ,, ,, market rate	23.65		
Montreal on London	4.51¾		

N—Nominal *—Nom quoted.—Reuter

Foreign Money Rates

London: Sept. 17.

Fine Bank Bills,	3 mths.	1 1/32%-1 1/16%
Bank Bills,	6 mths.	1 1/32%-1 1/16%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 mths.	2½%-3%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 mths.	3%-3½%
Call Money		¾-1%

New York:

Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0½%B 0 7/16%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0 9/16%B 0½%A
Call Money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Sales in Pesos)

Sept. 18.	Sales 10 a.m.	Prices p.m. Closing
Acoje Mining	.46	.45½
Amalgamated Mineral	.08 B	.08
Atok	.58	.53
Antamok	.07½	.06½ B
Baguio Gold	.19 B	.18½ B
Batong Buhay	.0072	.0070 B
Bid Wedge	.65	.65
Coco Grove	.06¾ B	.06¾
Consolidated Mines	.0076 B	.0074
Demonstration	.045 A	.033 B
East Mindanao	.08½ B	.08½ B
I. X. L.	.23½ B	.25
Ipo Gold	.013 A	.012 A
Itogen	.27½	.27
Masbate Cons.	.09¾	.09½
North Camarines	.04	.041 B
Paracale Gumaus	.27 A	.26½
San Mauricio	.18½ B	.19 B
Surigao Cons.	.23 B	.23½
Suyoc	.15	.14½ B
United Paracale	.23	.22½
Mindanao Motherlode	.74	.72
Manila Hai-Alai	10.50	A10.50 A
Benguet Consolidated	4.20	—

(over the counter)
Turnover 489,300 Pesos.
Shares Index 57.96.
B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

N.Y. Stock Market

New York, Sept. 17.

Stock market prices were from fractions to more than two points higher today in a late buying movement led by pivotal shares.

Special issues featured early dealings. However, sudden buying of leaders, particularly motors, caused an impressive advance and an expanded volume which was the best since late July.

Sharp gains in Japanese funds featured the bond list. Grains met renewed pressure but other commodities improved.

Brokers were not able to give the reasons for the late buying movement, but pointed out that many traders had been impressed by the list's recent resistance to selling, in the face of adverse news and developments.

The Administration today appeared concerned over the outlook for small business. Indication are that the White House has ordered government agencies to intensify efforts to limit so-called "priorities unemployment and plant shutdowns."

In recent days the Office of Production Management has opened 20 offices throughout the country to aid small firms in maintaining operations under defence regulations.

At the same time the Government has attacked the problem on two other fronts, namely through distribution of new O.P.M. contracts and through the new "little businessmen" section of the Attorney General's office.—United Press.

Steel Production Declines

Pittsburgh, Sept. 17.

The magazine Iron Age estimated today that the steel industry this week is operating at 96 per cent. of mill capacity, off 1.5 per cent. from last week but up 3 per cent. from the corresponding week of 1940.—United Press.

Local Stocks Continue Steady Trend

While the pace of local stock quotations somewhat slowed down yesterday, the undertone of the market remained more or less steady throughout the two sessions, with prices closing around the same levels.

Features of the day were Metals, Wheelocks, Yangtsze Finance, I.I.T. and Ewo Cotton Mill. With the end of the financial year of various companies drawing nearer, it might well be that anticipations of favourable returns prompted traders and speculators to more lively intakes in the case of Metals and Ewo Cotton Mill shares.

Finance Companies Merged

Yangtsze Finance shares opened firm on the announcement that 517,000 new shares will be issued which will be offered to shareholders in the ratio of one new share for every share held at a price of $18 per share. The new issue thus doubles the number of shares in issue. It was further announced that the proceeds of this additional capital will be utilized in the purchase of a substantial portion of the portfolio of the International Investment Trust Company, the voluntary liquidation of which company will be recommended by its directors.

The move thus presents itself as a consolidation of two sister companies, a 'development which might have taken place as a matter of expediency in the light of the fact that both companies were engaged in the same kind of business under the same management.

Since the International Investment Trust last year transferred an amount of $1,924,294 and a sum of $300,705 at the credit of share premium account to general reserve, the financial position of the company appears to be sound. A sum of $95,868 was carried forward to the current year's account. The company has 525,000 shares in issue.

Concerning today's trading, analysts held that the smaller fry of longs has been forced to liquidate by now so that the structure of the market is thought to be satisfactory from a technical point of view. Since today is the last trading day for the next settlement on Tuesday and Wednesday, some adjustments, though, may still be expected.

Exchange Rate Lowered

The official selling rate of local foreign banks for United States dollars was changed yesterday to U.S.$5 9/32 for 100 Ch.$. It was reported that the former margin of 1/32 U.S. dollar for 100 Ch.$ was not held to be satisfactory as compared with the prevailing sterling rate. The changed rate had some repercussions on the gold bar market, which assumed a rising trend.

Allotments of foreign exchange for legitimate merchant demand are being granted, but at much too slow a rate, it was maintained in local financial circles. It appears as if the Hongkong authorities allowed the applications to pile up in order to get an approximate estimate as to the monthly amount of exchange required by importers of special groups, since only by that device a just pro-rata distribution might be achieved. Whatever the motives, however, of the Board authorities may be, it is certain that the present state of affairs is still unsatisfactory from the merchant's point of view.—W.H.W.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

There was again a heavy turnover on the local market yesterday, with prices varying between steady and firm. Occasional setbacks were only of a temporary nature, there, being a strong and cheerful undertone throughout the day in which both sections shared.

Official Averages

High	Low		Yesterday's Averages	Change
475.98	105.32	General	360.05	+3.95
485.40	95.55	Rubbers	376.83	+0.99

Total 1,118,601 shares, 1,687 bonds.

Morning Session

China Finance 1000 1.66 2000 1.68
2000 1.64
Yangtsze Finance 5500 29.50
1000 29.25 20000 29.00 2500 28.75
3500 *28.75 1500 28.50 7000 28.75
2000 *28.75 5000 29.00 3500 28.50
1000 *28.50 3000 *28.25
S'hai Loan 2000 *26.75 7500 27.00
2500 27.25 2500 27.00 500 26.75
I. I. Trust 500 39.00 6000 40.00
2500 *40.00 4000 39.75 2000 *39.75
1500 40.00 500 39.75 500 *40.00
3500 39.75 500 39.50
Central Prop. 500 23.50 1600 23.25
China Realty 2500 14.80 1000 *14.80
1000 *14.90 500 14.90 3000 15.00
500 15.10
S'hai Land 9500 22.25 500 22.50
500 *22.50 6500 22.25 500 *22.00
Dockyards 12300 38.50 3400 38.25
600 *38.50 2600 *38.25 5500 38.25
800 *38.25 300 38.50 700 *38.50
5600 38.25 600 *38.00 3500 38.00
4500 37.75 200 *37.75 700 38.00
Asia Navigation 2000 16.60 32000 16.50
2500 16.40 1500 *16.40 500 *16.50
500 16.50 28000 16.40 1000 *16.40
10500 16.30 500 *16.30 1500 16.20
500 *16.20 8000 16.30 500 *16.30
Ewo Brewery 6000 8.95 7000 *8.95
1000 8.90 2500 8.85 1000 *8.85
2000 *8.80 3500 8.80
Metro. Land 1500 15.20
Wheelock 1900 115.00 500 115.50
1800 116.50 300 117.50 1500 117.00
200 118.00 800 118.50 1000 117.50
200*117.50 500 117.00 600*117.00
400 117.50 1400 116.50 200*116.50
100 116.00 1100 116.50 3100 117.00
200*117.50 1000 117.50 300 117.00
200*117.00 800*116.50 1500 116.50
100 116.00 800*116.50 100*116.00
300 116.50
Ewo Mills (Ord) 8800 51.00 1000 *51.00
4700 51.50 1700 *51.50 7300 51.00
14000 50.50 1200 *50.50 3000 *50.00
200 50.00 700 50.50
China Cotton 500 17.00 2500 17.00
500 *16.80 9500 16.80 500 *16.70
7000 16.70
Textile 1500 10.60 500 *10.60
2500 10.80 1000 *10.80 5500 10.70
500 *10.70 3500 10.60 1000 *10.60
Worsted 10000 8.65 500 8.70
2000 *8.60 6000 8.60 5500 8.55
Tram (Bearer) £1 200 48.25
100 48.00
C. G. Omnibus 500 20.50 200 *20.25
2400 20.00 500 *20.00 1000 19.80
Telephone 1000 37.00 100 37.25
400 37.00 500 36.75
S'hai Gas 1100 18.00
Paper 5000 7.00 11000 *7.00
7500 6.95 4000 *6.90 10500 6.90
Lumber 400 *77.50 500 77.50
3600 78.00 100 *78.00 200 *77.50
200 78.00 2300 77.50 300 *78.00
Metal 600 40.25 2900 40.00
300 40.50 200 40.75 2400 40.50
5700 40.25 400 *40.25 5900 40.00
800 *40.00 200 39.75 500 *39.75
Kaiping 500 49.75 100 49.50
100 49.00
Exploration 18000 36.00 3500 *36.00
5500 35.75 1000 *35.50 1500 *35.75
2000 *35.50 12500 35.50 2500 *35.75
3500 *35.50 500 *35.25
Anglo Dutch 400 23.00 500 23.25
300 23.00 1300 22.75
Anglo Java 1400 43.25 1200 43.50
500 43.75 1900 43.25 600 43.50
600 43.25 500 43.00
Batu Anam 8000 2.50 2000 2.47½
Bute 1500 *13.00
Chemor 7000 3.50
Cheng 25000 1.70 9000 1.72
23000 *1.70 1000 1.72 15000 1.70
10000 *1.70
Consolidated 7000 *14.30 5000 14.30
Dominion 2500 *16.80 1000 16.70
1000 16.80
Java Consolidated 1000 5.25
1000 5.30 1000 5.25 2000 5.20
Kroewoek 4000 3.20 1000 3.15
4000 3.17½ 1000 3.15
Kota 1000 3.20
Langkat 800 *28.75 2700 28.50
500 *28.50 200 *28.25 200 28.25
1100 28.00 1000 27.75
Padang 2000 3.80 1000 *3.75
Repah 11000 2.10 1000*2.07½
Rubber Trust 500 18.50 2500 18.40
500 *18.40 11000 18.50 1000 *18.40
1000 18.40 500 18.30 500 18.40
Kedah 1000 16.70
Kelantan 18000 1.40 1000 1.42
1000 *1.40 6000 *1.42 22000 1.40
7000 1.38
Semambu 15000 *2.57½ 2000 *2.55
Pahang 1000 7.80
Sumatra 100 36.50 900 35.50
Sungala 4000 12.20
Sungei Duri 300 75.00
Tanah Merah 1000 5.20
Tebong 15000 2.30 2000 *2.30
10000 2.32½ 14000 2.30 4000 2.27½
Ziangbe 100 27.00 700 26.25
Power 5½% Debs. 16000 99.75

ODD LOTS

Metro. Land 100 15.00
C. G. Omnibus 80 20.50
Yangtsze Finance 100 *28.75
Rubber Trust 140 18.30
China Realty 300 15.00
S'hai Land 300 *22.25
Wheelock 15 117.00
S. & H. Wharf 18 549.00
Ewo Mills (Ord) 50 52.00 50 51.00
China Cotton 150 16.90 30 *16.60
30 16.50 200 *16.60 110 16.50

Afternoon Session

Yangtsze Finance 1500 *28.50
6000 28.75 3000 28.50
S'hai Loan 1500 27.00 7500 27.25
500 *27.25 3000 27.50
I. I. Trust 500 39.75 500 39.50
Central Prop. 200 25.25 200 *25.50
China Realty 1000 15.10 500 *15.10
500 15.20 500 15.30 500 15.40
1000 *15.40 500 15.50
S'hai Land 1700 *22.00 5000 22.25
1000 *22.50 2500 22.25 1000 *22.00
3500 22.25
Dockyards 1000 *38.00 2300 38.00
300 *38.25 3000 38.25 1500 *38.50
5900 38.50 1100 *38.25 300 *38.50
800 38.25 1600 38.50
Asia Navigation 1000 *16.30 1000 *16.40
6000 16.30 2000 16.40 9500 *16.30
3000 *16.40 500 16.30 1000 16.40
1500 16.30
Ewo Brewery 500 *8.85 500 [illegible]
2500 8.85 1000 *8.85
Wheelock 1300*117.00 500 117.00
4800 117.50 1000 118.00 100*117.50
900*118.00 1600 117.50 1300 117.00
1300*117.50 100*117.00 200 117.50
Ewo Mills (Ord) 200 *50.00 1100 *50.50
1500 50.50 6300 51.00 1000 *51.00
600 *50.50 800 *51.00 3600 51.00
China Cotton 10000 16.80 5000 *16.70
1000 16.70 1000 *16.80 2000 16.80
500 *16.90 5000 16.90 1500 *16.80
1000 16.80 500 16.90
Textile 2000 *10.60 11500 10.70
500 *10.70 3000 10.80
Worsted 1000 *8.85 5500 8.60
500 *8.60 1000 8.55
Tram (Bearer) £1 100 48.00
C. G. Omnibus 500 *19.90 200 *20.00
Telephone 100 37.25
Paper 22000 6.90
Lumber 1000 78.00 300 *78.00
100 77.50 300 *78.00
Metal 1100 40.00 400 *40.25
1600 40.25 1700 40.50 500 *40.50
400 40.75 5300 40.50 100 *40.50
200 40.25 600 *40.50 3500 40.75
2000 *41.00 3700 41.00 100 41.25
Exploration 1500 *35.50 2000 *35.75
7000 35.75 2500 *36.00 4000 35.75
Anglo Dutch 100 22.75 3100 23.00
300 22.75
Anglo Java 300 43.00 100 *42.75
1300 42.75 1600 43.00
Bute 2000 *13.00
Chemor 1000 3.45 1000 3.47½
Cheng 10000 1.72 1000 *1.72
2000 *1.74
Consolidated 1000 14.30
Dominion 500 *16.70
Kroewoek 2000 *3.20 1000 3.17½
1000 3.15 1000 3.17½
Kota 1000 *3.05
Langkat 1200 28.00 1100 *28.25
500 *28.50 900 28.25
Repah 3000 2.10
Rubber Trust 1000 18.30
Kedah 1500 16.40
Kelantan 8000 1.40
Samagaga 2000 *3.10
Semambu 1000 2.55 1000 2.52½
Pahang 2000 7.80
Sungala 3500 12.20
Sungei Duri 100 75.00
Tanah Merah 3000 5.15
Tebong 1000 2.27½ 1000 *2.30
3000 2.30 5000 2.27½
Ziangbe 1000 26.25 200 26.50
500 26.25
Power 5½% Debs. 90000 100.00
S. M. C. 6% 1941 20000 102.00
Central Prop. 5½% 30000 *98.50
Cathay Land 6% Tael 1932 5000 100.00
S. W. W. 6% 1932 7000*102.00

ODD LOTS

S. M. C. 6% 1941 500 101.00
S. M. C. 6% 1940 200 101.00
Exploration 300 36.00
Asia Navigation 400 16.20
Worsted 135 8.50
S'hai Loan 2 27.00
Rubber Trust 400 18.50 200 18.10
Ewo Mills (Ord) 25 50.00
China Realty 122 15.30
Tung Yih 35*105.00
Chemor 16 3.42½
I. I. Trust 30 40.00
Dominion 5 16.60
Tanah Merah 500 5.10
Repah 150 2.05
Batu Anam 50 2.42½
Semambu 100 2.52½
Kelantan 100 1.40
Kroewoek 110 3.15
Anglo Java 48 42.50
Cathay Land 500 *4.00

*—Direct Business.

Active Local Stocks

	Wednesday Closing	Yesterday's Closing	Change in Per Cent
I.I.T.	38.00	39.50	+3.9
Shanghai Loans	26.50	27.50	+3.8
Yangtsze Finance	28.25	28.50	+0.9
China Realty	14.80	15.50	+4.7
Shanghai Land	22.25	22.25	0
Dockyards	37.50	38.50	+2.7
Wheelock	114.00	117.50	+3.1
Ewo Beer	8.90	8.85	—0.6
Ewo Cotton	50.50	51.00	+1.0
Worsted	8.60	8.55	—0.6
New China Cotton	16.90	16.80	—0.6
Paper	6.95	6.90	—0.7
Lumber	77.00	78.00	+1.3
Metal Industries	39.75	41.25	+3.8
Exploration	35.50	35.75	+0.7
Anglo Dutch	23.00	22.75	—1.1
Anglo Java	43.25	43.00	—0.6
Kroewoek	3.17½	3.17½	0
Langkat	28.50	28.25	—0.9

Local Real Estate Mart Continues Active

Another important land deal showing the confidence of local capital in the future of Shanghai was reported yesterday. The property in question is the lot, buildings, and godown, next to the M. M. building on the French Bund, covering an area of over seven mow.

The buyer was said to be Mr Emmanuel P. Yannoulatos, prominent local Greek merchant and shipowner. The price paid has not been disclosed, but it is understood to exceed Ch$5,000,000.

Oil Production Higher

New York, Sept. 17.

The American Petroleum Institute announced today that oil production last week averaged 4,033,700 barrels daily. The total was 218,750 barrels more than the preceding week's production and 386,300 barrels more than production for the corresponding week of 1940.—United Press.

Electricity Output Rises

New York, Sept. 17.

The Edison Electric Institute reported today that production of electricity last week totalled 3,281,290,000 kilowatt hours. This was 185,544,000 kilowatt hours more than the preceding week's production and 642,656,000 kilowatt hours more than production for the corresponding week of 1940.—United Press.

New York Stocks

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

New York, Sept. 17.

After recording initial mild strength, Wall Street today early backed and filled without any response to current business news. However, the market rallied strongly during the final hour, with gains ranging from fractions to 2 points.

Meanwhile, the war picture is not stimulating, and the opinion is expressed in some quarters that capital is going into securities from commodities, which, at present, are rather ragged.

Motors ruled steady, being unmoved by the 50 per cent curtailment in December, while merchandisings ignored soaring retail sales. The final passage of the Tax Bill has relieved the prolonged uncertainty, and touched off late in the session active buying along a broad front, with the market finishing very firm at the day's best levels. Motors and aircrafts closed $1.00 higher and steels $2.00 higher.

Wall Street hears that Westinghouse Electric is filing on September 25 with the Securities and Exchange Commission, 534,000 common shares, with the offering ratio of 1 share for every 5 held to holders of common and preferred on the Company's records as of October 15, with rights expiring on October 28.

The turnover today amounted to 890,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	129.48	127.27	129.32	+1.89
20 Rails	29.54	29.15	29.49	+0.29
15 Utilit.	18.98	18.60	18.90	+0.20
40 Bonds	—	—	69.86	+0.04
11 Commod.	—	—	82.73	—0.06

Sept	16	17	Sept	16	17
Adams Exp	7⅞	7½	Int T & T	3¼	3¼
Alleg Lud	23¼	23¾	Johns Man	69¼	71
Allis Chal	30¼	30¾	Kenn Cop	37¼	38
Amer Can	82	84	Lib O F	30⅛	30⅞
Am Cyan	41¼	41¾	Lock Air	30	30¾
Am Fr Pr	0⅝	0⅝	Loew's	38⅝	39
,, $7 pfd	26¼	27	Martin	31⅞	32¼
Am Loco	13¼	13⅞	Mont War	35¼	35⅞
Am Metal	22	22¼	Nat Avia	10	10¼
Am Radtr	6¼	6¼	N C Bank	*27	*27¼
Am R Mill	14⅞	14⅞	Nat D Pro	15¼	15⅞
Am S & R	43¼	45	Nat Dist	24⅞	25¼
Am Sug R	21¼	22	Nat Pr & Lt	4⅞	4¾
Am T & T	154¼	155⅜	Nat S of P	6¼	6⅞
Am Tob	70¼	70⅞	N Y Cent	12¼	12¼
Am Wtwrk	*4¼	4½	Niagara	2⅞	2½
Anaconda	28¼	29¼	Nth A Avia	15¼	15⅞
Atchison	27	27⅞	Nt Am Co	12⅞	13
Aviation	4½	4⅞	Nthrn Pac	7	7½
Baldwin	16¼	16⅞	Packard	2⅞	2⅞
Balt & O	4½	4⅝	Pant Oil	4½	4½
Barn Oil	9⅞	10⅛	Para Pct	15¼	15⅞
Bendiv	39⅞	41	Penn R R	22⅞	23
Beth St	67⅞	70	Phil Pet	45¼	45⅞
Bliss	16⅞	17½	Pull Inc	26¼	26¼
Boeing	23⅞	24½	Pure Oil	9⅞	9⅞
Borg War	20	20⅞	Radio	4	4
Briggs	21	21⅞	Reading	16⅞	16¼
Budd Mfg	4½	4½	Rem Arms	*4⅞	*4⅞
Can Pac	5	5	Rep Avtn	5¼	5¼
Cel Corp	25⅞	26⅞	Rep St	19⅞	20¼
C N Bank	*30¼	*31	Rey Tob	31⅞	32
Ches & O	36¼	37⅞	Schenley	16⅞	17¼
Chrysler	57⅞	59⅛	Shell Un	14¼	15
Col G & E	2⅞	2⅞	Soc Vac	9½	9⅞
Col Cred	24	25	Sthrn Pac	13⅞	13⅞
Com & S	0⅞	0⅞	Sthrn Rly	29	30
Cons Edi	17¼	17⅞	Spicer	*36	37
Cons Oil	6½	6½	St Brand	5⅝	5⅝
Cop St	*14⅞	15¼	St Gas & El	18⅞	19
Curtiss	9⅞	10	St O of N J	43⅞	43⅞
Dist Corp	*17	17⅞	Studebak	6⅞	6⅞
Douglas	76⅞	78	Swift Int	24	24⅞
Du Pont	150	152	Technicol	10¼	10⅞
E P Bead	9	*9	Texas Corp	41¼	41⅞
E A Lite	29⅞	30⅛	Trans	4⅞	4⅞
Elec B & S	2½	2½	Tw C Fox	9⅛	9⅛
,, $5 pfd	60⅛	62⅛	Un B & P	11	11⅞
,, $6 pfd	65⅞	67	Un Pac	77⅛	77⅞
El Pr & Lt	32⅞	33⅞	Un Air	40¼	41⅞
Flintkote	14⅞	14¼	Un A Lines	13⅞	14¼
Gen Elec	33⅞	34	Un Corp	0⅞	0⅞
Gen Mot	39¼	41⅞	,, $3 pfd	24⅞	24⅞
Gen Rly	15	15¼	Un G Imp	7	7⅞
Gen T & R	12¼	13⅞	U S Rub	27⅞	28¼
Goodrich	19⅞	19⅞	U S Steel	57⅞	59⅛
Goodyear	20	20¼	Vanadium	24⅞	26
Gt N I O	17	17⅞	Vultee	9⅞	10⅞
Gt N Rly	24⅞	25¼	Walworth	4⅞	5
Gt W Sug	26⅛	26⅞	War Br Pct	5⅛	5⅛
Int Nickel	30	31	West Elec	89	89
Int P & P	19⅞	19⅞	Wood Ir	*25½	†26

BONDS

Am & F P	67⅞	68⅞	Erie	29⅞	29⅞
Aust Com	77⅞	76⅞	Int T & T	50⅞	50⅞
Brazil	23⅞	23⅞	N E G & E	66⅞	67
,, 6½%	19⅞	19⅞	Sthrn Pac	50	50⅞
C S P & L	96⅞	85⅞	St Gas & E	86⅞	87

*—Bid †—Ex Div.

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Late buying on the Stock Exchange today produced gains of from fractions to more than two points, featuring old-line leaders, particularly motors. The volume of trading was the best recorded since late July. Many traders were impressed by the recent resistance to selling, despite adverse news. Consolidated Aircraft has voted a 100 per cent. stock dividend, plus $2.00 in cash.

Anglo-Turkish Commerce Reported on Upgrade

Ankara, Sept. 19.

The alliance between Britain and Turkey remains and will remain the basis of British policy towards Turkey, said the British Ambassador to Turkey, Sir Hughe Knatchbull-Hugessen, in a speech yesterday in connection with the Smyrna Fair.

In addressing the audience, which included the Mayor of Smyrna and leading Turkish civil and military authorities, commercial leaders, the Consular Corps and the allied colony, the Ambassador recalled that when he visited Turkey for the first year, he stated that British commercial and financial policy towards Turkey was a long term one.

The Ambassador continued by saying that today he believed his words were justified. He could assure his listeners that they would be justified in the future.

Britain, he added, was worthily represented at the Fair despite all the difficulties and the fact that all Britain's efforts were now devoted to the greatest struggle in history—a struggle not only for her own liberty, but for the freedom of the whole world.

The best explanation of Britain's trade policy towards Turkey, he said, could be seen in the figures of British purchases during the years 1938, 1939 and 1940. Britain's total purchases from Turkey during these years were respectively 2,817,000 Turkish pounds, 6,387,000 Turkish pounds and 35,402,000 Turkish pounds. These figures did not include purchases by private British firms. During the past few weeks alone Britain had sent to Turkey goods valued at 10,000,000 Turkish pounds.

Britain intended to buy olive-oil, mohair, tanning extracts, and dried fruits to the value of 20,000,000 Turkish pounds. There were also Anglo-Turkish agreements ensuring to Turkey necessary supplies of sterling to make her purchases without being encumbered with sterling above her needs.

Figures for purchases and sales showed that Britain firmly intended increasing her trade with Turkey. Such trade was not temporary, transitory or due to the war, but would develop and constitute the basis for permanent mutual relations.

The Ambassador concluded by expressing his confidence that this trade between Britain and Turkey would increase.—Reuter.

London Bullion

London, Sept. 15.

London Gold: Bar Gold, Fine, per ounce: 168/-, unchanged.
London Silver: The market was very quiet. Negligible demand was satisfied.

Spot	23½d.	unc.
Forward	23 7/16d.	unc.

—Reuter.

S.M.C. Issues Weekly Retail Price List

Unit retail prices of commodities used by certain employers as a basis of allowances to employees are compiled in the Industrial and Social Division, of the Shanghai Municipal Council.

The following average retail prices ruled on Wednesday, September 17, and from Aug. 16 to Sept. 15, 1941.

Commodities	Unit	Average Prices Sept. 17 1941	Average Prices Aug. 16 to Sept. 15 1941
Non-glutinous rice (Kan Mee)			
First grade	Shih	$149.75	$154.12
Second grade	Shih	142.20	147.85
Saigon rice			
Best quality	Shih	119.00	128.72
Second grade	Shih	111.59	121.49
Rangoon rice	Shih	110.19	118.58
Glutinous rice (Noo Mee)	Shih	122.45	125.07
Wheat flour (Bicycle)	49 lb. net	34.336	34.772
Chin-ts'ai	Chin	.268	.320
Yellow bean sprouts	Chin	.310	.283
Fresh pork	Chin	2.900	2.775
Fresh fish	Chin	1.480	1.158
Soy bean oil	Chin	2.161	2.187
Soy bean sauce	Chin	.553	.558
Coal briquettes	100 chin	16.886	16.988
Grey shirtings	Ch'ih	.661	.641

London Stocks

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

London, Sept. 17.

Quiet but steadier conditions prevailed on the Stock Exchange today, with some bright spots recorded, especially among Kaffirs, where buying caused a sharp rally in speculative favourites, and also in rubbers, where the revival of demand found supplies short.

British gilt-edged securities, India loans and also South American rails were a shade lower, but home rails, oils, especially Mexican Eagles and diamonds, tended to improve, while industrial issued were generally steadier, with tobaccos and textiles in demand.

In the foreign bond section, Japanese bonds closed a shade lower, but Brazil bonds finished firmer.—Reuter.

Sept.	16	17
U.K. LOANS		
3½% War Loan (Red.)	£106⅜	106⅛
3% Defence Doan	101½	101½
CHINESE LOANS		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	48	48
4½% Anglo-French Loan	46	46
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	29½	29½
5% Reorg Loan, 1913	38	38
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	10	10
5% Honan Rly., 1905	14	14
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	15	15
5% ,, ,, (Ger. Is.)	13	13
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	13	13
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	17	17
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	13	13
5% ,, ,, G.	13	13
5% ,, ,, (Supl Loan) B.	13	13
5% ,, ,, (Supl. Loan) G.	13	13
5 Canton-Kowloon Rly.	13	13
5% Chinese Imp. Rly.	60	60
JAPANESE BONDS		
5% Sterling Loan, 1907	29½	28½
6% Sterling Loan, 1924	31½	31½
BANKS AND INSURANCE		
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	9 5/16	9⅜
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	78	78
,, ,, ,, (Col. Reg.)	85 N	85 N
Mercantile Bank of India	11¼	11¼
National Bank of India	32	33
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	22	22
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIALS		
Bristol Aeroplane	10/9	10/9
B'tish American Tobacco	93/1½	93/1½
Dunlop Rubber	35/10½	36/3
Imp. Chem. Industries	32/3	32/-
United Steel	23/6	23/7½
Woolworths	57/-	57/-
MINES		
Chinese Eng. & Min.	15/6	15/6
Chosen Corp.	5/6	5/6
Marsman Investments	7/9	7/6
Pekin-Syndicate	1/-	1/-
Sub-Nigel	143/9	143/9
Western Holdings	18/6	19/-
MISCELLANEOUS		
Great Western Rly.	40¾	41
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	15/-	15/-
London, Midland & Scot.	15¼	15½
Shanghai Elec. Const.	13/9	13/9
S'hai Waterworks "A"	15	15
Shell Transport & Trad.	56/10½	55/7½

U.S. Commodities

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

New York, Sept. 17.

The cotton market today early eased on hedging and liquidation, with initial quotations ruling from 5 to 7 points down. Later, prices rallied on trade, New Orleans and Wall Street buying and reports that the Farm Bloc has prepared an amendment to the Price Control Bill taking powers to fix prices for agricultural products from Mr. Henderson's hands. The advance, however, attracted profit taking and Southern selling, but the market closed steady with gains ranging from 16 to 21 points.

Trading in the market for raw rubber futures today was again a quiet and featureless affair, with not much interest displayed. At the close, quotations ranged from unchanged to 5 points down.

Wheat futures in Chicago today opened in a listless manner, with trading of a professional character, but the improvement of cotton counteracted inactivity in mill circles and liberal supplies from the North-West, with new arrivals rather substantial. At the final bell, losses of ⅜ to a ½ cent were recorded.

N. Y. Cotton			N. Y. Rubber		
Oct.	17.73-73	+17	Dec.	22.35-45 B/A	—05
Dec.	17.92-92	+16	Mar.	22.20-30 B/A	unc.
Jan.	17.97 N	+16			
Mar.	18.09-10	+18			
May	18.24-24	+20			
July	18.31-35	+21			

N.Y. Sugar No. 3			N. Y. Sugar No. 4		
Jan.	2.79-80 B/A	+2	Dec.	2.11½-12 B/A	unc.
Mar.	2.76-77 B/A	—1	Mar.	2.08 -08½ B/A	unc.
			May	2.07½-08 B/A	—½

Chicago Wheat			Chicago Corn		
Dec.	121½-121⅜	—⅜	Dec.	82¾-82¾	—½
May	125½-125⅜	—½	May	87⅛-87¾	—⅝

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

London, Sept. 17.

London Rubber: Spot buyers 13 11/16 unc; sellers 13 13/16 unc. Oct. del. buyers 13 11/16 unc; sellers 13 13/16 unc.
London Tin: Standard, cash buyers £256½ —¼; sellers £256¾—¼; 3 mths del. buyers £259½ unc; sellers £259¾ —¼.—Reuter.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Cotton yn. 20's. D.H. p.b. Cash	$1,739
Tungchow cotton .. per picul	360
Shanghai cotton ... per picul	310
Raw silk, Steamfil. 20/22 78% picul	$7,500 Nom.

Alleged Presence Of Germans in Dakar Denied

Vichy, Sept. 17.

The alleged presence of Germans in Dakar was categorically denied by Governor-General Pierre Boisson of French West Africa, while the Communist activities in France were outlined by Home Minister Pierre Pucheu, when they both delivered speeches here today following a luncheon given to departmental delegates of the Secretariat of Propaganda.

Referring to allegations regarding the presence of Germans in Dakar, Governor-General Boisson said:

"I tell you that there was never a single German in Dakar with the exception of two who came immediately after the armistice to look for their interned fellow-countrymen".

"Since that time, we have had no contact at all with the Germans," he added.

White Flag Not Ignored

The Governor-General also denied the report that at the time of the Dakar incident he had ordered his troops to fire against de Gaullist truce-bearers carrying white flags.

After the Governor-General had spoken, Home Minister Pierre Puchen attacked the Communist activities in France.

"There is in occupied France," he said, "a small group of Moscow agents. Moscow instructed them to cause sufficient disturbance to provoke incidents everywhere, and ordered them to foment a permanent uprising so as to alleviate the actions of the Soviet Armies."

"We have great hope to be able to protect the French population against the consequences of this agitation ordered by a foreign power," the Home Minister added. "We have no right to allow the safety of our fellow-countrymen to be jeopardized, and that is why we are determined to repress the action of the Communist Party."—Havas Telemondial.

Leningrad Replies to London Greetings

Leningrad, Sept. 17.

The reply of the Leningrad citizens to the greetings of London residents, transmitted some days ago by the British Broadcasting Company was read yesterday at the radio meeting in Leningrad.

"We cordially thank you dear friends for the greetings, state the Leningrad citizens in their reply. We admire the exploits of your daring, sailors and soldiers courageously fighting our common enemy, Nazi Germany. Let us in the west and east exact severe vengeance on the enemy for innocently-shed blood, for the raids on London, Coventry, Liverpool, Moscow, Warsaw, Leningrad and Kiev and by united efforts of the British and Soviet peoples to defeat and destroy the sanguinary Hitlerite tyranny. All the defenders of Leningrad courageously and resolutely fight the Fascist hordes. Your friendly voice in the hour of battle inspires us with fresh strength. Long live the militant friendship of the British and Soviet soldiers, pilots and sailors and all the citizens of Great Britain and the Soviet Union."—Tass.

Japan Said Violating Fishery Accord

Washington, Sept. 18.

Senator Mon C. Wallgren, Democrat of Washington, yesterday said that Japan was violating an agreement with the United States by sending boats into Alaskan waters restricted to use by American fishermen.

Senator Wallgren, in a letter to the State Department, protested against the alleged violation and enclosed photographs of Japanese vessels. He said the pictures were taken on the spot.

The Senator said that "reliable evidence shows the boats entered the restricted waters during the summer months."

The Japanese vessels, he said, were at a point between the Pribiloff islands and Kuskokwin Bay. Japanese fishermen fished from small boats based on a larger boat.

"Alaskan fisheries are worth more than all the gold ever taken from Alaska," Senator Wallgren's letter said. "The Japanese probably need fish for their armies."—United Press.

Emperor Hirohito Sends Condolence to F.D.R.

Tokyo, Sept. 18.

Announcement was made here today that Emperor Hirohito yesterday sent a telegraphic message of condolence to President Roosevelt on the death on September 7 of Mrs. Sara Delano Roosevelt, mother of the President.

It also was announced that His Majesty this morning cabled a message of felicitation to President Pedro Aguirre Cerda, on the occasion of Chile's Independence Day.

Meanwhile, the new Mexican Minister, Maj.-Gen. Jose Luis Amezcua, at 10 o'clock this morning presented his credentials to the Emperor. Maj.-Gen. Amezcua, who was accompanied by Madame Amezcua, was later received in audience by the Empress.—Domei.

New Synthetic Rubber Said Resisting Freezing

New York, Sept. 17.

A new synthetic rubber that resists freezing even at 70 degrees below zero has been developed, and is expected to prove valuable for de-icers on aeroplane wings.

It is also expected to be used in both aircraft and tank engines since it does not harden or become brittle.—Reuter.

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER (EXTREME-ORIENT) S.A.
(Affiliated to the Société Générale de Belgique)
Capital B. Frs. 30,000,000
Reserves B. Frs. 3,000,000
Head Office: SHANGHAI
Branches:
HONGKONG
TIENTSIN, HANKOW

SWAN, CULBERTSON & FRITZ
INVESTMENT BANKERS AND BROKERS
Members of:
New York Cotton Exchange — Commodity Exchange, Inc., New York
Chicago Board of Trade — Canadian Commodity Exch., Montreal
Winnipeg Grain Exchange — New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange
New York Produce Exchange — New York Cocoa Exchange, Inc.
Manila Stock Exchange — Hongkong Sharebrokers Association
SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, MANILA AND BUENOS AIRES
Cable Address: SWANSTOCK

S. E. LEVY & CO.
SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, MANILA
Members of:
New York Cotton Exchange — Canadian Commodity Exchange, Inc.
Chicago Board of Trade — Manila Stock Exchange
New York Coffee Sugar Exchange — Hongkong Sharebrokers Association
Commodity Exchange, Inc., N.Y. — Malayan Sharebrokers Association

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation
INCORPORATED IN THE COLONY OF HONGKONG.
THE LIABILITY OF MEMBERS IS LIMITED TO THE EXTENT AND IN MANNER PRESCRIBED BY ORDINANCE NO. 6 OF 1929 OF THE COLONY.
Authorised Capital .. HK$50,000,000
Issued and Fully Paid-up .. HK$20,000,000
Reserve Funds { Sterling .. £6,500,000 ; Hongkong .. HK$10,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors .. HK$20,000,000
Board of Directors:
Hon. Mr. J. J. PATERSON, *Chairman*; W. H. LOCK, Esq., *Deputy Chairman*; J. K. BOUSFIELD, Esq., A. H. COMPTON, Esq., L. J. DAVIES, Esq., Hon. Mr. S. H. DODWELL, G. MISKIN, Esq., K. S. MORRISON, Esq., Hon. Mr. T. E. PEARCE, Hon. Mr. A. L. SHIELDS.
Chief Manager: Hon. SIR VANDELEUR M. GRAYBURN.
Head Office: HONGKONG
Branches in London, New York, San Francisco and the Principal Cities of the Far East
Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Savings Bank Dept. *Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.*
A. S. HENCHMAN *Manager.*

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)
Head Office: London — Shanghai Office: 4 The Bund
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .. £1,800,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL .. 1,050,000
RESERVE FUND .. 1,075,000
Branches throughout India, Ceylon, Malaya and in Hongkong and Mauritius. Agencies in all principal countries of the world.
Interest allowed on Local Currency Current Accounts @ 2% per annum.
Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts opened in sterling and other foreign currencies as well as in local currency. Banking and exchange business of every description transacted. Trusteeships and executorships undertaken.
J. R. HUXTER, *Manager.*

INSURANCE
AMERICAN FOREIGN INSURANCE ASSOCIATION AFIA
Joint Branch of Sixteen Leading Companies
Main Office for China — JAMES NICHOLS
51 CANTON ROAD — Manager for China

HOUSE CLEANING
Floor Polishing and Disinfecting
FUMIGATING
TELEPHONE 12156
FESCO
Far Eastern Sanitary Co.

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED
(Established 1880)
CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y100,000,000
RESERVE FUND Y144,650,000
Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
Shanghai Branch: 24 THE BUND
Branches
Alexandria, Bangkok, Batavia, Berlin, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Chanhaikow, Dairen, Hamburg, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Hsinking, Karachi, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Manila, Moji, Mukden, Nagasaki, Nagoya, New York, Osaka, Otaru, Paris, Peking, Rangoon, Rio de Janeiro, Samarang, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sydney, Tokyo, Tokyo (Marunouchi), Tsingtao, Yinkow, Tientsin
G. KISHINAMI, *Manager.*

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY
(Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij, N.V. Batavia)
BANKERS ESTABLISHED BY ROYAL CHARTER 1824
Head Office: BATAVIA
SHANGHAI OFFICE:
Sassoon House, 20 The Bund
34 Branches in the Netherlands East Indies, the Straits Settlements, India, Burma, China, Japan and Arabia. Correspondents in all principal towns of the world.
BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TRANSACTED
C. J. SCHAAP, *Manager.*

FROM DAY TO DAY

POLISH girls between twelve and eighteen in Poznan have been ordered to register for forced labour in the city.

THE administrative offices, accounting and advertising departments of the Asia Theatres, Inc., are now situated at the Majestic Theatre Building, 72 McBain Road, tel. 34260.

BY courtesy of the Free French the Allied Federation will hold its regular weekly broadcast over station XMHA today at 9.45 p.m. The speaker wil be the Czech representative.

TODAY's programmes over station XGDN include Alfred Morley's excellent weekly commentary on the current news at 9.20 p.m., and Frank Barry's entertaining Bee-Quiz at 9.30 p.m.

IN future all fire watchers and fire-bomb fighters will be known as The Fire Guard it was stated by Miss Ellen Wilkinson, Joint Parliamentary Secretary of the Ministry of Home Security.

SEVEN-DAY memorial services are being held at the Kulin Temple in Nanking for Japanese and Chinese servicemen and civilians, who died in the "China Incident," the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports.

IT was announced on Wednesday that Mr. Hsu Sung-kao was appointed Secretary-General of the Examination Yuan of the Chinese National Government, according to the "Sin Wan Pao."

HIS many friends will be interested to learn that Sergeant Jack Sheridan, who is in the Australian Forces and had been reported missing in the Greek campaign, is now a prisoner of war in Germany.

COLONEL Harushige Iwasaki, Chief of the Japanese Army Press Bureau at Nanking, who arrived in Shanghai on Tuesday for a short stay, was due to return to Nanking yesterday, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports.

MR. Juji Hikaruichi has been chosen as manager of the Nippon Club in Wuhu, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports. It was recalled that the club was established at the end of last year and now has a membership of 160 Japanese and thirteen Chinese.

OVER twenty priests, including a French Catholic Father, were killed when a French Catholic Church at Fuwen, a city which lies to the south of Tingan, on Hainan Island, was burnt by Japanese troops on August 27, states a belated Shiukwan message to the "Sin Wan Pao."

FRENCH Concession authorities in Hankow have granted free passage through the French Concession in Hankow of police forces of the Hankow Special Municipality in accordance with an agreement reached between the French and Special Municipality authorities, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports.

THE National Famine Relief Commission of the Chinese National Government has voted a total of $400,000 for the relief of countless refugees and destitute in the reoccupied towns of Futsing, Changlo and Lienkiang as well as in Foochow, where appalling famine conditions exist, writes the "Shun Pao."

THE Shanghai Orphanage, at 511 Dalny Road, in Yangtzepoo, has organized its own band composed of youngsters with musical aspirations, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports. According to the paper the Orphanage authorities will seek to develop musical talent possessed by some of the inmates of the institution.

IN observance of Aviation Day, tomorrow, 300 youths of the Japanese middle, commercial and business schools in Shanghai will make a tour to the Tazang Aerodrome where they will inspect aviation facilities, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports. The tour is being sponsored by the Japanese Army, the China Aviation and Dai Nippon Companies, and Japanese school authorities.

LIEUT.-COL. Kunio Akiyama, Chief of the local Japanese Army Press Bureau, gave a lecture last night at the Young Men's Association, in commemoration of the tenth anniversary of the outbreak of the Manchurian Incident. The meeting was held under the joint auspices of the Manchurian Trade Delegation and the South Manchuria Railway Company. Mr. Takoo Ito, manager of the Shanghai branch of the S.M.R. also spoke, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports.

THE practice of sending water from Loch Katrine to London, 440 miles by rail, for use in breaking down whisky is to be suspended for the duration of the war. This was announced in the House of Commons on July 16 by Lt.-Col. Llewellin, Parliamentary Secretary Ministry of War Transport. The custom of using water from Scotland is an old one. Many firms have been in the habit of sending their whisky to London at full strength, and there reducing it to 30 under proof. Distillers prefer to use water from Loch Katrine rather than the hard London water.

A BRITISH supplementary estimate recently includes £9,750 for Mr. Lyttelton as Minister of State. This represents salary for the rest of the financial year at the rate of £5,000 a year and expenses at the rate of £8,000 a year to March 31 next. Mr. Lyttelton was appointed Minister of State on July 1, and represents the War Cabinet, of which he is a member, in the Middle East. The salaries of the Minister of War Transport, Lord Leathers, and his two joint Parliamentary Secretaries, Sir Arthur Salter and Col. J. J. Llewellin, have been fixed at £5,000 and £1,500 a year each, respectively.

COLONEL Charles Willoughby Moke Norrie, recently promoted Major-General, soldiered in the 11th Hussars ("The Cherry-pickers"), and later commanded the 10th Hussars, known in many social parties as "The Tenth Don't Dance." He was with the 11th Hussars when they became with the 12th Royal Lancers the first mechanised cavalry unit thirteen years ago. Then the fate of these two famous cavalry regiments was bemoaned, because of the loss of their horses, the famous black, grey, bay and chestnut squadrons. Now all the Cavalry of the Line are horseless, except the Scots Greys and the "Royals."

THE sunniest day of the century in London was Sunday, July 6, when the sunshine recorded lasted 15 hours 48 minutes. For the second year in succession, the country enjoyed phenomenal summer weather. Londoners made the most of their day of record sunshine. Many said that it was the hottest day of the year. Actually it was far from being so. The thermometer on Negretti and Zambra's roof in Regent-street showed a maximum of 81.5 degrees, as compared with 91 degrees on the hottest day of the previous month—June 22. The unbroken stream of sunshine was responsible for the impression of great heat.

French Indo-China To Adhere to Japanese Pact

Tokyo, Sept. 18.

Vice-Admiral Jean Decoux, Governor-General of Indo-China, in an interview declared that French Indo-China was determined to adhere strictly to the terms and spirit of the Japan-French Indo-China pact, and will not tolerate any Chinese actions which might injure French Indo-China's interests, the "Nichi-Nichi" reported today from Saigon.

Asked by a "Nichi-Nichi" correspondent what French Indo-China would do in the event the ABCD line-up took hostile steps, Vice-Admiral Decoux was said to have replied, "Suitable counter-measures will be taken, but only upon instructions from Vichy." He added that the ABCD camp has not shown "any specific acts of hostility" within the past several months.

Regarding the Japanese-French Indo-China trade agreements the "Nichi-Nichi" said that Vice-Admiral Decoux stated, "The true evaluation of the trade agreement will be possible when the inflow of Japanese goods needed by Indo-China becomes smoother and the agreement is carried out fully."

To a question of whether the French Indo-China Government contemplates transferring the capital from Hanoi to Saigon in order to facilitate future Japanese-French Indo-China negotiations, Governor-General Decoux stated that the French Indo-China Government-General considers the present capital satisfactory.

Friendly Messages

In order to promote closer liaison and co-operation between Japan and French Indo-China, the Japan Chamber of Commerce and Industry, at a meeting of its board of directors yesterday, decided to send identical messages of friendship to the Chambers of Commerce and Industry at Saigon, Hanoi, and Haiphong.—Domei.

Japan Said Defending Asiatics Against Whites

Tokyo, Sept. 18.

Writing in the "Japan Times and Advertiser," Major Kametaro Tominaga, of the War Ministry's Press Bureau, seized the observation of the tenth anniversary of the outbreak of the Manchurian Incident to emphasize that Japan's "long and heroic struggle against the white Powers" was in defence of the common interests and rights of all the Asiatic peoples.

Major Tominaga reviewed events leading up to the Manchurian Incident and the present developments in the Far East, accusing foreign Powers of "each and all scrambling for its aggression share."

Major Tominaga declared that England's casting off of the Anglo-Japanese alliance and the subsequent Nine-Power and Four-Power Washington and London treaties were all "advantageously framed for the maintenance of the *status quo*." He added, "it was concerted action among the white Powers to check the ever growing potentiality of Japan."

"Racial Wars"

Asserting that they had cleverly switched China's anti-British and anti-American sentiment into and anti-Japanese feeling, Major Tominaga said that Gen. Chiang Kai-shek failed to notice the consequence of "playing with fire" to join them.

Turning his attention to the Manchurian and China Incidents, Major Tominaga said that one distinct ideology—the fact that they were racial wars—ran through both. "Japan has been fighting for years, as a leader of the Oriental races, a war of emancipation against aggression and oppression, and is resolved to carry it to the finish."

Leading up to the ABCD encirclement, he emphasized that Japan's aims and purposes in the Pacific were friendly, and declared that should any Power or Powers force the Dutch East Indies to refuse Japan's "legitimate demand," and stop sending materials that "have a grave bearing on Japan's life and death question, it will be time for us Japanese to show them the folly of their manœuvring."—Domei.

Tokyo, Sept. 18.

On the occasion of the tenth anniversary of the Manchurian incident outbreak, the "Asahi" today charged anti-Axis nations were endeavouring to prolong the China Affair by assisting Chungking and thereby deliberately retarding peace in East Asia.

"By forming an encirclement front," said the "Asahi," "They are seeking to intimidate us."

Asserting that although Japan is facing a greater crisis than any since her withdrawal from the League of Nations, the "Asahi" said "success of Manchoukuo, despite all interference, pressure and threats, should strengthen our resolution to go forward in spite of all obstacles.

The "Kokumin," urging the necessity of fresh recognition of causes leading to the Mukden and China Affair incidents, said that "We must brush up our fighting spirit in meeting the present situation in order to remove the cause of future difficulties and trouble."—United Press.

Mr. Fadden Warns Against Complacency

Canberra, Sept. 18.

Uttering a warning against complacency that the main war stream might remain diverted from Australia for weeks and even months but that the diversion could only be temporary, Mr. A. W. Fadden, the Prime Minister, said yesterday the Commonwealth Government regarded it as of the highest importance that Imperial and American policies in the Far East be co-ordinated.

"I do not regard the situation as having changed in essentials last month," he said, "we must remain ready for some sudden turn of the war to impel us to active self-defence near our own coast-line."

Australia had formally invited Mr. A. Duff-Cooper to visit the Commonwealth as soon as possible after he had established his headquarters at Singapore, Mr. Fadden revealed.—Reuter.

First Woman Lawyer in Japan Makes Success

Tokyo, Sept. 18.

A large number of Tokyo's best criminal barristers crowded the Tokyo District Criminal Court yesterday afternoon. The reason was the attractive Miss Aiko Kume, the first woman lawyer ever to appear in any criminal court in Japan.

A stirring 40 minutes appeal on behalf of a female client, accused of attempted homicide, brought nods of approval from hardheaded male lawyers.

Metropolitan newspapers reporting on the trial this morning unanimously agreed that Miss Kume's first appearance was an "unqualified success."—Domei.

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

THE "V" MOVEMENT IS ON

FOR YOUR VACATION VISIT VICTORIA, VANCOUVER

CANADA'S EVERGREEN PLAYGROUND

For further information apply to:

Canadian Pacific

WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM

27 The Bund. Shanghai Tel. 19490

TRAVEL PER K. P. M. LINE to AUSTRALIA NEW ZEALAND SOUTH AFRICA

For further information please apply to:

Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V.

133 Szechuen Road Telephone 16247

GLEN & SHIRE LINES

Sailings to and from THE UNITED KINGDOM

For details of freights and passage apply to:

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

Agents

27 The Bund Telephone 15290

BARBER-WILHELMSEN

Express Service

Shanghai—34 DAYS—New York

To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal

SAILINGS ON APPLICATION

For Freight and Passage Rates apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

17 Canton Road Telephone 11369

SHIPPING NEWS

Arriving in Port from Takao by way of Keelung was the **Hukuken Maru**, T.K.K. Line. The vessel will sail on her return trip tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

* * *

The **Ramona**, under the Panamanian flag, sailed on her return trip to Hongay from Roosevelt Terminal Buoys 1 and 2 yesterday afternoon. She is operated by Raymond and Company.

* * *

The **Tsingtao Maru**, D.K.K. Line, is due in Shanghai sometime this afternoon bringing with her a considerable amount of cargo and the next northern mail for discharge in addition to a large number of passengers. She will dock alongside the Whangpoo Wharf.

* * *

A big freighter was due to arrive in Shanghai yesterday from Seattle, without any stop en route. Another vessel which was due in port yesterday was the **Sungshan Maru**, T.K.K. Line. She sailed from Amoy and Keelung bringing with her considerable cargo for Shanghai.

* * *

After having been held up by typhoonic weather, the fast Panamanian freighter, **Herleik**, entered port yesterday. She is under charter of the K.M.A. and will proceed to unload over 3,500 tons of Hongay coal which she brought by way of Campha Port.

* * *

The Panamanian freighter, **Capella**, which was to arrive in Shanghai last Monday, will not reach port until tomorrow morning, having been held up by inclement weather in the South China Sea. She comes from Port Courbet bringing with her 2,700 tons of coal. The vessel is operated by Tung Cheng and Company, Ltd.

* * *

The big French vessel, **Laconte de Lisle**, M.M. Line, is expected to arrive in Shanghai tomorrow morning from Saigon by way of Manila, tying up at lower buoys 11 and 12. She brings with 1,000 tons of maize, 352 tons of general cargo, 710,000 feet of lumber and 228 passengers, including some 191 Japanese evacuees from the Philippines.

Vessels Sailing

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

SOUTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA PORTS. INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

J.C.J.L. 3 SAILINGS MONTHLY TO AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA and NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES PORTS.—For Freight and Passage please apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap, Shanghai N. V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Telephone. 16247.

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Tsengyuan	Tsingtao	Showa S.
Myogi M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Marion	Tsingtao	T.K.K.
West Cusseta	U.S.A.	Everett
Shanghai M.	Japan	T.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Taisunhong	Fr.	H.G. & R.
Hoten M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Tilda	Fin.	K.M.A.
Kindia	Fr.	M.M.
Sanko M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Ramona	Pana.	Raymond

The **Shanghai Maru**, T.K.K. Line, will sail on her return trip to Nagasaki tomorrow morning at 8.30 o'clock. The vessel arrived yesterday with a considerable cargo and a number of passengers. She also brought a large consignment of mail for local discharge.

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER SAILINGS

TO UNITED STATES

A Ship sailing last week in September
A Ship sailing first week in October
A ship sailing last week in October

TO PHILIPPINES AND STRAITS SETTLEMENTS

A ship sailing last week in September
A Ship sailing last week in October.

For further particulars apply to American President Lines' Office.

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES

Round World Services

31 CANTON ROAD Tel. 15309

P. & O. B. I. E. & A.

For Sailings to Japan, Hongkong, Australia, Calcutta, Bombay, Straits and United Kingdom.

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route and the route and all sailings are subject to cancellation, change or deviation with or without notice.

For particulars apply to the Agents:

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

27 THE BUND Telephone 11428

V BURNS PHILP LINE

mv. NEPTUNA

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE TO AUSTRALIA

for Madang, Salamaua, Rabaul, Sydney and Melbourne.

Passenger and Freight Agents:—

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.

100 Jinkee Road, Shanghai Telephone 16940 V

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Regular Service to United Kingdom Ports

Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd.

Regular Service to Australia from Hongkong.

China Navigation Co., Ltd.

Regular Service to North and South China Ports, Hongkong, Manila, Siam, Indo China, Straits Settlements, Territory of New Guinea, Solomon Islands.

For further particulars, freight and passage rates, please apply to:

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

21-23 French Bund Agents Telephone 82020

PRINCE LINE and SILVER LINE

all Vessels have Accommodation for a Limited Number of FIRST-CLASS PASSENGERS.

Silver Line Vessels have Refrigerated Space.

Arrivals and Departures on Application to Agents

PRINCE LINE — Apply to Jardine Matheson & Co., Limited

SILVER LINE — Apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V.

THE SHANGHAI DIRECTORY

(July Edition of The China Hong List)

A Valuable Work of Reference

The Shanghai Directory, published in July each year, is the local half-yearly edition of The China Hong List. A volume of nearly 700 pages, it contains a full list of foreign business houses and their staffs, and many important Chinese establishments in the city, together with a full alphabetical list of foreign and Chinese employees therein; the personnel of the Municipal Councils, Diplomatic and Consular Corps, Missions, Educational Establishments and Churches, and over 200 Associations and Social and Athletic Clubs; also a full list of the various streets and their occupants, with a residential section giving the names of foreign and many Chinese residents.

An important feature of the work—and a very valuable one—is the Agents and Trade Directory, wherein is listed the local agents of about 3,500 important manufacturers, steamship companies, insurance agents, etc., and a classified list of trades and professions.

PRICE $25

On sale at the offices of the

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.

17 The Bund, Shanghai

Unfurnished Apartments

HENRY: three and two roomed apartments, every comfort. Asia Land Co., 778 Bubbling Well. -3694

CONCESSION: Luxurious seven-roomed apartment, all comforts. Lift. Immediately. Asia Land Co., 778 Bubbling Well. -3694

CONCESSION: 2½ rooms, lift, garage, $375. Two rooms, central heating, $250. Asia Land Co., 778 Bubbling Well. -3694

THREE/four-roomed apartment. Modern conveniences. Quiet location. Concession. No key-money. Shanghai Realty Co., 110/32 Szechuen Road. -3514

HUNGJAO. Small self-contained flat to let, unfurnished, Rubicon Road, near Golf Club. Apply to Bryner & Co., 18 The Bund. -3536

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before September 25 after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 1010, 1037, 1062, 1089, 1128, 1130, 1167, 1173, 1194, 1280, 1284, 1285, 1307, 1319, 1320, 1372, 1374, 1397, 1430, 1454, 1499, 1510, 1512, 1529, 1576, 1610, 1623, 1637, 1671, 1684, 1725, 1734, 1750, 1765, 1766, 1771, 1810, 1894, 1943, 1953, 1957, 1967, 2020, 2070.

Furnished Apartments

TWO roomed furnished flat use bath/kitchen, telephone, steam-heating. Rent $485. Furniture reasonable. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -3629

RECENTLY completed modern (2½ rooms) flat, with garage, for sale, including furniture, linen, cutlery, crockery, gas cooker, ice box, etc. French Concession. Telephone 20721, 8-10 a.m., 2-4 p.m. -3684

COMPLETE two roomed furnished flat, Route Doumer. Furniture and fittings for sale. Apply McMichael's Agency. -3685

SIX rooms, lift, garage. Rent $1,300. Luxurious furniture (to be taken over). Asia Land Co., 778 Bubbling Well. -3694

LUXURIOUS five roomed apartment in skyscraper, lift. Rent $750. Modern furniture (to be taken over). Asia Land Co., 778 Bubbling Well. -3694

CONCESSION: Luxurious four-roomed apartment, central heating, lift, furniture to be taken over. Asia Land Co., 778 Bubbling Well. -3694

TO LET from September 25, three furnished rooms. Bubbling Well Road US$60. Telephone 60888. -3498

FOUR roomed apartment, best residential district, French Concession. Furniture, carpets, Frigidaire, gas stove, etc., to be taken over. No brokers. Box 1895, NCDN. -3356

Clothing and Fabrics

BEDSHEETS, best imported grades, in all sizes. Table cloths, napkins and household linen in best European pure linen quality. Box 1927 NCDN. -3182

Offices, Shops, Godowns

FIRST-CLASS office about 400 square feet, centre Szechuen/Nanking, modern building, to let. Telephone 79611. -3671

SHOPS, best location Bubbling Well, moderate terms. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -3629

BIG garage, also suitable for storing, Magniny district. Box 2212, NCDN. -3687

Medical

Dr. J. KASSOFF M.D.
(New York and Berlin Clinics)
Specialist in
Urology and Skin Diseases
HAMILTON HOUSE, Office 218
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 537 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

THE SUN

Oldest Insurance Office in the World

Head Office: 63 Threadneedle Street, London

Far Eastern Branch: 1 The Bund

Telephone 15075

Educational

WANTED foreign lady piano teacher for two Japanese children twice a week at their home in French Concession. Please apply 650/102 Szechuen Road. -3697

FOREIGNER wants Shanghai dialect conversation lessons from young Chinese lady or gentleman or would exchange English for Chinese. Box 2220, NCDN. -3669

FOREIGN Y Radio Operators Class starting Wednesday, September 24. Apply Educational Office, telephone 92250. -1379

PIANO lessons. Chord system. Easy method for adults. A-1 references. $40 monthly, twice weekly. Telephone 74393. -3618

MISS Adlam highly recommends Pekinese Chinese teacher. Kindly telephone her after 6 p.m. 20895. -3419

HIGHLY-EDUCATED young lady, graduated Paris Conservatory, gives piano and French lessons at pupils' home, best references. Post Office Box 4006. -3460

FRENCH lessons by lady teacher. Reasonable charges. Telephone 73214. 10-12, except Tuesday and Friday. -3518

FIGUEIREDO'S School, Shorthand typewriting. English. Crystal-clear explanations. 54 Garden Apts., 1173/11 Bubbling Well. -1080

Rooms without Board

ROOM to let in apartment for single person. Telephone 78564. -3674

TO LET, for single person, southfacing room with private bath. Foreigners only. 51 Boissezon, Flat 3, third floor. -3602

IMMEDIATELY available, cosily-furnished room in small apartment with all conveniences. 331 Petain, Apartment W24. Apply from 10 a.m. to 7 p.m. -3649

NICELY-FURNISHED, for single person. 1021 Bubbling Well, second-floor. Telephone 36248. Board optional. -3652

SOUTHFACING furnished room, verandah in apartment. Kitchen optional. No refugees. Telephone 72093. -1396

4 Tifeng Road. Double/single room, immediate occupation with/without board. British house, reasonable. -3591

ONE room in apartment close St. George's, kitchen available, breakfast only. Box 2163, NCDN. -3563

NICE convenient rooms to let $12 per day. Bubbling Well Road, telephone 36593 from 1-3 p.m. -3590

TO LET, furnished attic bedroom and living-room with private bath and breakfast. Vicinity Columbia Country Club. Suitable for one or two bachelors. Address Box 2155, NCDN. -3547

Rooms with Board

FLAT of two large beautiful rooms, private bathroom, garden, garage, hot water, steamheating. 6 Ferguson, corner Dupleix, 10-12, 4-6. -3667

FURNISHED room, private bathroom, excellent food, 1230/50 Avenue Road. -3629

Houses and Land

WANTED to buy, modern detached house with big garden, preference Hungjao Road. Kindly give particulars to Box 2234, NCDN. -3692

OFFERING Vacant Land an attractive residential site of slightly over 1 Mow, off Ferguson, $67,500.00 per mow. Please apply personally McMichael's Agency. -1198

INVESTMENT property in the best part of central district in International Settlement, for sale. Beautiful corner lot of over 10 mow with shops and hongs. Yearly income $84,000 approximately. Low price. Address Box 2062, NCDN. -3589

SALE. Desirable lot of 4¾ mow on Great Western Road with 135 feet road frontage. Suitable for factories or any industrial purposes. Price cheap. Address Box 2013, NCDN. -3284

SALE, US$6,500, apartment Avenue Joffre: four flats, two rooms each, bath, kitchen, etc. Income $1,000 nett monthly. Box 2055, NCDN. -3585

FOR SALE, one mow residential district, near American School. Price reasonable. Write Post Office Box 4014. -3538

FOR SALE, newly constructed small foreign residence in best part of French Concession. Immediate occupation. For further particulars please apply Box 2157, NCDN. -1346

HOUSES and land, situated in the western district of Shanghai and Hungjao; if for sale, please write full particulars to The E-W Property Department, 54 Great Western Road, Ground Floor. Telephone 22272. -3000

Unfurnished Houses

LARGE eight roomed residence house. Arcola heater. Boxes, garage, garden. Quiet location. Immediate occupation. $600 monthly. Premium $20,000. Apply Box 2230, NCDN. -3400

More Classified Ads. Overleaf

THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

Classified Advertisement Order Form

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Signature and Address .....
(not for publication)

.....

One insertion ... per word 30 cts.
Three insertions, each, " 25 cts.
Seven or more " " 20 cts.
Minimum of 16 words each
Positions Wanted 20 cents a word for any number of insertions. Payable strictly in advance.

No. of insertions .....

Heading .....

Cash enclosed .....

TRANSFER
16
SEP 9 1943
Serial Record Division

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Cloudy and fine weather with moderate to fresh northerly to easterly winds over Shantung, our regions and the coast to the south of the Saddles. Rainy in places over the eastern sea.

	At Cathedral		At Siccawei	
Temperature yesterday	min. 66.0	max. 81.0	min. 63.5	max. 82.8
„ same date last year	min. 67.0	max. 80.0	min. 66.0	max. 81.9

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1941 (28th day of 7th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer to Hongkong on Sept. 19, 8 p.m. registered and Sept. 20, 8 a.m. ordinary. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Hongkong on Sept. 19, 8 p.m. registered and Sept. 20, 8 a.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mail close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Sept. 23, 1941.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
Single copies 30 cents
Shanghai delivery .....6 mos. $42
China, Korea and Japan ..... „ 46
Hongkong and Macao ..... „ 55
Postal Union Countries ..... „ 104

NORTH-CHINA HERALD
EVERY WEDNESDAY
Weekly Edition of the North-China Daily News
Single copies $2
Shanghai China and Japan..6 mos. $+2
Hongkong and Macao ..... „ 44
Postal Union Countries ..... „ 54

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald, Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055
Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.
To-day's Events $4 per line, including all insertions made till date of event.

BIRTH

SEQUEIRA.—On September 18, 1941, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. A. M. SEQUEIRA, a daughter. -3696

DEATHS

SLOWE.—Killed in action in Belgium, May 23, 1940. 2nd Lieut. EDWARD PATRICK SLOWE, Royal Sussex Regiment, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Slowe, of "Tabley", Wadhurst, Sussex, England. -3679

ENGLAND.—On September 18, 1941, at the General Hospital, Shanghai, after an acute and short illness, LILY, aged 66 years, the dearly-beloved wife of WALTER WILLIAM ENGLAND, O.B.E., and most loving mother of her affectionate son Corrèze Nielsen. The funeral (cremation) service will be held in the Bubbling Well Cemetery Chapel today, Friday, September 19, at 3.30 p.m. No flowers by request but donations may be sent to the British War Funds. 11384

IN MEMORIAM

In cherished memory of
JANE ANN PRENTICE
Sept. 19, 1935.—*"Peace, Perfect, Peace"* -3665

CARD

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. BARNES

P.P.C. -3677

TO-DAY'S EVENT

SEPTEMBER

19 Attacks by R.A.F. and the Fleet on Italian advance from Libya (1940)

COMING EVENTS

SEPTEMBER
20 Final Wood Trophy Match, S.C.C.
21 Final Wood Trophy Match, S.C.C.

OCTOBER
2 Royal Asiatic Society, Sowerby, lecture on Japanese Mammals, 5.30
3 B.W.A. Jumble Sale, 9.30 a.m.
9 P.T.H.O.G.A. Reunion 8A Tifeng Rd, 6
9 K.D.S. Jumble Sale, U.C. Hall, 9.30.
16 Royal Asiatic Society. Mr. Voigt, Lecture on 'A Chinese Lake.' 5.30.

NOTIFICATION No. 5545

ROAD ABANDONMENTS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, subject to protests, if any, being heard and overruled, it is proposed to abandon the scheduled extensions of the portions of Jukao Road (between Jukin and Chaoufoong Roads) and Jukin Road (between Hailar and Jukao Roads).

Protests against such abandonments should be submitted to the undersigned before September 29, 1941.

By Order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, September 18, 1941. 11395

SHANGHAI POWER CO.

It has been agreed between the Shanghai Municipal Council and the Company that with effect for consumption periods ending on or after October 1, 1941, the following revisions of charges shall be made:

(a) The basic rate of ₮0.12 per kilowatthour for residential lighting shall be reduced to ₮0.11 per kilowatthour.

(b) A fuel adjustment charge, based upon the value of the fuel consumed by the Company, shall be applied in respect of all kilowatthours consumed. For ordinary consumers, such charge will be ₮0.1358 per kilowatthour for consumption periods ending during October, 1941.

(c) A surcharge of 200% shall be applied to all of the Company's basic tariffs (including electricity rates, hired plant rentals and miscellaneous service charges). This surcharge is subject to adjustment from time to time, as may be agreed upon between the Council and the Company, of which the usual notice will be given.

A. KENDAL WARD,
Secretary and Treasurer.

September 19, 1941. 11397

NOTICE

This is to inform the public that Mr. H. Finkelgruen has removed from the premises at 1121 Bubbling Well Road.

SALON Mme GICK 11356

We believe, that no name in the automobile business tells you as much about the car that bears it as the name FORD.

GET THE FACTS AND YOU'LL GET A FORD

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
315 Avenue Foch. Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

THE INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT TRUST CO., OF CHINA, LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the International Investment Trust Co., of China, Ltd., will be held at 9 Avenue Edouard VII, Shanghai on Monday, October 13, 1941 at 11.45 a.m. for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing the following resolutions as special resolutions that is to say:—

1. That the Company be wound up voluntarily and that John Alexander Turner, C.A., and Duncan Robertson Glass, A.C.A., be hereby appointed Liquidators jointly and severally for the purpose of such winding-up
2. That the Liquidators be authorised to divide the assets or the Company among the contributories in specie or kind as well as in cash.

By Order of the Board
TURNER STURROCK and BROWN
Secretaries.

Shanghai, September 18, 1941.

CHINA REALTY COMPANY
Federal Inc., U.S.A.

OFFICE HOURS

Commencing Monday, September 22, 1941 and until further notice our office hours will be:

Weekdays 8.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.
Saturdays 8.00 a.m. to 12 Noon

CHINA REALTY COMPANY
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
W. A. ADAMS,
Manager. 11364

THE SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

24th Issue 6% 1/10/26
25th Issue 6% 1/ 1/29

THE REGISTER OF TRANSFERS OF DEBENTURES will be closed for the above Issues from September 23 to 30, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.
Agents.

Shanghai, September 15, 1941. 11319

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all claims on "XGDN (formerly XCDN) Moonlight Follies" should be presented at the offices of Station XGDN, Room 17, 1st Floor, Sassoon House, before September 26, 1941. 11390

NOTICE

THE CENTRAL RESERVE BANK OF CHINA

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Bank has this day declared to the public, circulation, in addition to the old 50-cents dark-yellow notes, of two kinds of new issue, in the same value, with the same design, but in orange-yellow and dark-red colours respectively. -3611

NOTICE

The undersigned having purchased the American Exporters at 513 Dollar Building on September 12, will not be responsible for obligations incurred before that date.

R. S. BOYD -3627

BATEMAN—KING
School of Dancing
22 Cardinal Mercier, Tel. 79301
NOW OPEN FOR REGISTRATION
9-11 a.m., 2-5 p.m. 11380

REMEMBER
the injured in Air Raids and the brave Army of Red Cross workers who tend them and
HELP TO BUY
medical equipment by giving to the Red Cross and St. John War Organisation through
The Central British War Fund (Hon. Treas. Mr. G. H. Stacey, c/o The Hongkong and Shanghai Bank)

A PESSIMIST.
One who always sees microbes in the milk of human kindness. But no one can find anything but satisfaction in protecting the family jewellery and furs by ALL RISKS insurance.
V V
C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Established 1782 Assets £30,000,000
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

NORGE
for refrigeration
COLUMBIA RADIO
British and Best
ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865 11070

HIGH QUALITY —LOW COST
and pleasingly low operating expense. The new Willys *AMERICAR*
MARK L. MOODY
Fed. Inc., U.S.A.
640 Avenue Foch.
After We Sell—WE SERVE

THE YANGTSZE FINANCE COMPANY, LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the transfer books of the Company will be closed on September 26 and 27, 1941, for the purpose as set out in a letter to Shareholders.

By Order of the Board,
TURNER, STURROCK and BROWN.
Secretaries.

9 Avenue Edouard VII,
Shanghai, September 18, 1941.

KARAGHEUSIAN CARPETS
We have pleasure in informing our clients that we have opened a new Show Room displaying Rugs and Carpets at ROOM No. 123 (First Floor) PALACE HOTEL.
Mr. H. Moroukian having severed his connection with our firm, Mr. H. M. Markarian is now in charge of our Shanghai business.
Shanghai, September 16, 1941. 11367

SYNAGOGUE
"BETH-AHARON"

The Committee regrets to announce that the above Synagogue will not be available for services during the forthcoming High Holidays due to the housing of refugees on the premises.

By kind arrangement with the Committee of the "Ohel-Rachel" Synagogue, our members will be allotted seats at their Synagogue.

N. M. NISSIM
Hon. Secretary. -3689

THE TEXAS COMPANY (CHINA) LTD.
Wishes to announce:

All night service will be discontinued at their Service Stations as from September 22, 1941, and all Stations will be closed at 8 p.m. until further notice. 11388

PHOTOGRAPHIC REPRODUCTION
The average reader will readily admit that he is far more interested in pictures than in print. Let the North-China Daily News make your blocks if you desire good reproductions.
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai, China.
Telephone 11055 Extension 5

TOLLEY'S
T.S.T.
★★★
PURE GRAPE
BRANDY
Obtainable from all Compradore Stores or direct from
The Sole Agents
CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)
44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

BRITISH RESIDENTS' ASSOCIATION OF CHINA
V *WANTED* V
BOTTLES
of all kinds, shapes and sizes
to be converted into cash for the War Funds
B. R. A. Collecting depots in all districts
(Space by courtesy of Yangtsze Insurance Association, Ltd.)

NOTICE

The following Shell Filling Stations will be closed as from to-day:

(1) Amherst Avenue/Rockhill Avenue
(2) 472 North Szechuen Road

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO. (NORTH CHINA), LTD. 11385

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, Greenwich+8 hours. (For summer time add 1 hour.)

Meteorological Reports	Sept. 17 16.00	Sept. 17 21.00	Sept. 18 4.00	Sept. 18 9.00
Barometer (inches)	29.89	29.92	29.88	29.92
at 32 F (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.02	—0.02	—0.02	—0.02
at 32 F. („ 12 hrs.)	—0.01	—0.02	—0.01	0.00
Wind (direction)	N	N	NNW	NNE
„ (miles per hour)	10.6	4.3	4.3	9.9
Temperature (Fahr.)	75.7°	68.9°	66.9°	74.1°
Humidity (per cent)	66	85	94	72
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	7	5	8	9
Rainfall (inches)	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report Sept. 17	Mean 1941	24 hrs. variation	68 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.91	—0.04	29.92
Temperature: min. 66.9° max. 84.2°	75.6°	+2.2°	72.3°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	54 00	—	36.72

Time and Tide	19/9	20/9	21/9	22/9	23/9	24/9	25/9
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.40	5.41	5.41	5.42	5.42	5.43	5.44
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.56	17.54	17.53	17.52	17.51	17.50	17.48
Moon rises at Shanghai	3.21	4.23	5.27	6.33	7.39	8.46	9.51
Moon sets at Shanghai	16.37	17.18	18.00	18.42	19.26	20.11	21.01
Flood makes Shai. (day)	9.22	10.10	10.57	11.39	11.55	12.15	12.40
Ebb. makes Shai. (day)	14.16	15.00	15.36	16.20	17.00	17.35	18.10
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	10.47	11.25	11.55	12.35	13.08	13.53	14.21
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	10.00	—	11.57	12.20	12.55	12.15	11.50

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 17th:—High and steady pressure over China: falling over Japan. Typhoon to the east of the Loochoos moving north-north-eastward: other typhoon filling up overland to the west-north-west of Hongkong. Moderate north-easterly winds along the China Coast. Fine and cloudy weather in China.

State on the morning of the 18th:—Cloudy weather. Northerly breezes. Normal and steady pressure.

TYPHOON SIGNALS

Typhoon signal: Approximate position of the center at 2 p.m. within 60 miles of latitude 28.30, longitude 134, direction north-north-east, intensity: Violent.—Siccawei Observatory.

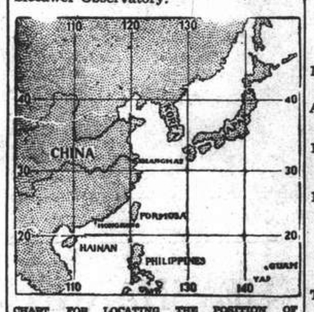


CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

FRIDAY, September 19.	Reg.	Ord.
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Hongkong and Canton	*20.00	7.30
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
SATURDAY, September 20.		
Formosa via Keelung	*20.00	8.00
Australia New Zealand Hongkong and Canton	*20.00	8.00
Shenklamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Ninghsien (Ningpo)	10.30	11.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
Tsingtao and Dairen	20.00	20.00
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	20.00	20.00
SUNDAY, September 21.		
Java Ports ax	*20.00	9.15
Ninghsien (Ningpo)	9.30	10.00
Amoy and Fukien Province via Amoy	10.00	10.00
Hunan West Hupeh Kwangtung Kwangsi Yunnan and Kweichow via Amoy	10.00	10.00
Kiangpei officers south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00

*The night before.
A Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 20th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.

Next parcel mail for U.S.A. closes on Sept. 25, 1941.

Canton-Hanoi-Saigon-Bangkok Air Mail

Air mails close on every Sunday and Wednesday at 8 p.m. for registered and ordinary for transmission per Shanghai-Canton Air Line to connect with the aeroplane leaving Canton for Hanoi on every Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and for Saigon on every Monday and Bangkok on every Friday. The air mails may also be sent per available steamer to Canton via Hongkong.

Netherlands K.L.M. Air Mail Service (Batavia-Lydda) per steamer to Singapore.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line close daily at 10.30 p.m.

Anking and Kiukiang per Shanghai Hankow Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sunday, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow; Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin Tsinan, Tungshan, Haichow, Kweiteh Kalgan, Tatung, Kweisui, Paotow, Shanhaikwan Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng. Taiyuan, Yuncheng and Linfen by the planes of the China Airways Co. close daily at 10.30 p.m. (Except Saturdays)

Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Peiping Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sunday, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Canton, Swatow and Hoihow per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sunday and Wednesday.

Daily Train Mail

Nanking only at 7 a.m. and 9.30 p.m. Entire N.S.R. and River Ports up to Ichang at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

T.P.R. north Pinghan, Lunghai and Kiaotsi Lines at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Entire S.H.N.R. including Siaoshan, Kokiao and Shaoshing daily at 1 p.m.

Sungkiang and Hangchow only at 10.30 p.m.

Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per train via Nanking and T'sin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains (for time of closing see above.)

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

I. C. Milk Fund

Waco Window Cleaning	$5
Wedding Wagowski	20
Leboschetz, Dr. Ida	3
Szamatolski, K.	10
Settlement of Differences	20
Didner, Dr. S.	5
Schick, F. H.	3
Sternfeld, F. M.	10
Katz, David M.	5

Smart Toggery for Masculine Feet
'VIYELLA' UNSHRINKABLE SOCKS
The only socks in the World sold with
A POSITIVE GUARANTEE AGAINST SHRINKAGE
IF THEY SHRINK—WE REPLACE
New Stocks Just Received in popular Self-Shades and Fancy Designs
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED immediately first-class competent lady stenotypist and secretary, British or American, with good knowledge of French and able to attend to office correspondence. Reply stating age, experience and salary required. Reply Box 2214, NCDN. -3661

LARGE foreign importer has temporary vacancy for experienced wholesale pharmaceutical assistant for special work. Must be well recommended. Either foreigner or responsible Chinese would be accepted. Reply stating nationality, previous record and salary required. Box 2228, NCDN. 11367

BRITISH worsted mill requires services of experienced foreigner with particular knowledge of twisting worsted and cotton yarn. Apply with full particulars and salary required to Box 2233, NCDN. 11392

WANTED, trained nurse for infant, elderly or middle-aged, to board. Reply to Box 2181, NCDN. giving references and stating nationality, age and salary required. 11364

EXPERIENCED proofreader required by British company. State experience. Box 2180, NCDN. 11369

WANTED, Norwegian gentleman to take charge of outport office, previous shipping experience essential. Apply stating experience. Box 2191, NCDN. -3622

WANTED, lady secretary-typist, English essential, nationality: Chinese preferable. Address Box 2165, NCDN. -3668

Business Opportunities

TO BE taken over, centre Concession, Paul Henry district, grocery shop. Equipment, fittings, refrigerator, telephone, gas-cooker; living quarters. Good running business. US$1,100. Rent $105. Box 2231, NCDN. -3690

BEAUTY parlour for sale, good position, Bubbling Well Road. Box 2203, NCDN. -3642

FOREIGN businessman having large connections in local textile market wishes contact persons with connections in Manila or Hongkong. Box 2219, NCDN. -3668

Motor Cars and Cycles

1938 model Oldsmobile sedan, just overhauled, owner-driven. US$725. No brokers. Telephone 40255. -3678

1939 Ford, 60 h.p., run only 15,000 miles, 20 m.p.g., in excellent condition. Selling cheap against cash. Telephone 62897. 11388

WANTED by private party 1940/41 Chrysler, Buick, Packard or Ford sedan. Cash payment. Reply Box 2224, NCDN. -3690

1931 Studebaker. First-class engine. Good all round condition. Will give good service. Best offer to Box 2229, NCDN. 11391

WANTED: Harley Davidson motorcycle, two-cylinder model with sidecar. Box 2210, NCDN. -3654

1934 FORD V8 perfect condition, owner-driven. Address Box 2205, NCDN. -3646

FORD coupe 4-cylinder, economical, new tyres. Excellent mechanical condition. US$300 or nearest offer. Address Box 2189, NCDN. -3617

1934 MORRIS Minor four-door sedan, owner driven, perfect condition guaranteed. 28 m.p.g., US$350. Telephone 12284, Mr. Jack, office hours. -3561

1939 Dodge de luxe, for sale. Address Box 2164, NCDN. -3564

FOR SALE, 1939 Plymouth de luxe with 6-ply tyres and radio, US$1,200 or nearest offer. Box 2154, NCDN. -3547

Wanted to Rent

WANTED, Bubbling Well Road, house, large or small. Rent or purchase. Box 2222, NCDN. -3674

WANTED to rent immediately, five roomed house in Bubbling Well district or vicinity. No key money, no brokers. Am willing pay one year's rent in advance in US currency. Reply Box 2225, NCDN. -3691

WANTED immediately, small modern furnished apartment. All conveniences. Vicinity Great Western, Tifeng, Edinburgh Roads. No key-money. Box 2226, NCDN. -3693

SCANDINAVIAN lady requires well-furnished room with bath, private home. Breakfast/dinner. French Concession. Preferably Petain district. Address Box 2237, NCDN. -3700

URGENTLY: 2/5 roomed furnished apartment for 6-12 months. Take good care of furniture. Consider paying rent in advance. Box 2202, NCDN. -3641

WANTED to rent or buy residential house, five to six rooms with garden and all modern conveniences, or to rent apartment four to five rooms with all modern conveniences, furnished or unfurnished. No brokers. Telephone 10734 during office hours. -3613

ONE or two-roomed apartments, preferably along Bubbling Well Road, with or without furniture. Willing to pay a reward. Box 2168, NCDN. 11361

DESIRE to rent, nice, small house or apartment in Hongkew. Will pay key-money. Telephone 14325. -3580

REQUIRED immediately, two or three-roomed flat, all modern conveniences, furnished or unfurnished, not further west than Settlement, St. George's, Concession, Roi Albert. Particulars to Box 1403, NCDN. -3348

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of twenty dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.80.

GOVERNESS, young foreign lady, not refugee, with knowledge English, German, seeks position. Box 2221, NCDN. -3672

BRITON over military age seeks change of employment. Sound office experience. Could assume responsibility for complete accounting system. Box 2116, NCDN. -3663

QUALIFIED lady secretary stenographer (British nationality). Reliable, speedy. Capable voluminous work. Box 1697, NCDN. -3643

MOTORCAR service department manager with 15 years experience, open for engagement. References. Box 2209, NCDN. -3554

ENGINEER, allied nationality, highly experienced in operation and production of mechanical and industrial machinery, open for engagement. Apply Box 2150, NCDN. -3540

RUSSIAN gentleman, 39, lived, studied Australia. Bookkeeper, typist, perfect English, speaks Chinese. Box 2178, NCDN. -3584

STENOGRAPHER, Chinese lady, fast and accurate, perfect English, good testimonials. Apply 8/249 Seymour Road. -3667

Miscellaneous

MAUSER bullets: the E-W brand of bullet-proof vests will stop the Mauser bullets. V stands for vest. The E-W vest is guaranteed bullet-proof. Telephone 22272. -1790

AMERICAN, British magazines, delivery anywhere. Moderate lending fees. First Shanghai Reading Circle Magazine Library, 131 Museum Road, Room 423, telephone 14640. -2481

MRS. WILLY, furs, has moved to 1155 Bubbling Well Road, Tel. 33922. Big choice of furs and fur coats. 11362

Chinese Servants

ADVERTISER strongly recommends experienced baby/child amah, available immediately. Telephone 77149. 11333

HOUSE Coolie wanted. Apply with references Box 2238 NCDN.

EXCELLENT cook, boy, coolie available October 1. Together or separately. Telephone 17803. -3655

73148. Central Employment Agency. British, Servants, specialists. Established 1930. Closed Sundays and every afternoon. -2969

ADVERTISER recommends No. 1 boy; honest, well-trained. Hotel, household experience. Address Box 2127, NCDN. 11322

COOK-BOY, can do plain English-style cooking, seeks job. Suits bachelor. Box 2187, NCDN. -3615

CAN anyone recommend good coolie, Yangtszepoo? Address Box 2179, NCDN. -3601

72782 General Trading Company. Excellent cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, office-boys, coolies. Prompt service. -3579

Personal

CHINESE gentleman would like to meet refined lady of any nationality, for companionship. Reply Box 2232, NCDN. -3691

ATTRACTIVE, sympathetic, home-loving lady (middle age), lonely, wishes to meet European gentleman, 45-55, serious, pleasant character, preferably widower with child, for friendship/matrimony. No refugees. Box 2235, NCDN. -3695

INDEPENDENT, attractive, intelligent lady desires to meet independent gentleman for companionship. Box 2140,

Lost

LOST, Delivery Order No. NG20282A issued by Commercial Express & Storage Co. for 70 bags soda ash, marked I. C. I., is hereby declared null and void. Hung Chong Sin & Co. -3686

LOST, Custom Wharf Pass, No. 425, in the name Lee Cheng Jung, September 10, 1941. Hereby declared null and void. -3656

Radios

TELEPHONE 51140: Foreign radio engineer repairs at your home. "Radio Expert", 131/438 Museum Road. -2767

WE hire, sell, buy, exchange and repair radios. Universal Radio Co., 280 Kiangse Road, Telephone 11995. 11078

RADIO phonograph G.E. make 1940, with latest dance records, perfect condition. Price US$70. Apply Box 2159, NCDN. -3555

Office Cars

WANTED lift, twice daily, Cathay Theatre/Customs, nine o'clock and twelve o'clock. Please address Box 2215, NCDN. -3662

LIFT offered from Cavendish Court to Avenue Edward VII/Bund in large car. Office hours: 8.45—12 and 2—4.30. Address Box 2199, NCDN. -3636

WANTED lift, boy 8, Cathedral School, Myburgh Road to Avenue Haig or Route Ferguson, 12.10 p.m.—4.10 p.m. daily, except Saturdays/Sundays, return 1.30 p.m. Alternatively would share this duty alternate weeks. Telephone 71066. 11372

For Sale—Miscellaneous

PHOSPHOR bronze "TonumA" 1,000 lb., soft coal 30 tons, whole or part. Offers to Box 2217, NCDN. -3664

SPECIAL offer. Beautiful new skunk jacket, $900. Apply to Box 2213, NCDN. -3660

FOR SALE, one child's cot with mattress, British make, reasonable price. Telephone 74770 between 1-3 p.m. -3692

ORIGINAL Hanovia quartz lamp, home model, perfect condition. Address Box 2206, NCDN. -3648

BLACKWOOD desk, stands, tables. Two ladies riding breeches, fur coats, one skunk jacket, gentleman's wardrobe, dog kennel. Telephone 75527. 11399

LADIES' new model hats. Orders taken. Veils, flowers, feathers, ribbons, buckles for trimming. Nice selection. Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -3673

ONE Acme 200 coal kitchen range, with large oven, complete with hot water coils; excellent condition. Price $800. Inspection 45 Tunsin Road, telephone 23580. -3696

BARGAIN: Remington standard typewriter $345. Chocky & Co., 149 Szechuen Road, Room 239. 3701

ENGLISH musical clock by John Mottram, 1780; superb antique porcelain group; oil paintings. Benesi, 1210 Avenue Joffre. -3693

ANTIQUE Viennese porcelains, silver, Copenhague porcelain, crystalware. No brokers. Box 2211, NCDN. -3657

SHIRTS correctly made to measure at reasonable prices. Autumn shirtings just unpacked. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 11118

ARTIFICIAL sunlamps Hanau, GE, etc., Sollux irradiation lamp, at reasonable prices: 124 Sassoon House. -3572

ONE British motor, Higgs, 1.6 h.p., 3-phase, double end drive. One Dutch motor, 1 h.p., 3-phase. For particulars telephone 39615. -3545

WHISKY decanters; tumblers in crystal; cocktail, soda glasses. Rare opportunity. General Magazine, 337 Haig. -3490

PERSIAN rugs, high quality, best condition, and one carpet, about 9 x 12 ft. Box 1979, NCDN. -3242

WHISKY decanters, Czechoslovakian crystalware, Meissen porcelains, Rosenthal dinner, tea sets, miniatures. 1823A Avenue Joffre, Dr. Weiss. -3327

STAMPS, old and new: Only Hermes Stamp Co. 635 Bubbling Well Road. Telephone 61540. -2224

ISOPROPYL alcohol (91 per cent), 403 U.S. gallons, for use in medicine and as solvent for varnish and lacquer. Attractive price. Apply to Post Office Box 1127. -3580

GEYSER water heater, perfect condition, $275. Address Box 2198, NCDN. -3688

4,000 lb. special chilled cast stick phosphoric bronze, two feet long at various sizes, for sale at very low price. Address Box 2200, NCDN. -3689

FOR SALE, one bedroom suite, twin beds with Simmons Slumber King and Beautyrest mattresses, chiffeurobe, lady's dressing-table, stool and two chairs. One Telefunken radio, long and short wave, 1939-1940 model. One Edison 1940 boudoir radio. One Wedgwood dinner service, one Satsuma tea and coffee service, ceiling fan, two desk fans, two Better Sight standard lamps. Also two German cameras. On view at The Cloisters, 62 Route Boissezon, Flat 7. 11366

ONE set steel-shafted golf clubs. Nine clubs de luxe model. $700. Excellent condition. Box 2172, NCDN. -3651

MAGAZINES, 25 cents each; old and new: Reader's Digest, Business Education, Gregg Writer, Business Education World, etc. Stewart, 55 Yuen Ming Yuen. 11383

REMINGTON portable typewriter, excellent condition: US$35. Stewart, 59 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. 11383

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED buy one automatic electric accounting machine. Offers to Box 2236, NCDN. -3698

BUY all kinds of secondhand furniture, as refrigerator, piano, carpets, radio, etc. Dunlentin, 795 Nanking Road, Telephone 94220. -3647

WANTED buy secondhand household furniture, carpets, suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 39965 daily, Mr. Bers. -3699

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

ALICE. 360 Rue Bourgeat, Room 2, from 2 to 10. Massage. -3490

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m., 205 Peking, lift 374 Kiangse Road, Apartment 30, second-floor. -3684

Garages

OCCUPANT 24 Rue Boissezon, seeks garage in vicinity. Reply Box 2227, NCDN. 11399

Animals

FOR SALE, attractive, thoroughbred Alsatian, male, black and fawn colour, 1½ years old, $300. Box 2223, NCDN. -3678

WANTED to buy white leghorn chicken and also chicken-house. Write Post Office Box 900. -3652

LOST, young Irish terrier, red colour. Reward. Telephone C.T. Hansen, 11117. -3630

PERSIAN kitten, real, want to buy. Offers please telephone 19226. -3688

WIRE-TERRIERS, 6 weeks old, for sale. Telephone 41597, from 2-5 p.m. ask Mrs. Powell. -3593

POULTRY for sale. Six Plymouth Rocks, one Plymouth Rock cock, six White Leghorns, all $50 each. Hens all good layers. One well-made chicken house in first-class condition, hard wood, $100. Telephone 29605. -3559

Dancing

DANCING—the social necessity Rhythm. Department. For correct tuition apply to Mme Rena, 261 Gordon Road -3701

More Classified Ads. Overleaf